

A high resolution germanium detector array for hypernuclear studies at \bar{P} ANDA

Marcell Steinen, Sebastian Bleser, Jürgen Gerl, Felicce Iazzi, Jasmina Kojouharova, Ivan Kojouharov, Marta Martínez Rojo, Josef Pochodzalla, Torben Rathmann, Kai Rittgen, Alicia Sanchez Lorente

Helmholtz-Institut Mainz



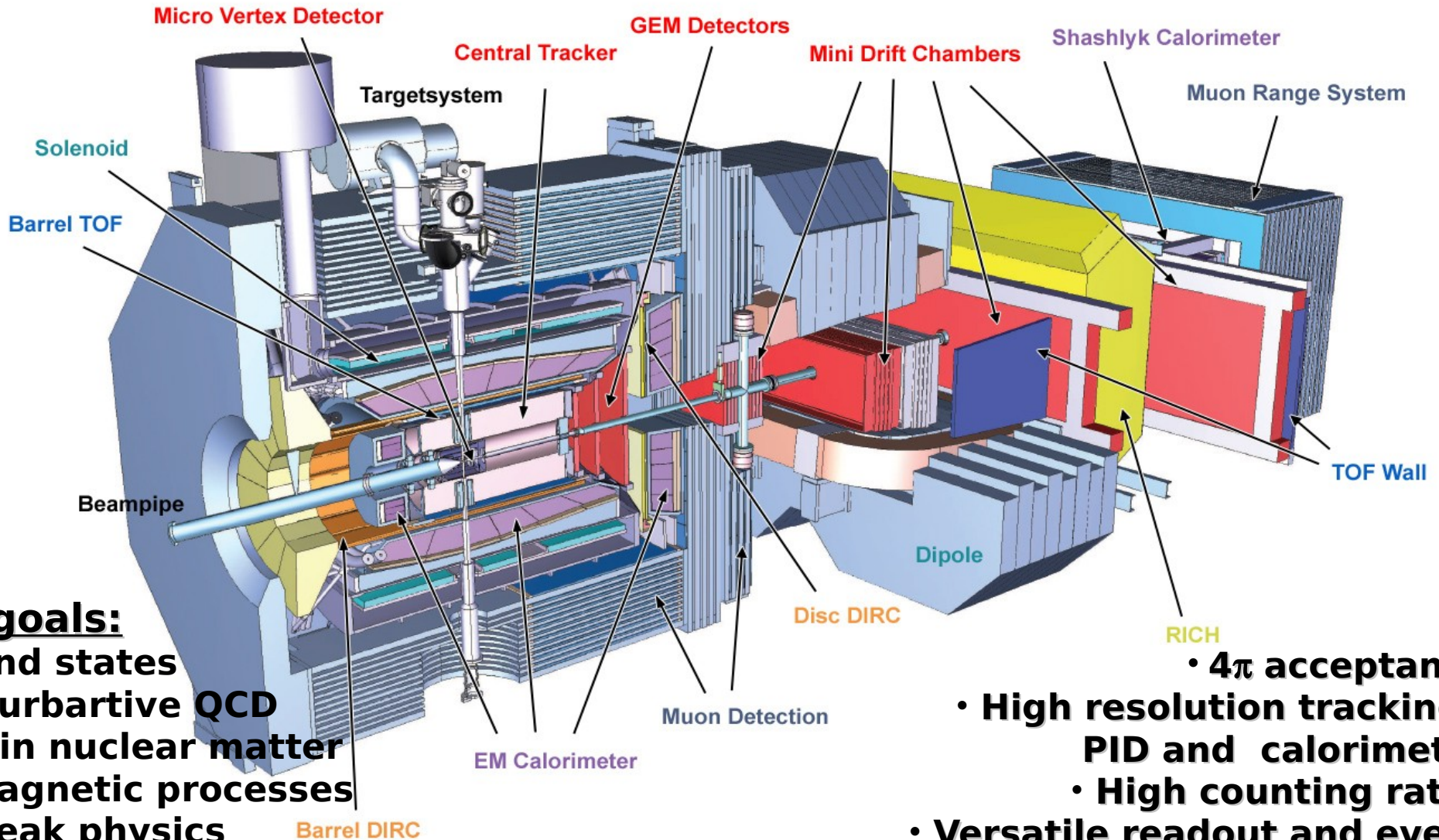
26th Indian-Summer School & SPHERE School of Physics, Prague, 09/03/14



