

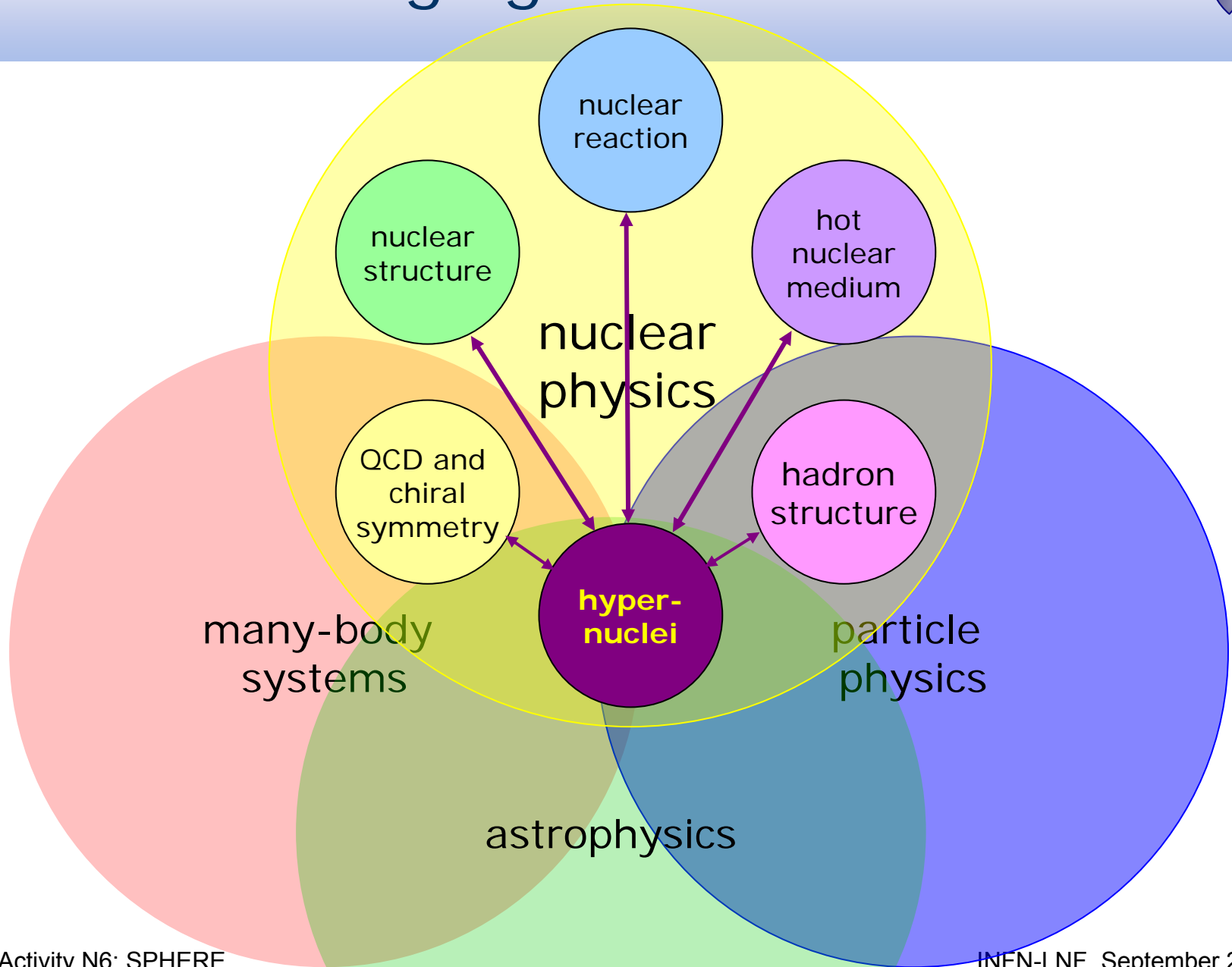


Proposal for a Network Activity N6

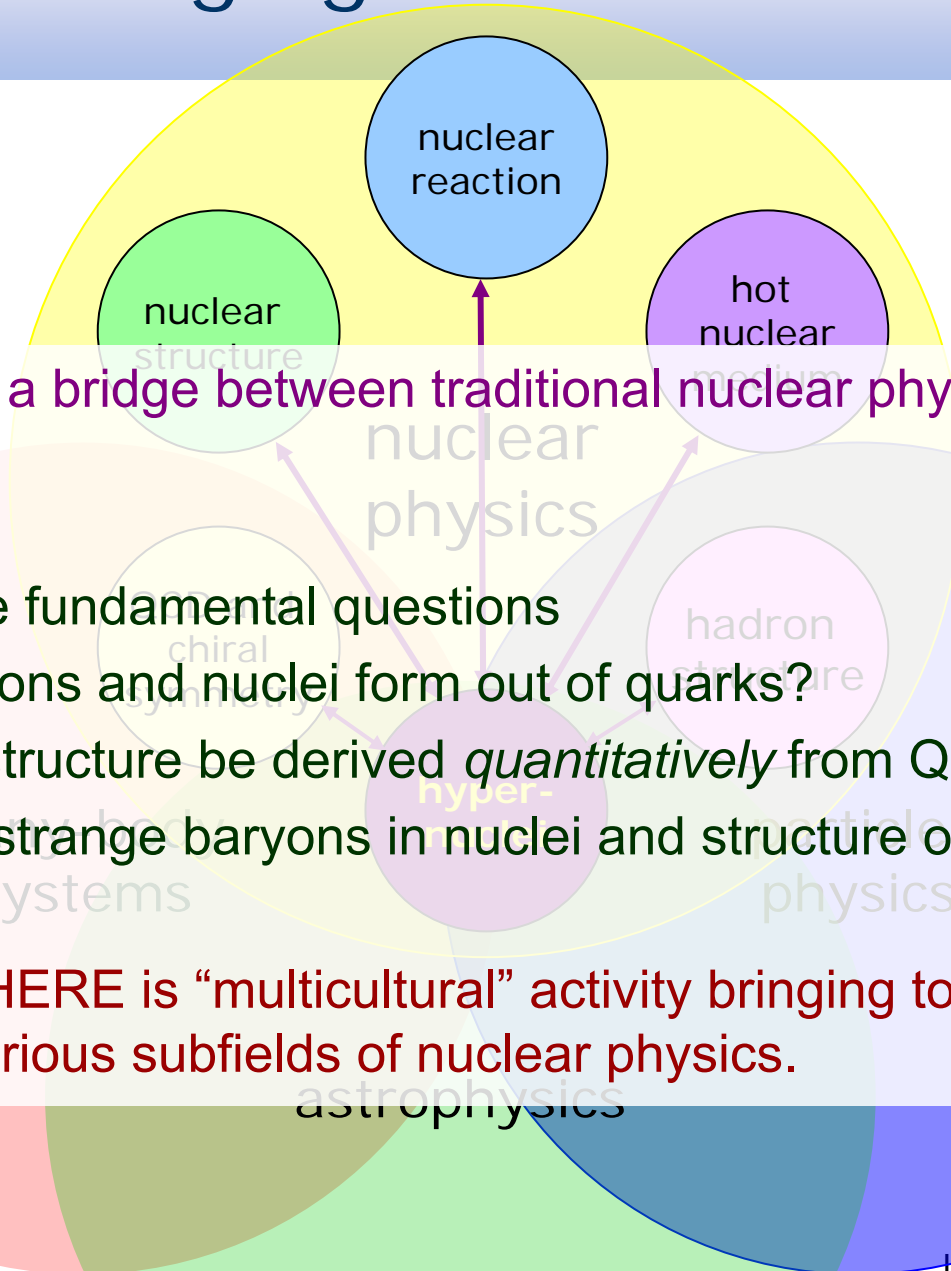
- Hypernuclei
 - Physics objectives
 - Future in Europe
- SPHERE
 - Participants
 - Tasks
 - Deliverables
 - Finances

Strange
Particles in
Hadronic
Environment
Research in
Europe

Nature of emerging structures



Nature of emerging structures



- Hypernuclei offer a bridge between traditional nuclear physics and hadron physics

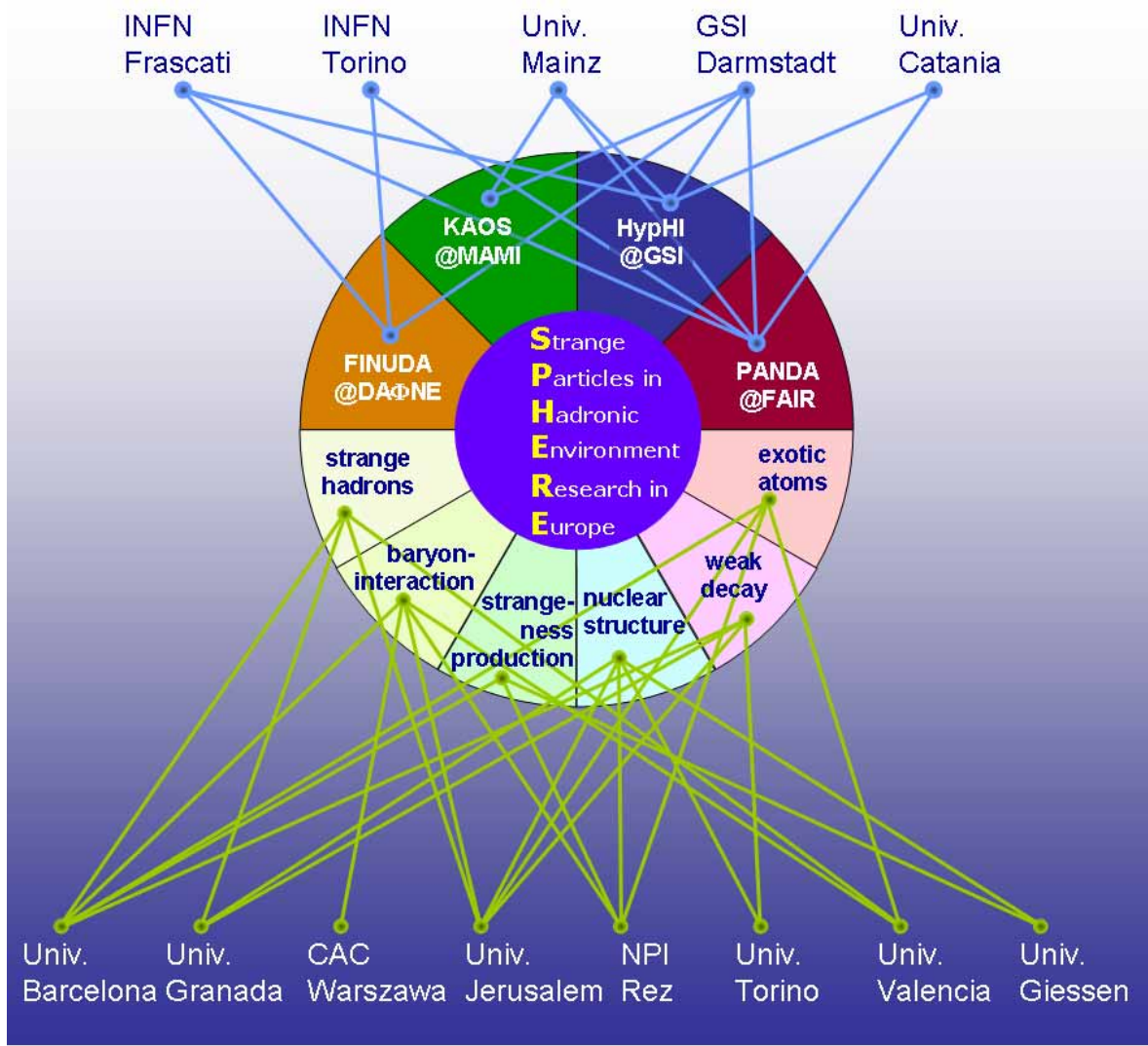
- It helps to explore fundamental questions
 - How do nucleons and nuclei form out of quarks?
 - Can nuclear structure be derived *quantitatively* from QCD?
 - Properties of strange baryons in nuclei and structure of QCD vacuum?

- The Network SPHERE is “multicultural” activity bringing together high class scientists from various subfields of nuclear physics.

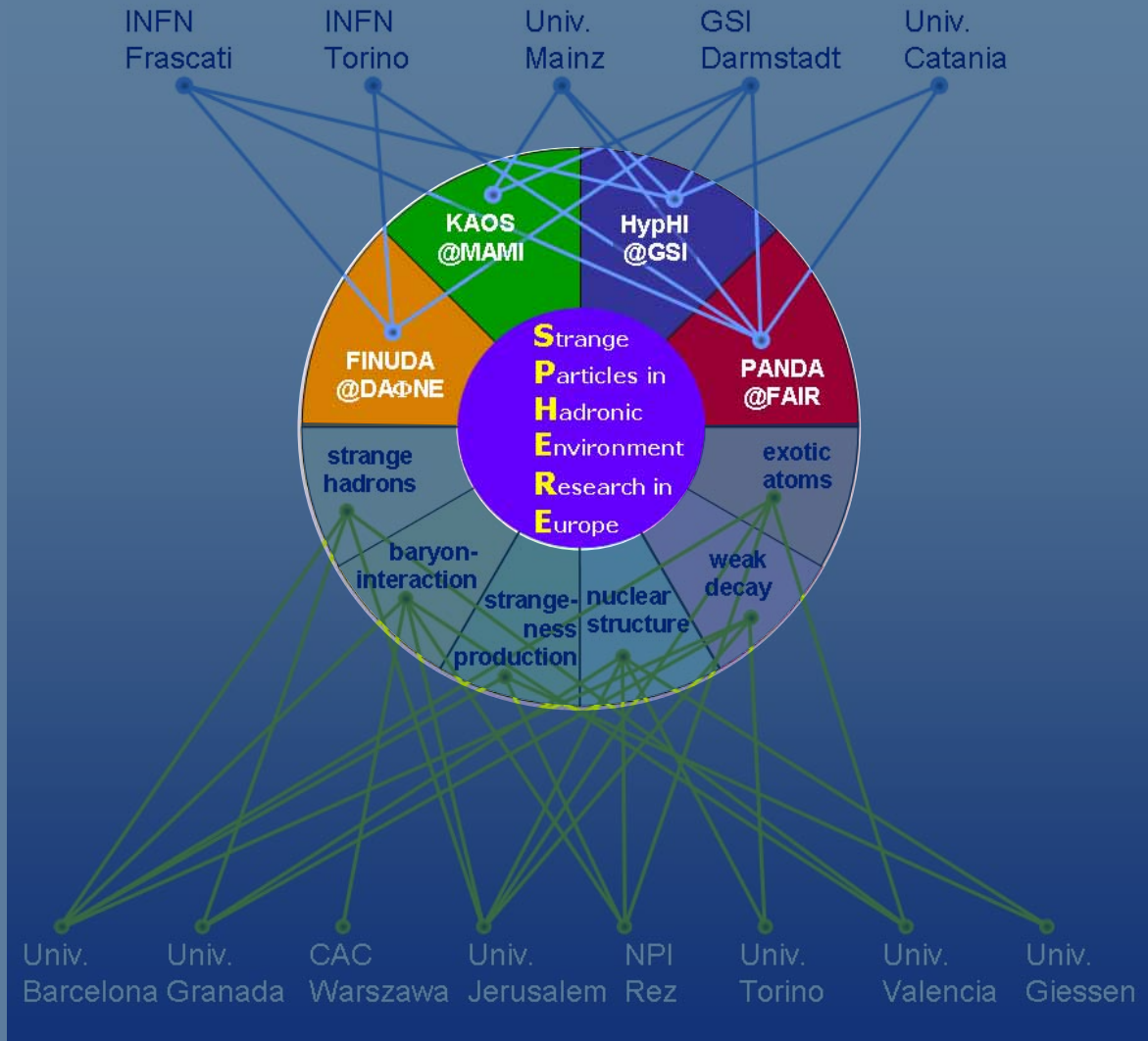
Physics of Hypernuclei

- **the (low energy) Y-N interactions**
 - the role played by quark degrees of freedom, flavour symmetry and chiral models in nuclear and hypernuclear phenomena
 - the nuclear structure, e.g. the origin of the spin-orbit interaction
 - relevance for stellar systems
- **weak decays**
 - baryon-baryon weak interactions
 - asymmetries of w.d. and the role of two-meson/ σ exchange and direct quark mechanisms
 - role of FSI and nuclear structure
- **$\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei**
 - Y-Y interaction
 - $\Lambda\Lambda K$ vertex
- **nuclear medium properties** of hyperons (Λ , Σ , Ξ)

Common interest within SPHERE



Backbone of SPHERE



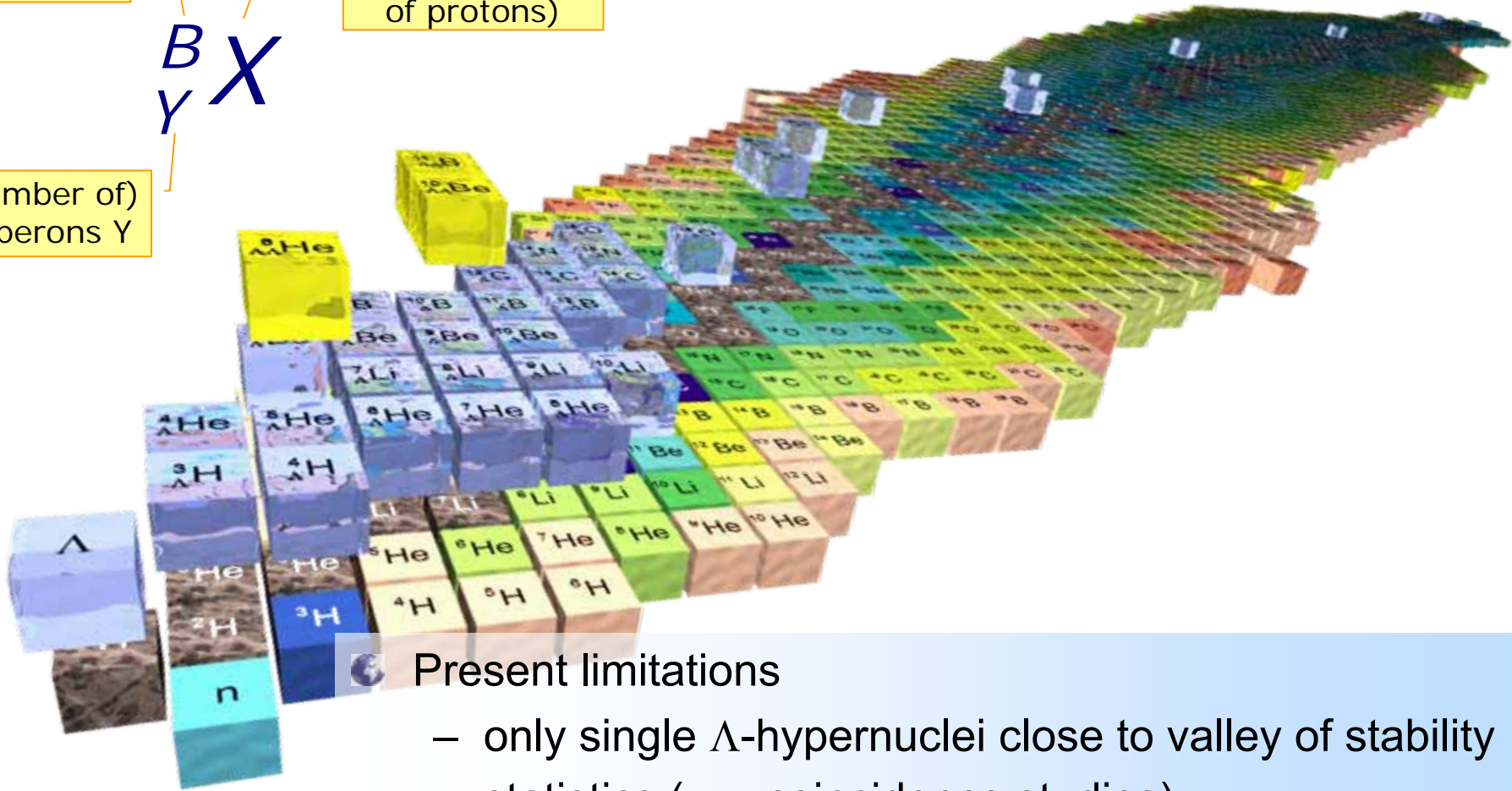
Hypernuclei – Present Situation

number of baryons
 $N+Z+Y$

element = total charge
(**not** number of protons)