Outline

- \bar{P} ANDA
- Hypernuclear experiment of \bar{P} ANDA
- Germanium detector array
- Tests at COSY

PANDA

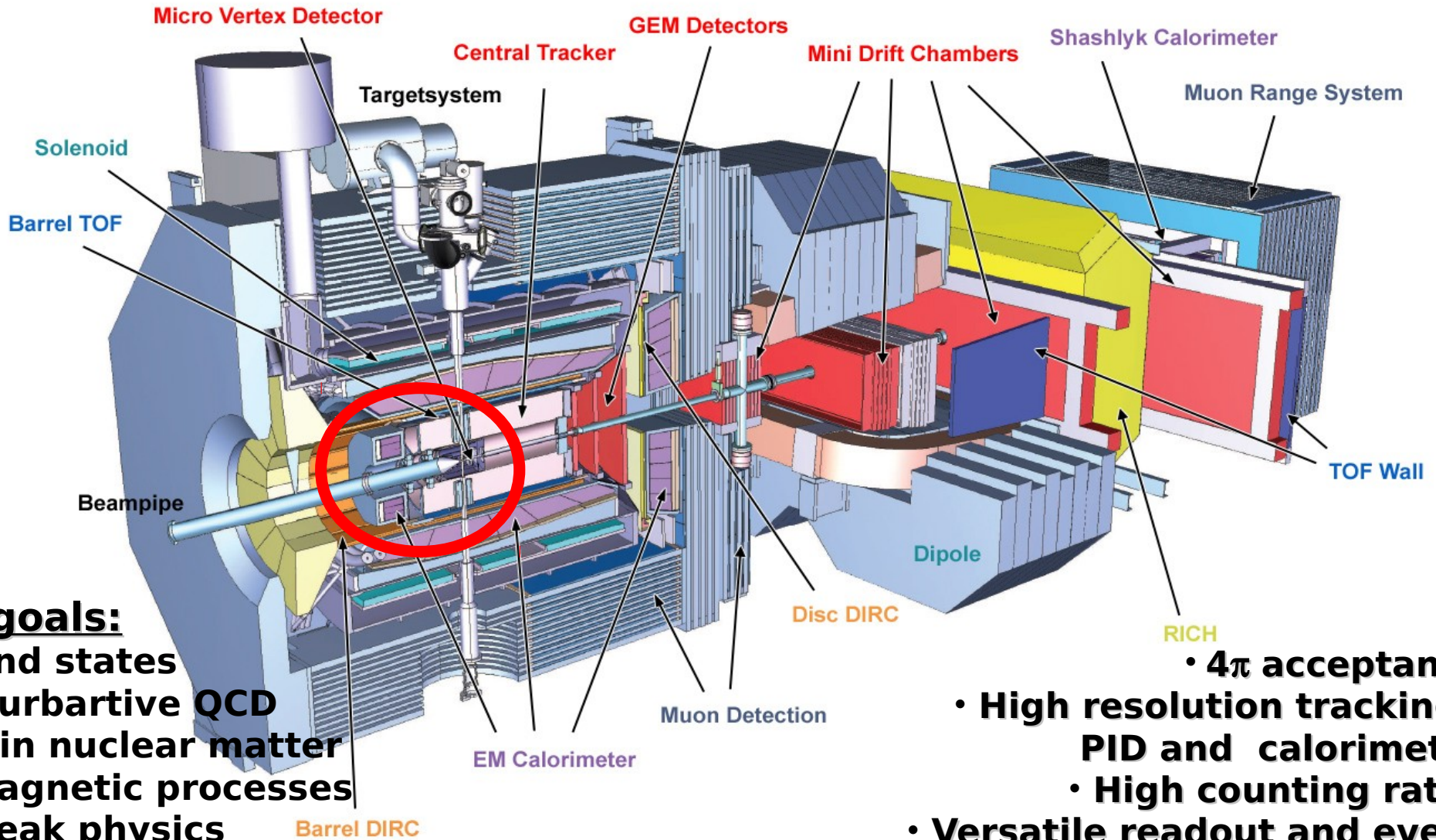


Physics goals:

- QCD bound states
- Non-perturbative QCD
- Hadrons in nuclear matter
- Electromagnetic processes
- Elektroweak physics
- **Hypernuclear physics**

- 4π acceptance
- High resolution tracking, PID and calorimetry
- High counting rates
- Versatile readout and event selection
- **Modular design**

PANDA

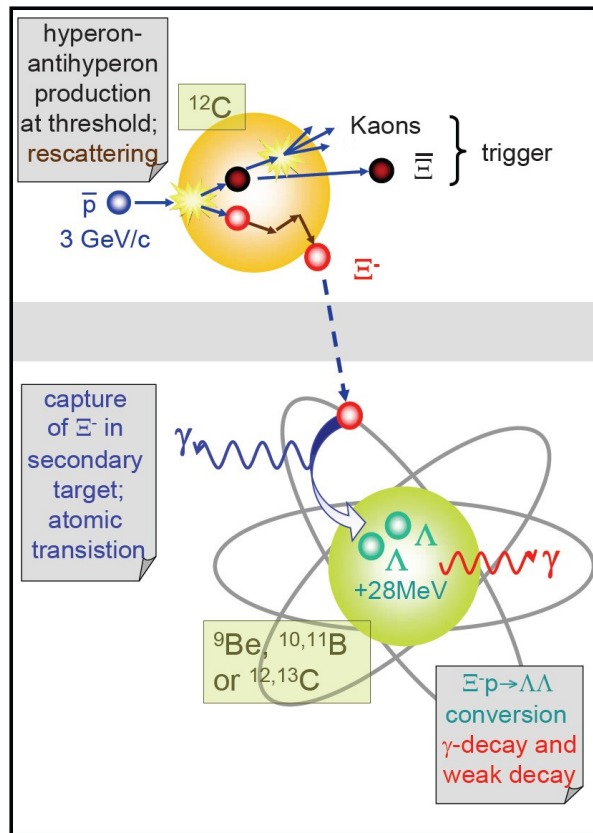


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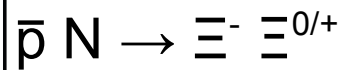
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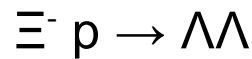
Hypernuclear experiment of \bar{P} ANDA



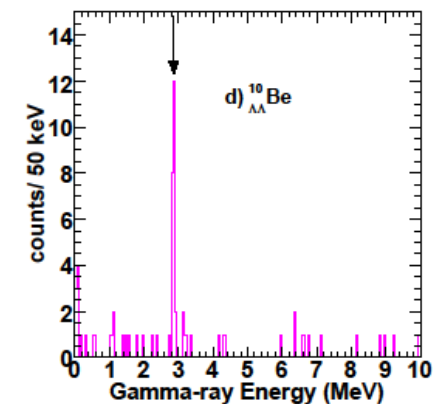
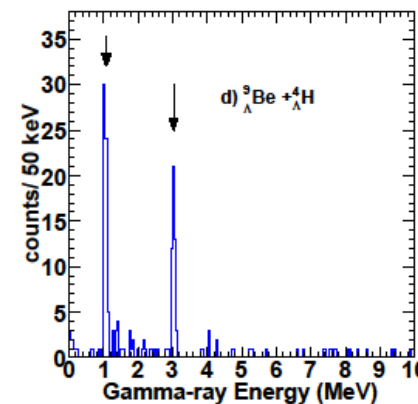
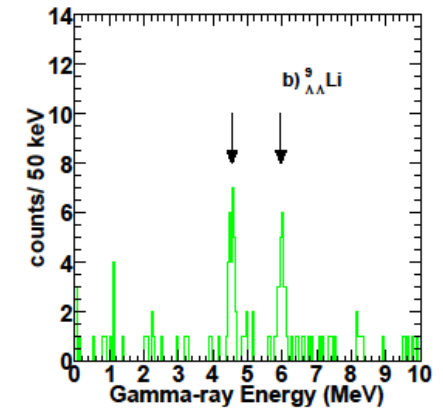
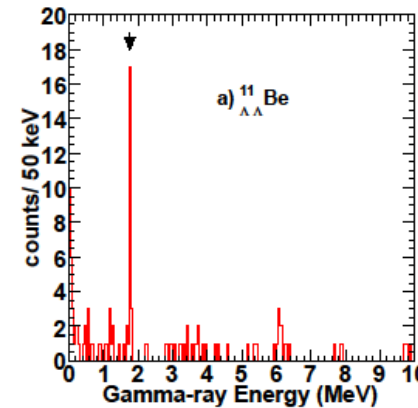
prim. target