B
 Y X

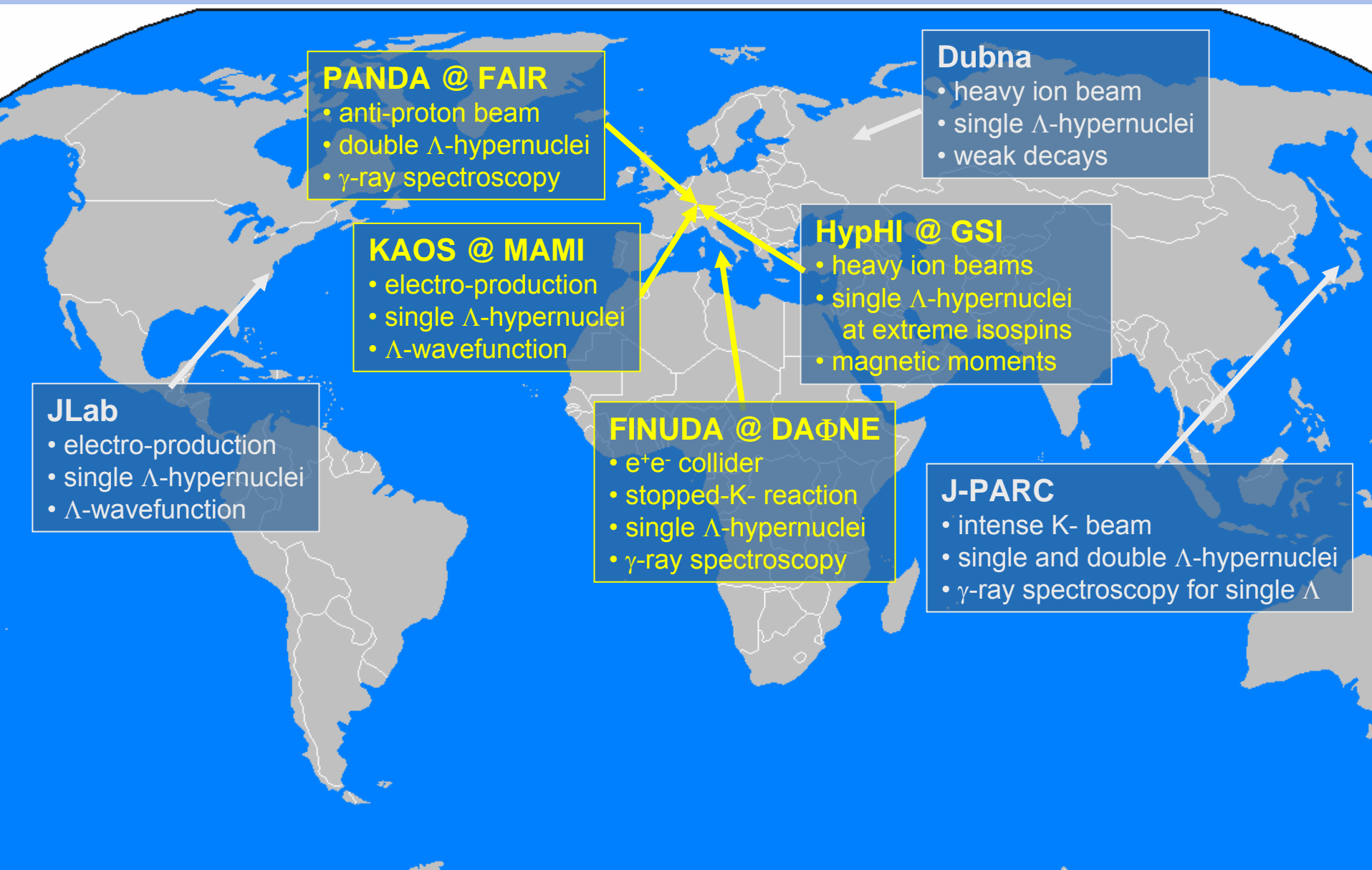
(number of) hyperons Y



Present limitations

- only single Λ -hypernuclei close to valley of stability
- statistics ($\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ coincidence studies)
- only very few $\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei *events*

International Hypernuclear Network



PANDA @ FAIR

- anti-proton beam
- double Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy

KAOS @ MAMI

- electro-production
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- Λ -wavefunction

HypHI @ GSI

- heavy ion beams
- single Λ -hypernuclei at extreme isospins
- magnetic moments

FINUDA @ DAΦNE

- e^+e^- collider
- stopped-K- reaction
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy

Dubna

- heavy ion beam
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- weak decays

JLab

- electro-production
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- Λ -wavefunction

J-PARC

- intense K- beam
- single and double Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy for single Λ

International Hypernuclear Network

PANDA @ FAIR

• anti-proton beam

• nuclei

• MI
• tion
• nuclei
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Dubna

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HypHI @ GSI

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FINUDA @ DAΦNE

- e^+e^- collider
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- γ -ray spectroscopy

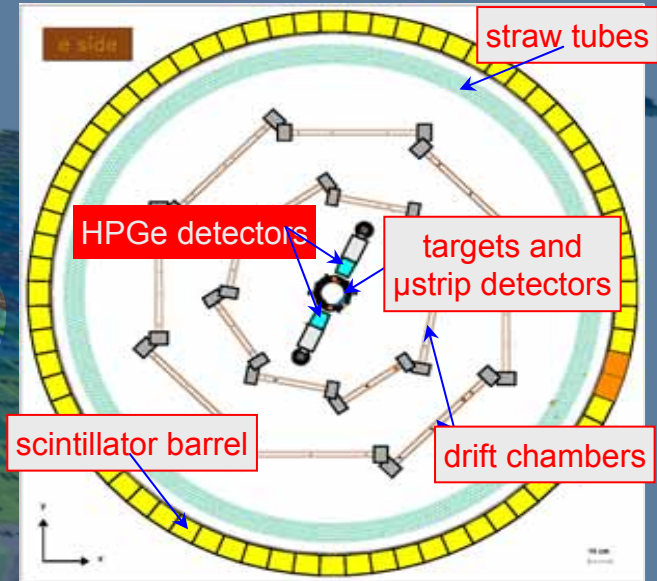
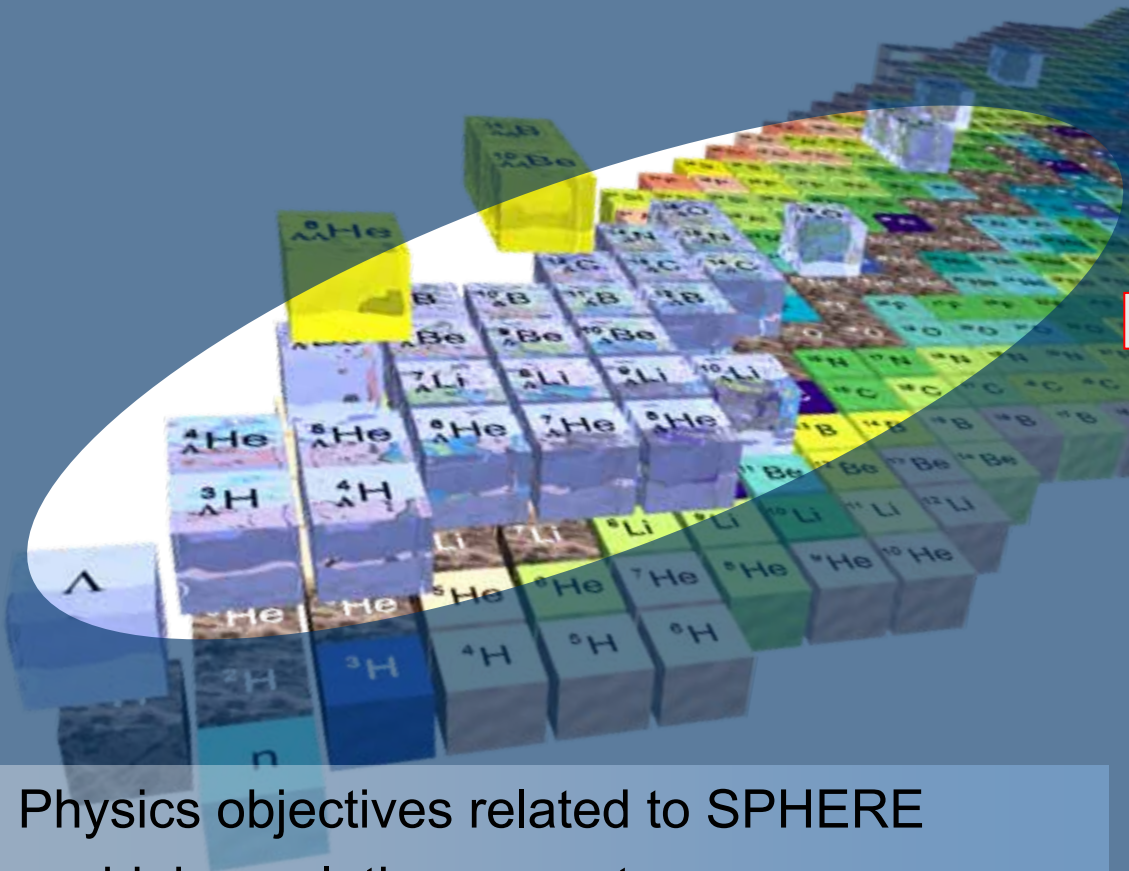
J-PARC

- intense K^- beam
- single and double Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy for single Λ



FINUDA

It is presently *THE* hypernuclear factory in Europe



FP6-HYPERGAMMA

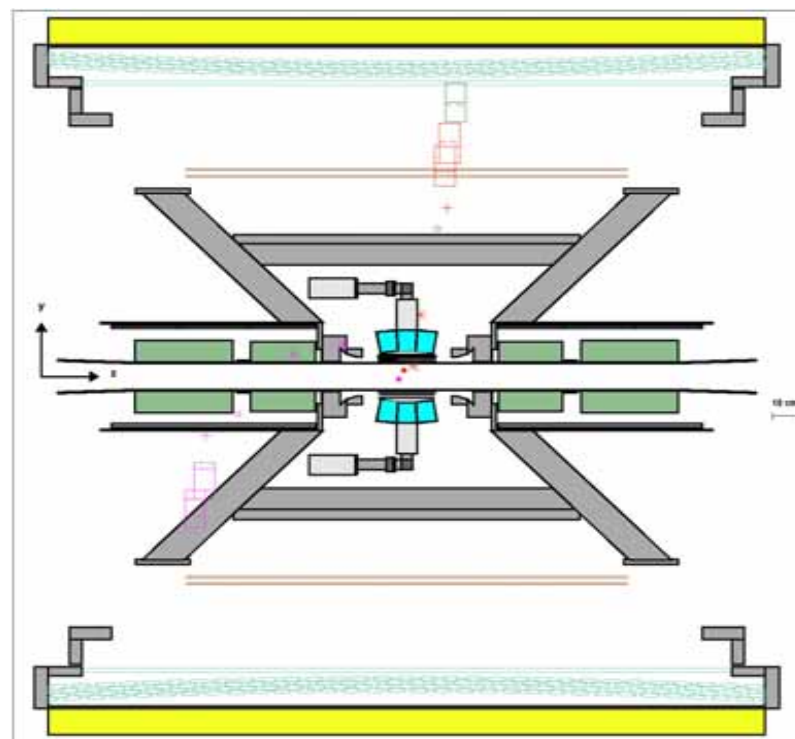
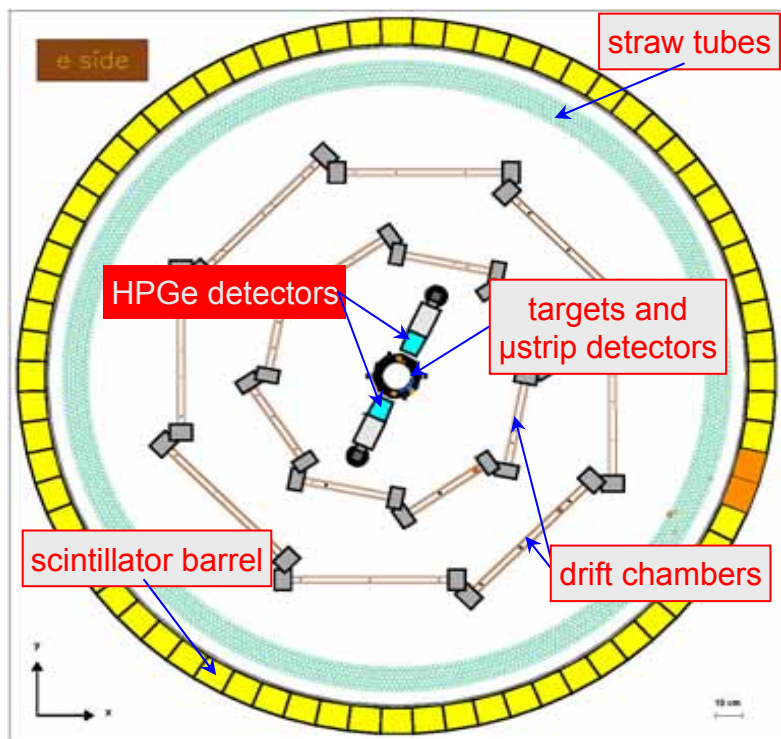