sec. target



γ isotropic

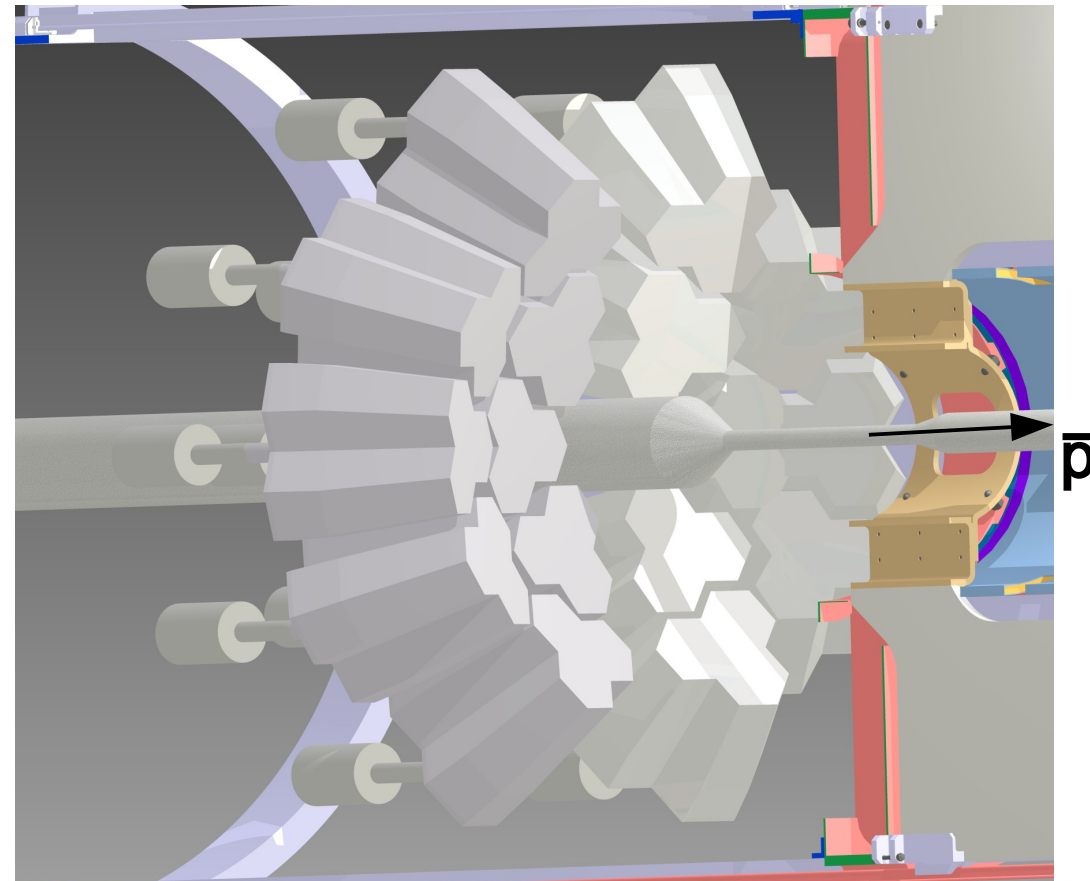


Expected spectra of most frequently produced double Hypernuclei

Physical process of the hypernuclear experiment

Germanium detector array

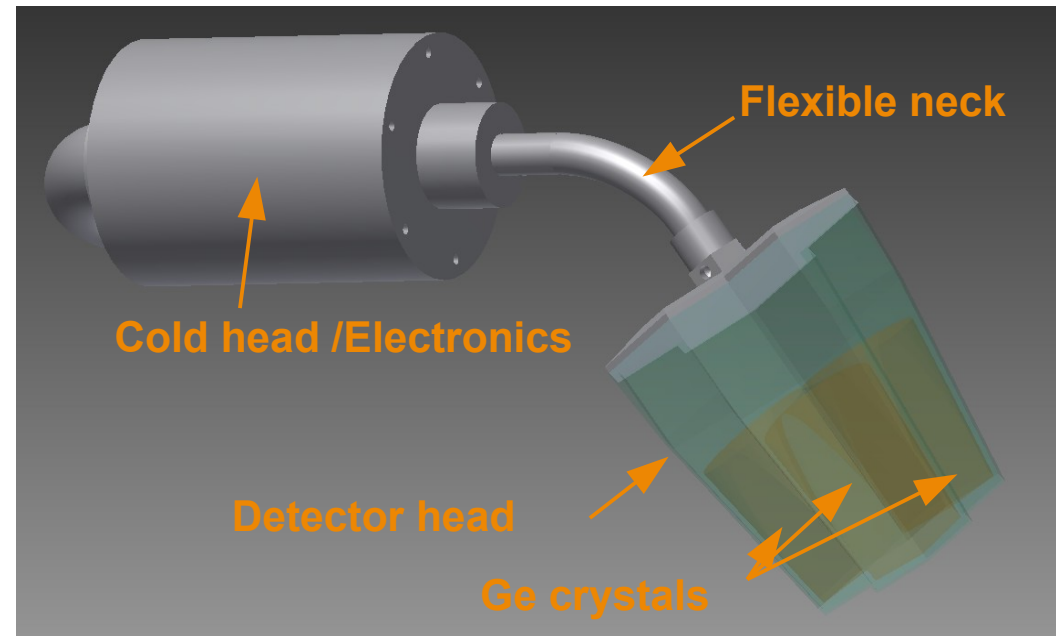
- Space highly limited inside the \bar{P} ANDA barrel
 - Complete rearrangement of existing detectors needed
 - No LN2 cooling possible
- High Magnetic Field
 - Effects on energy resolution [1]
- Particle background
 - Backward angles for reduction
 - Effects on energy resolution
 - Some radiation damage on the crystals expected



[1] A. Sanchez Lorente et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 573 (2007) 410–417

New detector design

- Triple crystal detector
- Electro.-mech. cooler
- HV and readout “onboard”
- Flexible neck
- Prototype is planned to be finished until end of 2014 / begin of 2015

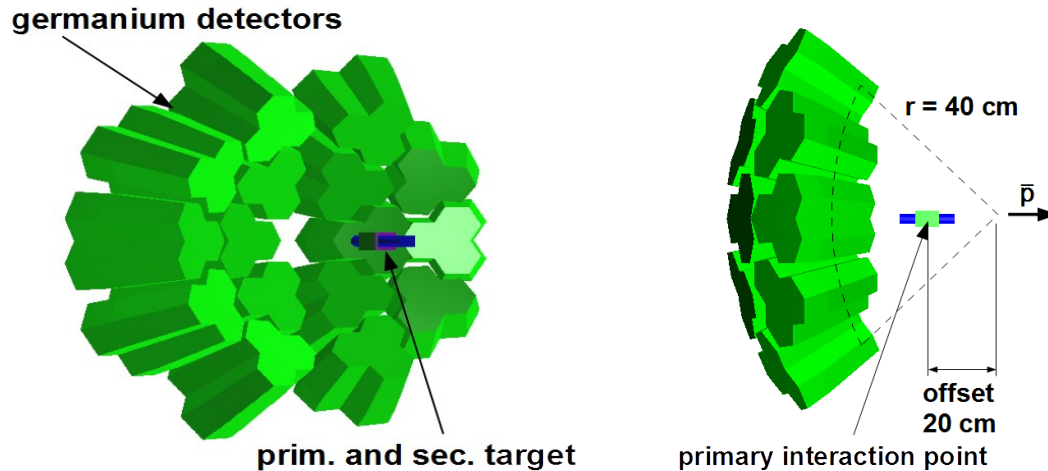


Electro mechanical cooler

- Ortec X Cooler II
- Placed outside of the \bar{P} ANDA barrel (space, magnetic field)
- Limited but sufficient cooling power for three crystals
- Resolution of prototype detector deteriorates slightly due to higher temperature of 95 K (2.25 keV @ 1.332 MeV)