- Physics objectives related to SPHERE
 - high resolution γ -spectroscopy
 - high statistics weak decay

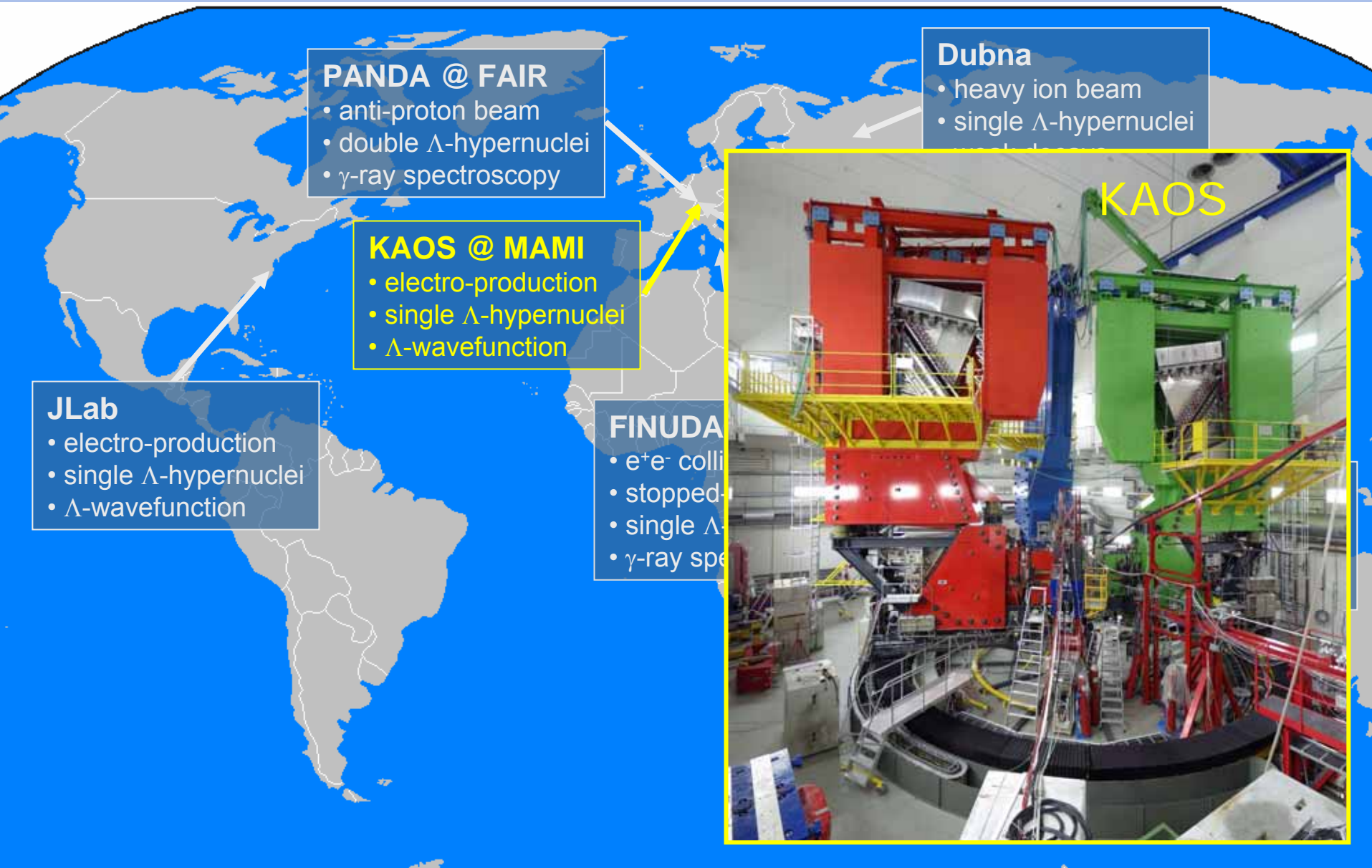
FINUDA @ DAΦNE

🌐 Timeline

- 2007: Letter of Intent
- 2008: completion of FINUDA physics program
- 2009: FINUDA upgrade; pilot run at DAΦNE (500 pb^{-1})
- 201X: ???



International Hypernuclear Network



PANDA @ FAIR

- anti-proton beam
- double Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy

Dubna

- heavy ion beam
- single Λ -hypernuclei

KAOS @ MAMI

- electro-production
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- Λ -wavefunction

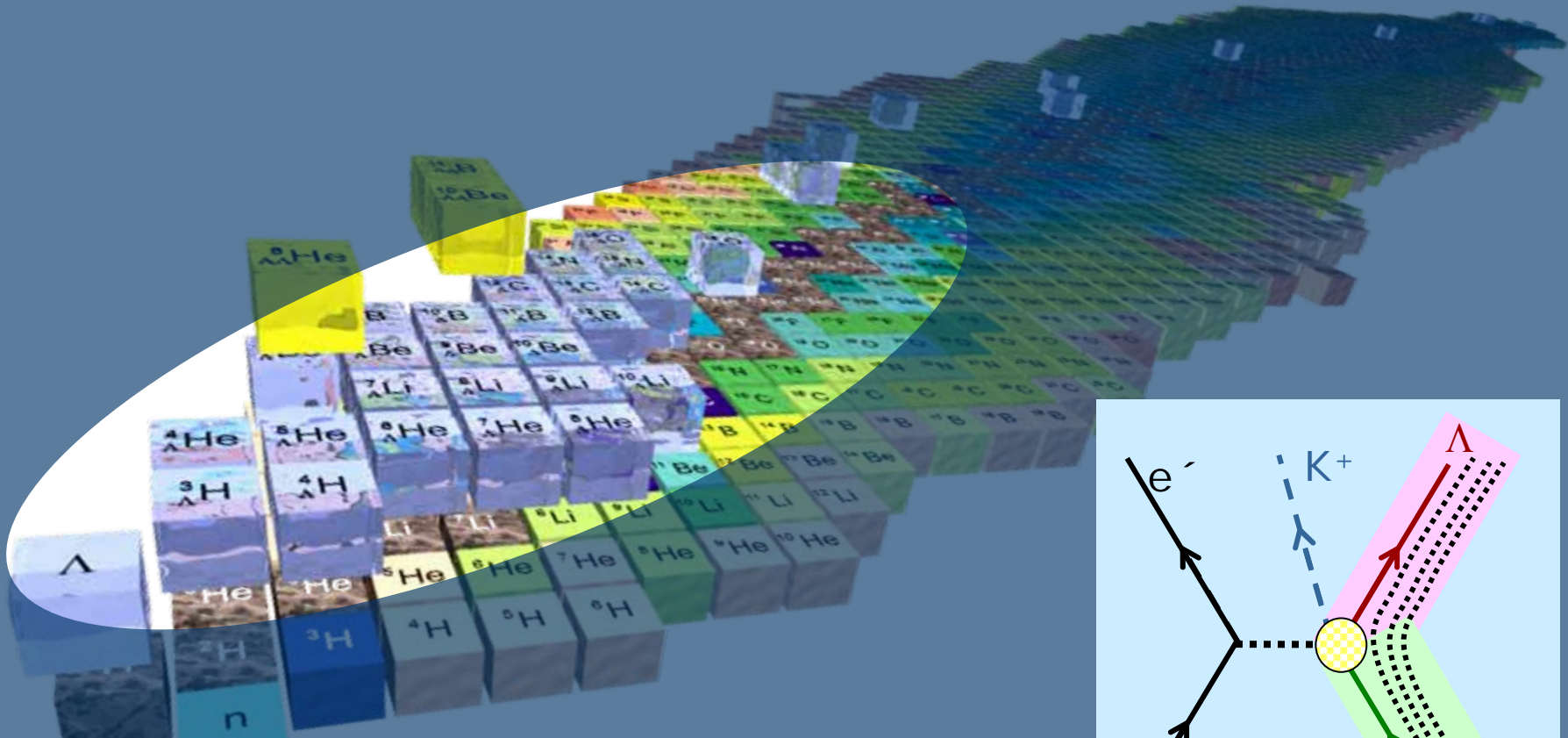
JLab

- electro-production
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- Λ -wavefunction

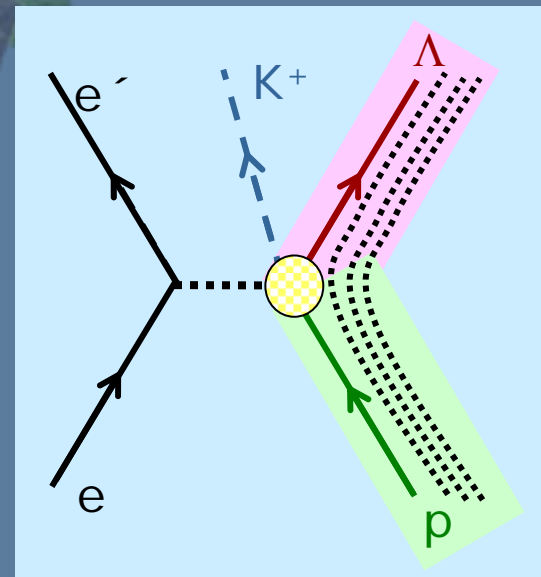
FINUDA

- e^+e^- coll
- stopped
- single Λ
- γ -ray spe



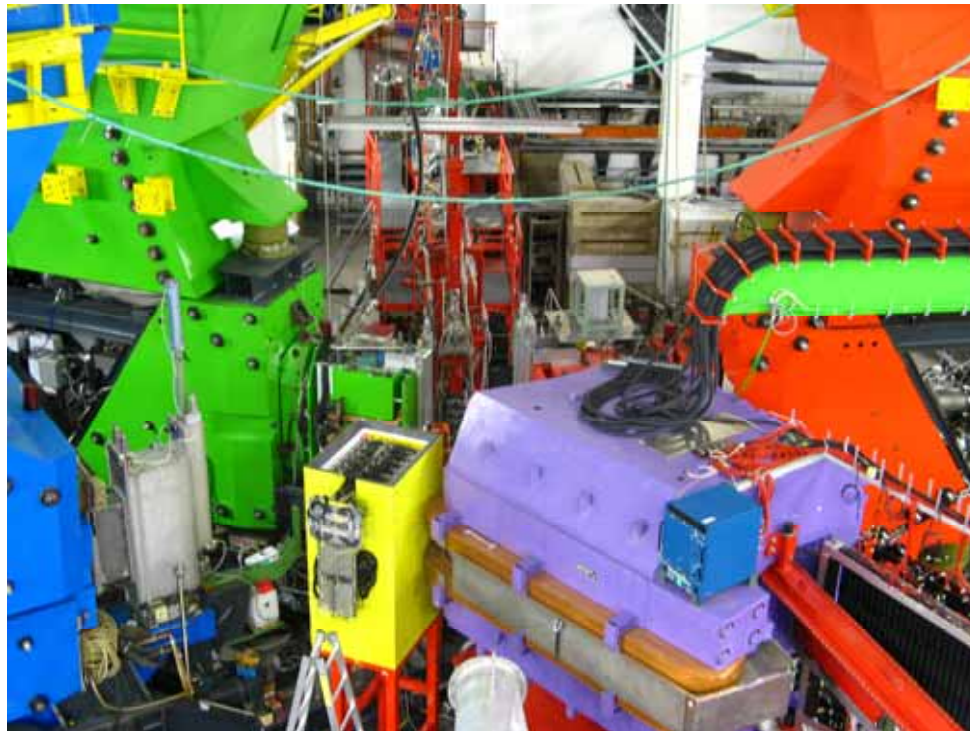


- Physics objectives related to SPHERE
 - wave function of Λ
 - large momentum transfer components

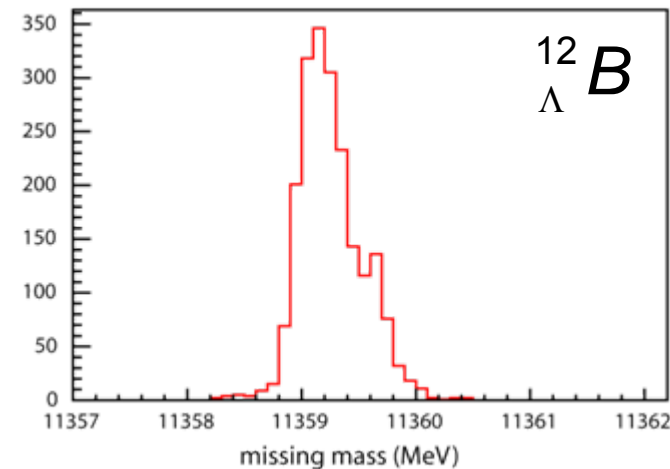


🌐 Timeline

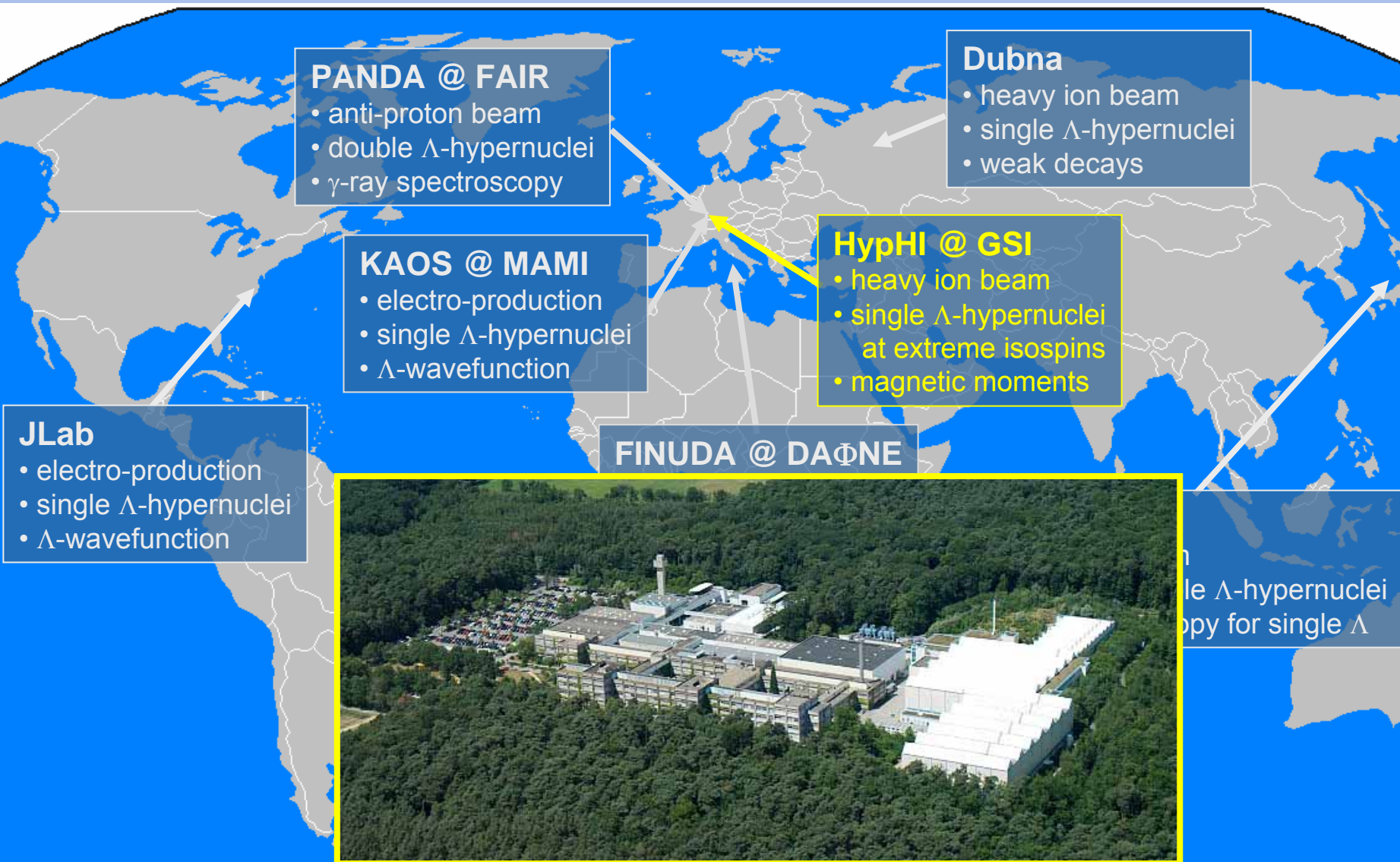
- 2008: first proposal, pilot run
- 2008/09: completion of KAOS double spectrometer for high intensity runs at 0°
- 2009/10: data taking for hypernuclei production