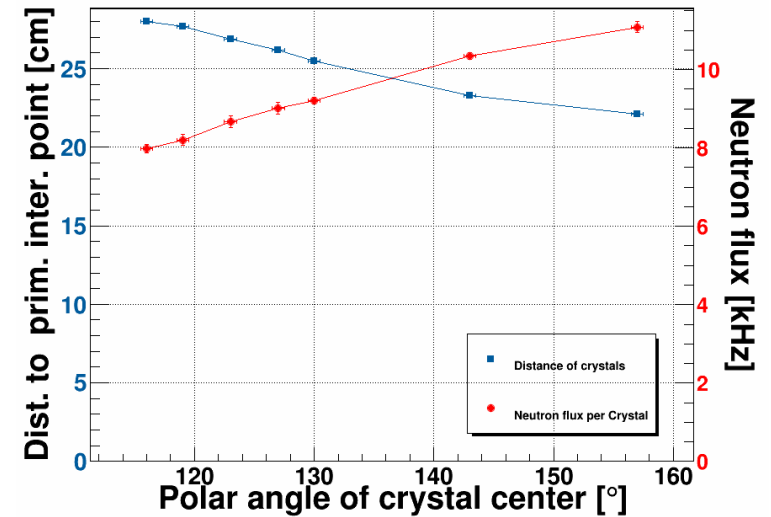


Simulation of the detector

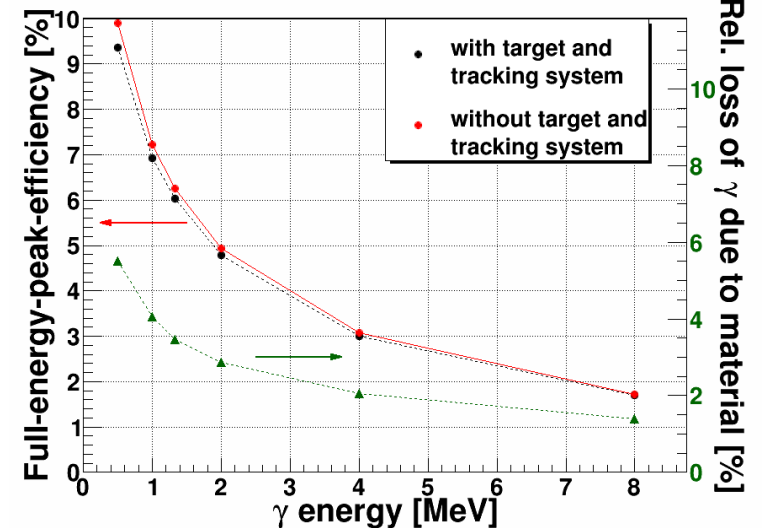


- Efficiency and background simulations
- PandaRoot framework (ROOT, Geant4)
- $2.9 \cdot 10^9$ n/cm² accumulated over 100 days of \bar{P} ANDA conditions @ 10^6 interactions/s