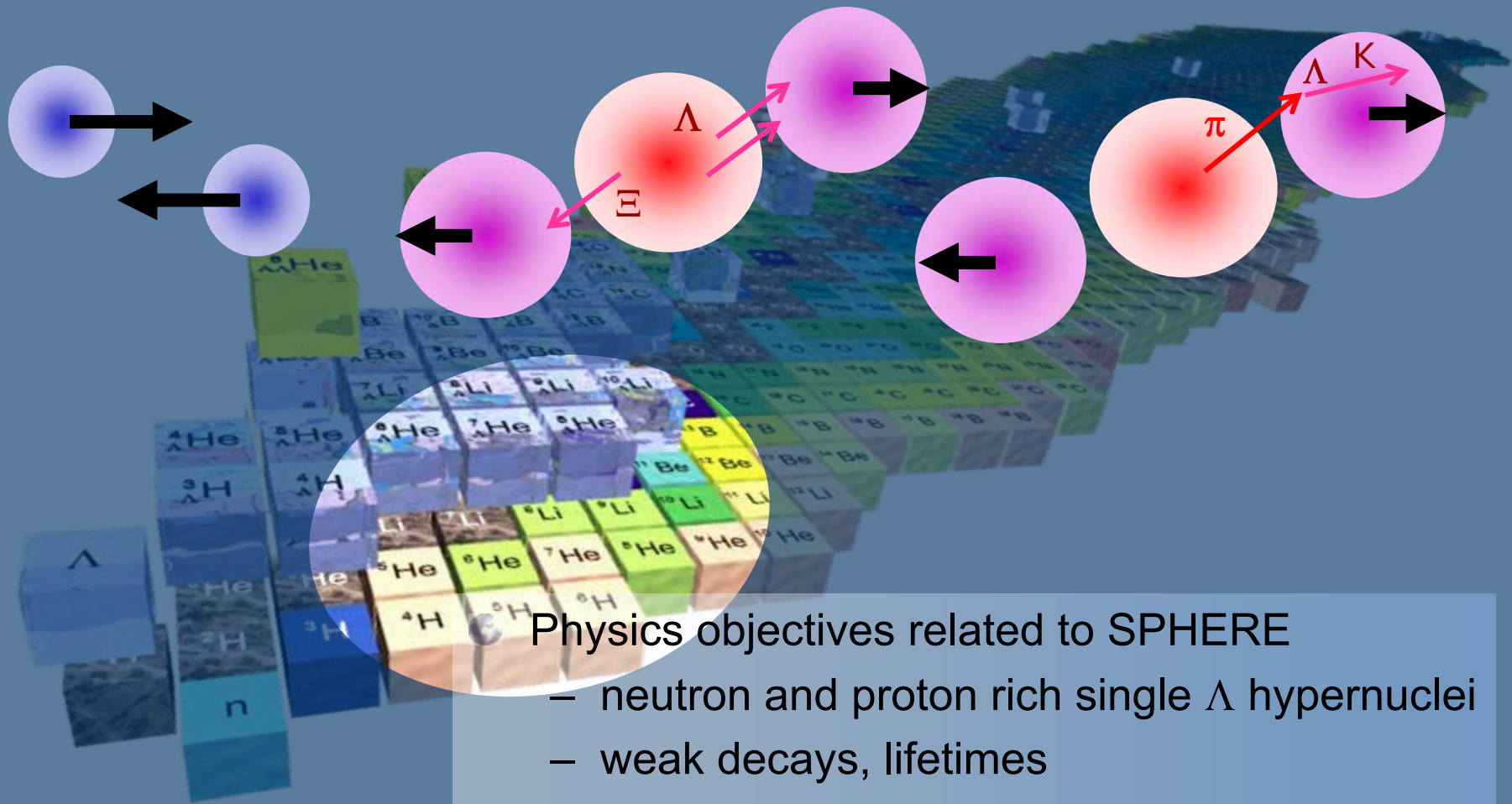


Expected mass resolution
 $\sigma_m = 275 \text{ keV}$



International Hypernuclear Network





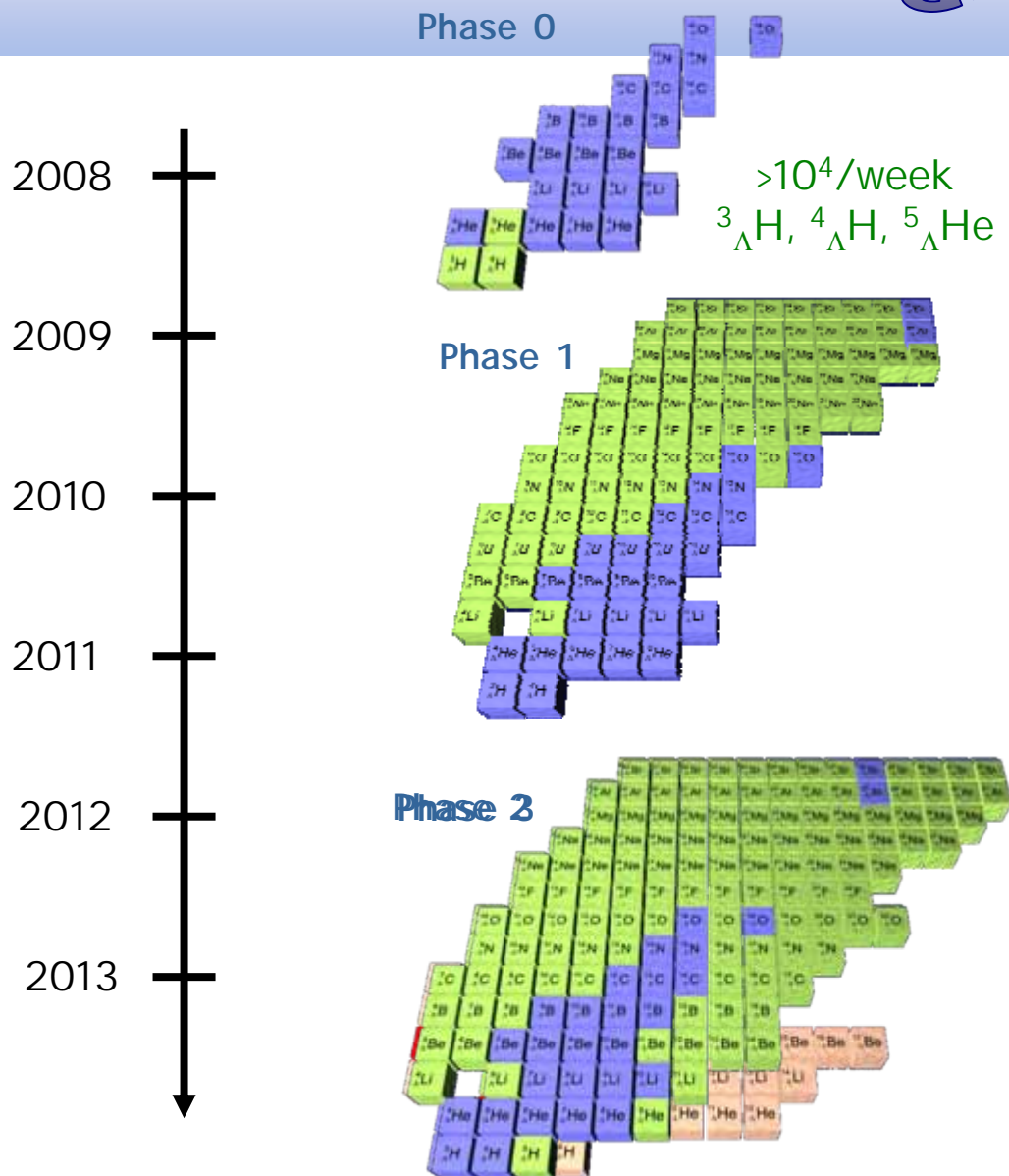
Physics objectives related to SPHERE

- neutron and proton rich single Λ hypernuclei
- weak decays, lifetimes
- hypermatter at low density
- magnetic moment of Λ inside nucleus

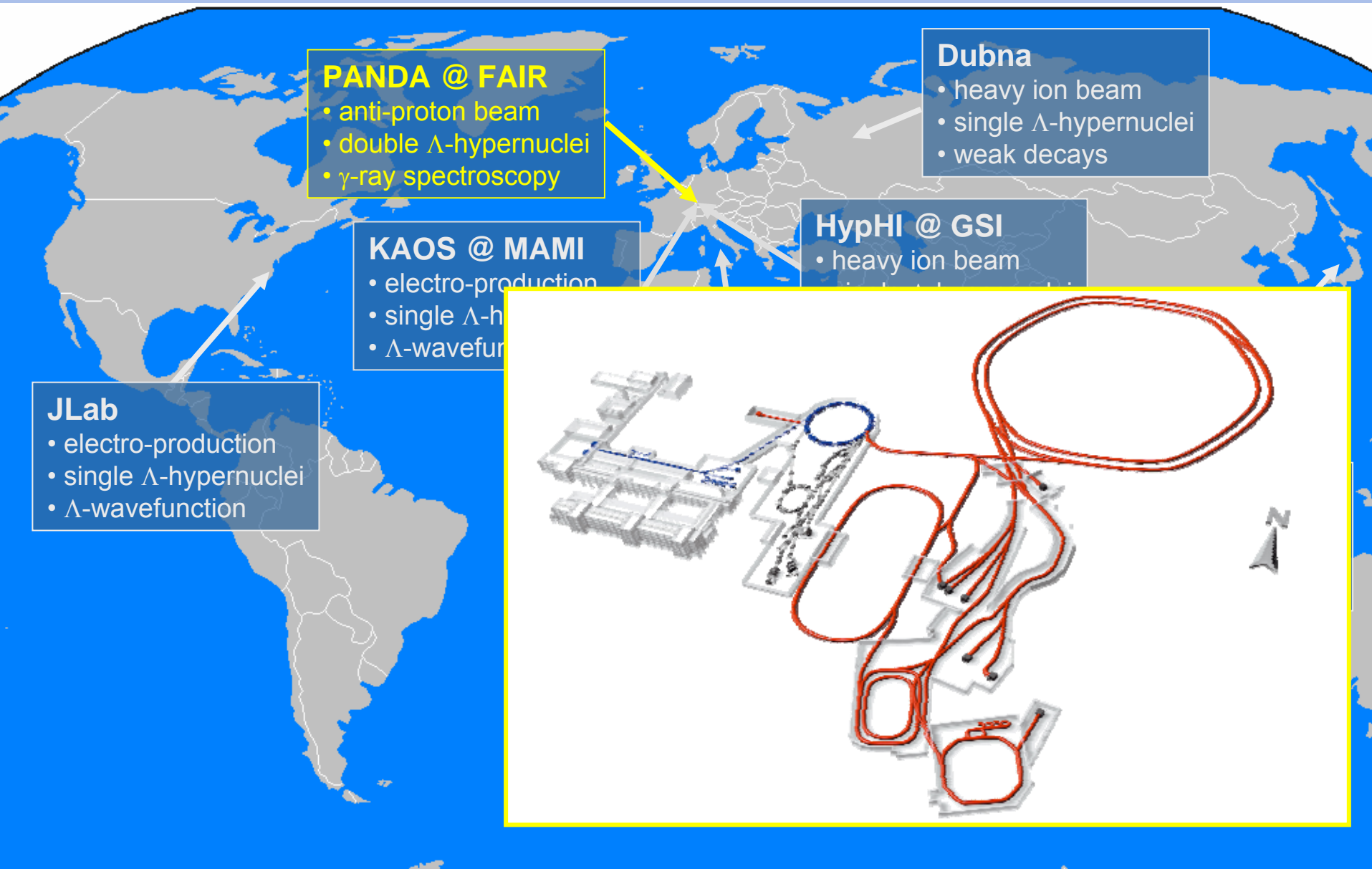


HYPHI @ GSI/FAIR

- Design study, preparation for the phase 0 experiment
- Phase 0: experiment with $^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$, $^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ and $^5_{\Lambda}\text{He}$
- Design study for the setup for hypernuclear non-mesonic weak decay measurements
- Phase 1: Experiments for proton rich hypernuclei**
- Phase 2: Experiment for neutron rich hypernuclei at NuSTAR/FAIR**
- Phase 3: Hypernuclear separator**
 - Hypernuclear magnetic moments
 - Hypernuclear driplines



International Hypernuclear Network



JLab

- electro-production
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- Λ -wavefunction

PANDA @ FAIR

- anti-proton beam
- double Λ -hypernuclei
- γ -ray spectroscopy

KAOS @ MAMI

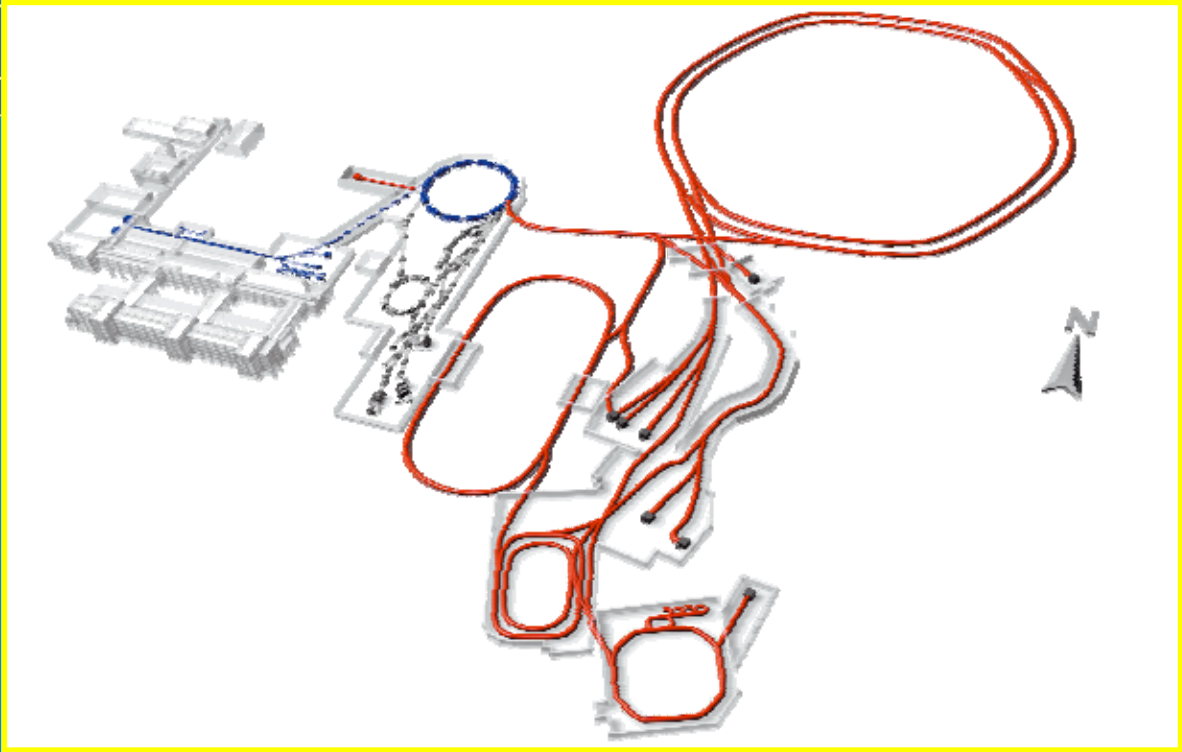
- electro-production
- single Λ -h
- Λ -wavefun

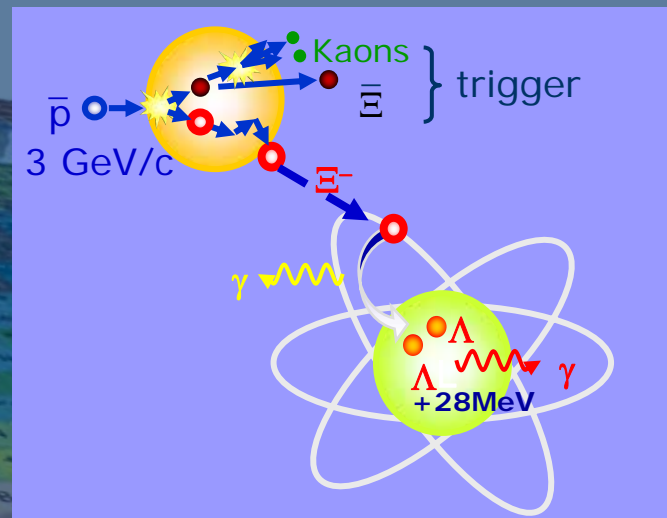
HypHI @ GSI

- heavy ion beam

Dubna

- heavy ion beam
- single Λ -hypernuclei
- weak decays





Physics objectives related to SPHERE

- High resolution γ -spectroscopy of double $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei
- weak decays

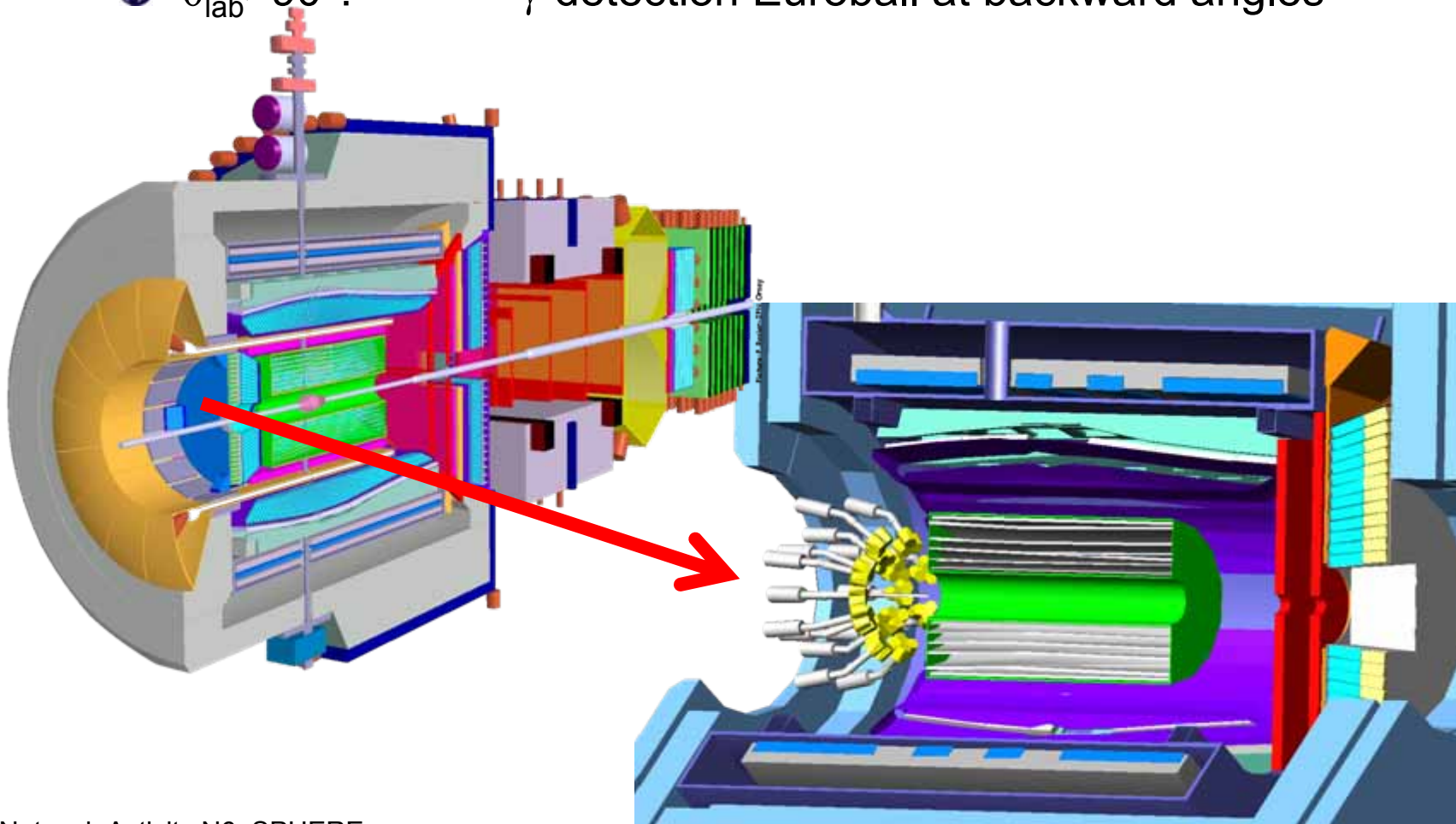
PANDA Setup

- 🌐

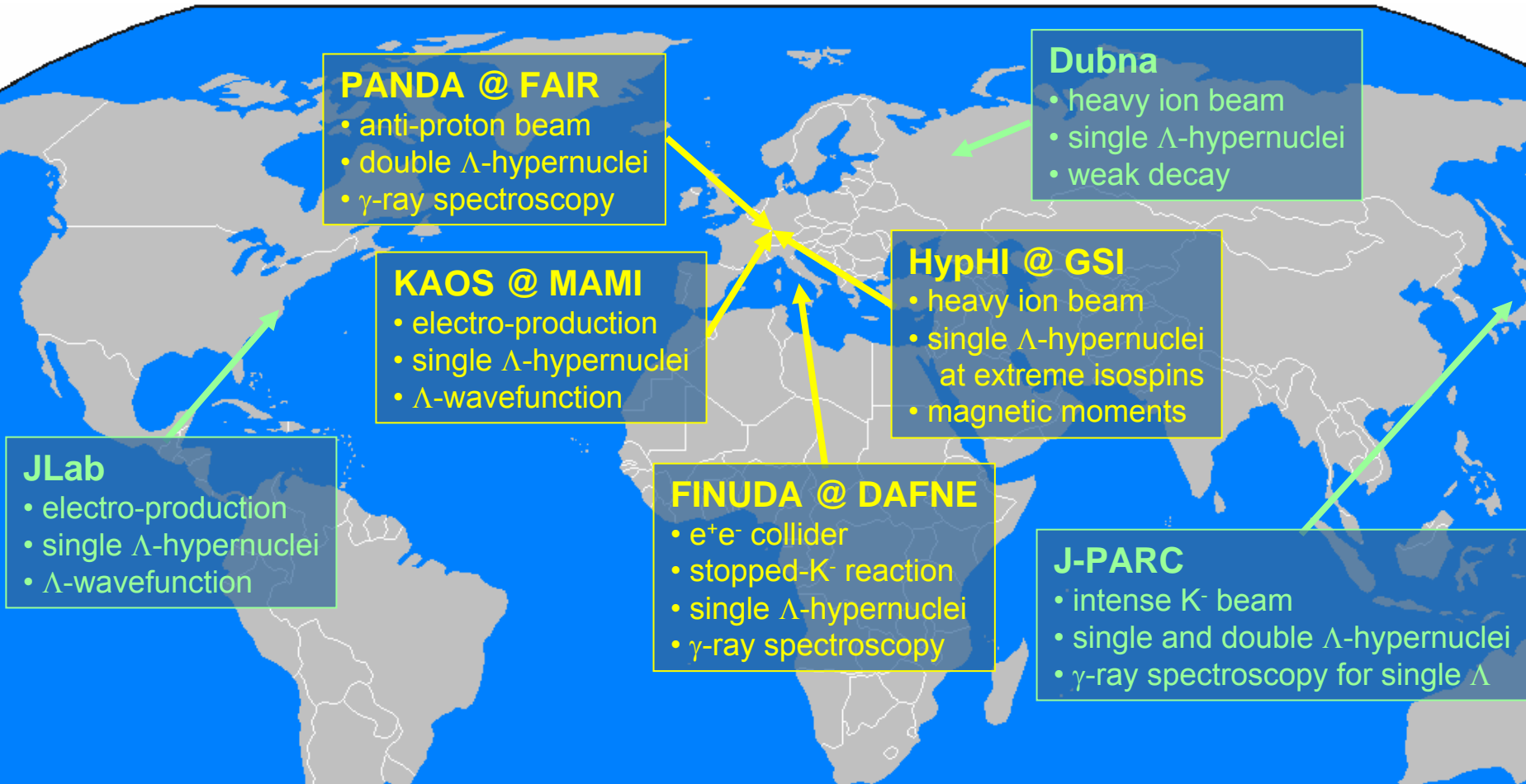
 $\theta_{\text{lab}} < 45^\circ$: Ξ -bar, K trigger (PANDA)
- 🌐