Simulation of neutron load of the germanium crystals

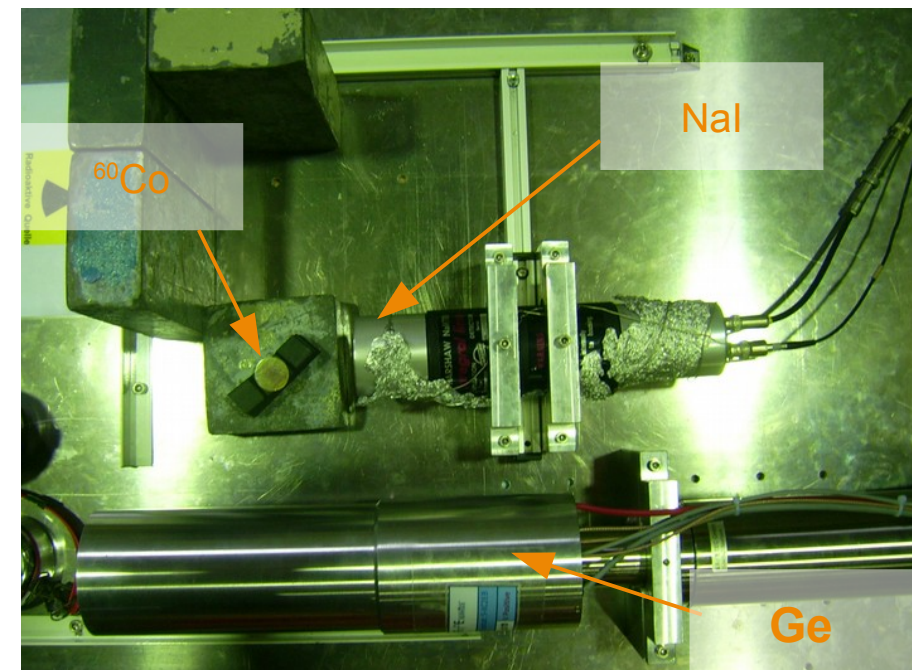
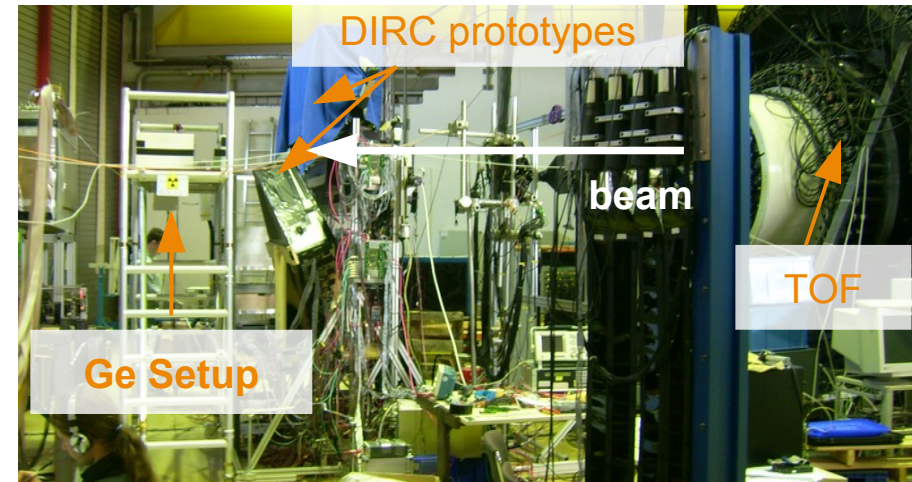