 $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 45^\circ$ - 90° : Ξ -capture, hypernucleus formation
- 🌐

 $\theta_{\text{lab}} > 90^\circ$: γ -detection Euroball at backward angles



International Hypernuclear Network



🌍 Worldwide, several new activities will help to overcome present limitations of this field



Members of SPHERE

- 🌐 Barcelona
- 🌐 Catania
- 🌐 Darmstadt
- 🌐 Frascati
- 🌐 Giessen
- 🌐 Granada
- 🌐 Jerusalem
- 🌐 Mainz
- 🌐 Rez/Prague
- 🌐 Torino/Theo
- 🌐 INFN Torino
- 🌐 Valencia
- 🌐 Warsaw



UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA



האוניברסיטה העברית בירושלים
The Hebrew University of Jerusalem



🌐 Czech Republic



JUSTUS-LIEBIG-
UNIVERSITÄT
GIESSEN

🌐 Germany

🌐 Israel

🌐 Italy

🌐 Poland

🌐 Spain



🌐 80 Physicists

senior scientists : postdoc : students = 1 : 1 : 2



Expertise of Participants

- Barcelona A. Ramos
- Catania G. Raciti
- Darmstadt T. Saito
- Frascati V. Lucherini
- Giessen H. Lenske
- Granada J. Nieves
- Jerusalem A. Gal
- Mainz J. Pochodzalla
- Rez/Prague J. Mares
- Torino/Theo G. Garbarino
- INFN Torino T. Bressani
- Valencia E. Oset
- Warsaw P. Haensel

- More than 250 published scientific articles in last 3 years

- Renowned world experts on e.g. the theory hypernuclei, weak decays, neutron stars

- Leading roles in ongoing or planned experimental hypernuclear activities at FINUDA, MAMI, GSI and FAIR



Work Packages

DET^{ector}:

- Exchange of knowledge to develop, built, integrate and operate new experimental equipment and analysis tools
- Sharing of complex experimental devices to open new experimental possibilities

EXP^{eriment}:

- coordinate planning, analysis and the interpretation of hypernuclear experiments

PHY^{sics}:

- guide and define the goals of future experiments
- develop coordinated research programs

THE^{ory}:

- develop theoretical methods appropriate for the analysis of hypernuclear production and structure data, including large-scale numerical simulations.
- derive elementary baryon observables from the hypernuclear data and investigate their relation and application to fields outside SPHERE



Tasks (1)

Institute <i>Activity</i>	Tasks
Barcelona <i>PHY, THE</i>	Influence of strong $\Lambda N \rightarrow \Sigma N$ transitions in the weak decay of hypernuclei Weak decay of neutron-rich hypernuclei. (<i>HYPHI</i>) Hyperon-nucleon scattering length from lattice QCD. Determination of the Λ -dripline in multistrange systems. (<i>HYPHI</i>) Properties of strange and charm mesons in a nuclear environment. (<i>KAOS, FINUDA, PANDA</i>)
Catania <i>PHY, EXP, DET</i>	Feasibility study for a secondary SiC strips target wafer for tracking in Hypernuclei production experiments. (<i>PANDA</i>) Properties of SiPMT in high-rate experiments. (<i>PANDA, HYPHI</i>)
Darmstadt <i>PHY, EXP, DET</i>	Setting up the HypHI experiment at GSI. Developments of SciFi detectors, TOF walls, diamond detectors and trigger electronics. Data and physics analysis of the HypHI experiments. (<i>HYPHI</i>) Optimization of the Ge detectors for the γ -ray spectroscopy with FINUDA. (<i>FINUDA, PANDA</i>) Development of the electronics modules for the tracking trigger. (<i>KAOS</i>)



Tasks (2)

Institute <i>Activity</i>	Tasks
INFN Frascati <i>PHY, EXP, DET</i>	Λ -Hypernuclei production and decay. Low momentum interactions of charged kaons on nuclei. (<i>FINUDA</i>) Development of straw tube detectors for the tracking of charged particles. (<i>PANDA</i>)
Gießen <i>PHY, EXP, THE</i>	Theory of electroproduction of hypernuclei by direct and resonance scenarios, assessment of the role of the nucleon and hyperon in-medium self-energies. (<i>KAOS</i>) Transport theory for the production of hypernuclei in heavy ion collisions. (<i>HYPHI</i>) NY and YY in-medium interaction by Dirac-Brueckner theory. (<i>PANDA</i>) Density functional theory for nuclei, hypernuclei, and neutron stars (<i>ALL</i>)
Granada <i>PHY, EXP, THE</i>	Λ - Λ and Λ - ^4He systems- Solution of the Schrödinger Equation (SE) with the χ PT. Two Pion Exchange potential. Renormalization of the SE using the method of boundary conditions. Study of the pionic decay of the $^4\text{He}_\Lambda$ hypernucleus. (<i>HYPHI,PANDA</i>) $^4\text{He}_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ hypernucleus: Variational approach to solve the three body (Λ - Λ - ^4He) problem with the TPE potentials studied above. Study of its pionic decay. (<i>HYPHI,PANDA</i>)



Tasks (3)

Institute <i>Activity</i>	Tasks
Jerusalem <i>PHY, THE</i>	<i>Few-body Kbar cluster calculations. (KAOS)</i> <i>Exploratory study of stable S=-3 systems, such as $\Lambda\Lambda\Xi^{-4}\text{He}$. (HYPHI, PANDA)</i>
Mainz <i>PHY, EXP, DET</i>	Setting up and operation of KAOS spectrometer; preparation of proposals for electroproduction experiments of f mesons in nuclei. (KAOS) Preparation of technical design report; Monte Carlo calculations to optimize setup; implementation of Ge-detectors. (PANDA) Development of a scintillating fiber START detectors with SiPMT readout. (PANDA, HYPHI)
Rez/Prague <i>PHY, THE</i>	Reaction mechanisms of photo- and electroproduction of strange particles in the framework of the effective Lagrangian and the Regge model. (KAOS) Photo- and electropoduction of hypernuclei; shell-model analysis. (KAOS) Production and structure of neutron rich hypernuclei. (HYPHI) Antikaon – nucleus and antiproton-nucleus interactions; K- atoms, K- -nuclei. (KAOS) Multi-channel Faddeev calculations of few-body systems with strangeness (ALL)



Tasks (4)

Institute <i>Activity</i>	Tasks
Torino-Th <i>PHY, THE</i>	<p>Investigation of the effects of novel contributions in the weak transition potential on hypernuclear decay rates and asymmetries. In particular, application to neutron- and proton-rich hypernuclei. (<i>HYPHY</i>)</p> <p>Development of alternative models for simulating the nucleon final state interactions in non-mesonic decays. Study of the $\Delta I=1/2$ isospin rule in the non-mesonic weak decay and, in general, in four-baryon strangeness changing processes. (<i>ALL</i>)</p>
Torino INFN <i>PHY, EXP, DET</i>	<p>Preparation of a new run on the precise measurement of non Mesonic weak decays and Gamma g-spectroscopy with Ge- detectors. (<i>FINUDA</i>)</p> <p>Simulations for the experiment on Double Hypernuclei production.</p> <p>Implementation on vertex detectors. (<i>PANDA</i>)</p>
Valencia <i>PHY, THE</i>	<p>Λ-N and Λ-Λ interaction using chiral dynamics, and their medium modification.</p> <p>Weak decay of new hypernuclei. (<i>HYPHI,PANDA</i>)</p> <p>Chiral unitary theory of meson nucleus interaction including charmed mesons.</p> <p>Exploring the possibility to form charmed hypernuclei. (<i>PANDA</i>)</p>
Warsawa <i>PHY, THE</i>	<p>Explore relation between the properties of neutron stars and hyper on-baryon interactions. (<i>ALL</i>)</p>

Deliverables

- 🌐 Annual progress reports (delivered after annual Workshop)
- 🌐 Technical reports
- 🌐 Proposals based on the SPHERE activity
- 🌐 Publications in scientific journals (continuously)

Physics driven Activity \Rightarrow exact time difficult to predict



Quality assessment

- internal meetings
- elected steering board
- quality and number of scientific publications
- invitation to international conferences
- outside attendance at the annual open SPHERE workshops
- new collaborative experimental efforts





Finances

🌐 Duration: 4 years

🌐 **Requested EC contribution**

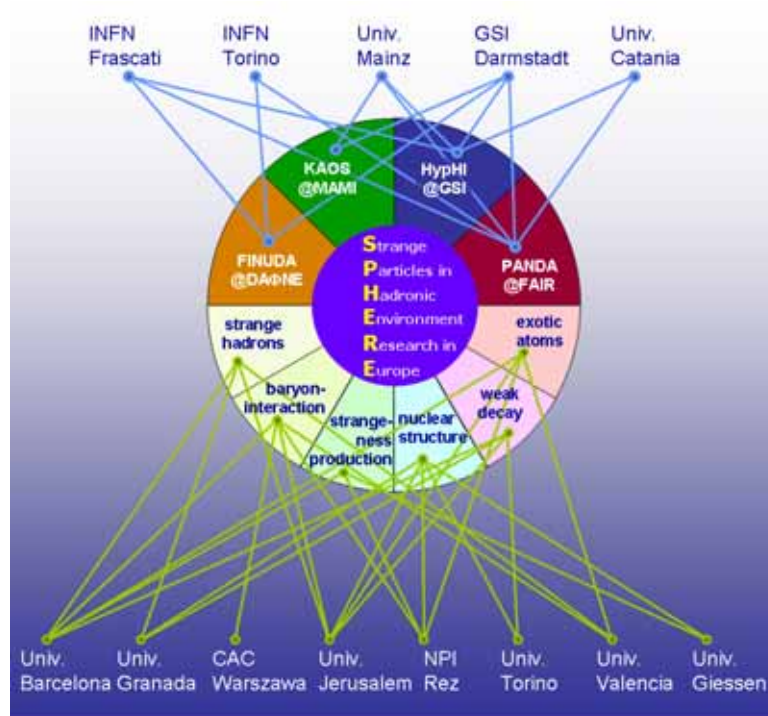
– Personnel (23 PhD years)	696k€
– Travels	238k€
– Workshops (4)	40k€
– Overhead (~20%)	190k€
– Total	1164k€

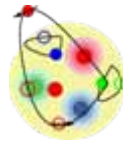
🌐 **Non EC contribution**

– Personnel	4359k€
– Durables	453k€
– Consumables	326k€
– Travels	341k€
– Workshops	30k€
– Overhead	318k€
– Total	5827k€

Summary

- SPHERE is a well *focused* activity
- It comprises both **experimentalists and theoreticians**
- It is embedded in the **European research infrastructure**





Thank you!