Simulation of full-energy-peak-efficiency

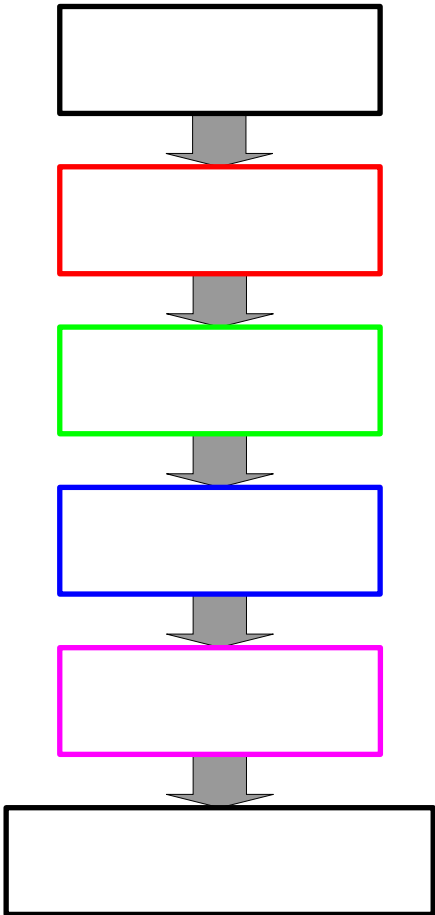


First beam test @ COSY in Jülich

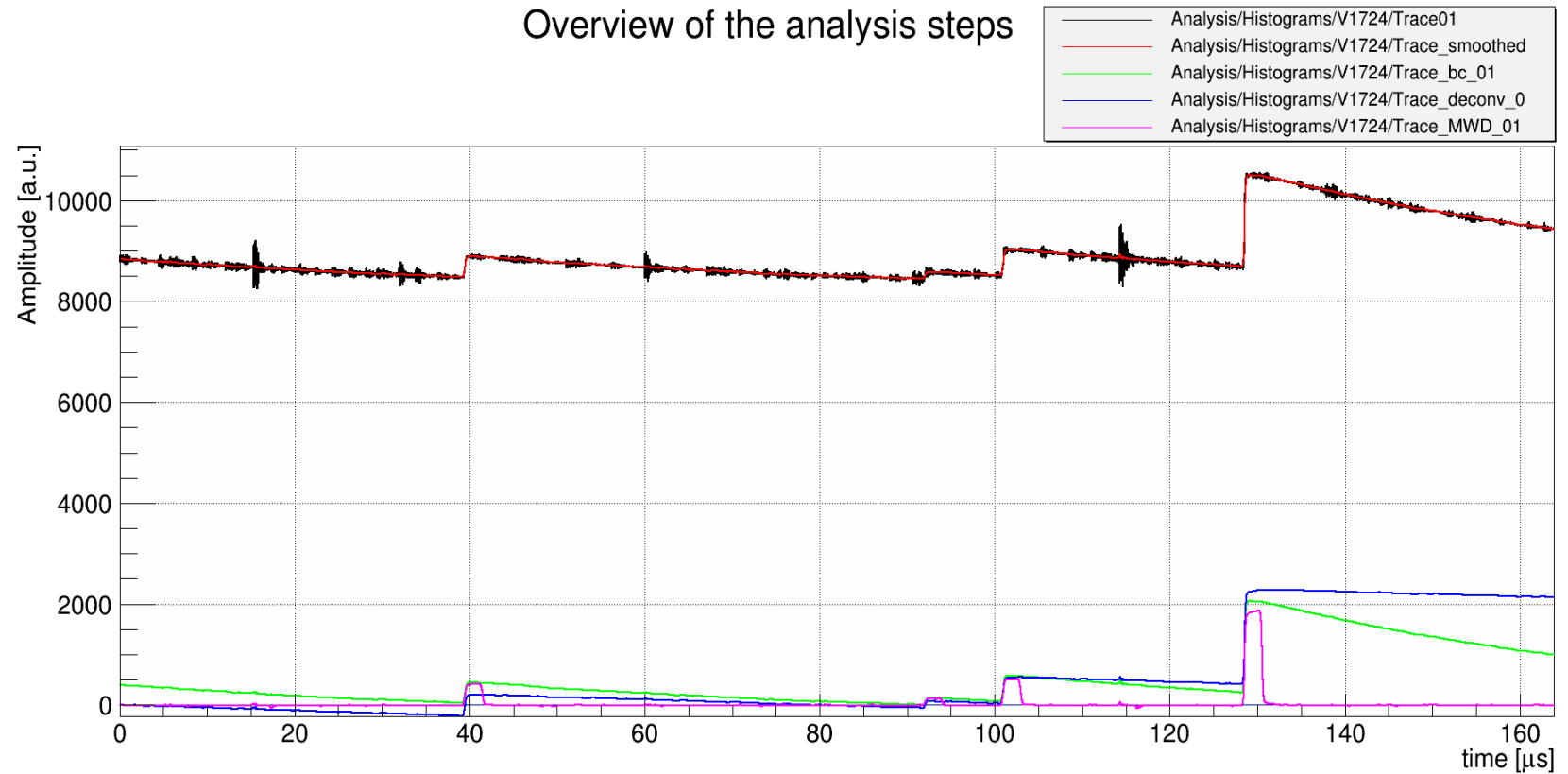
- Beam test in oct./nov. 2013
- Parasitic, TOF area
- 5 cm carbon target in beam (2.95 GeV/c p, $10^7/s$) to produce particle background similar to \bar{P} ANDA
- Detector @ 90° , $r = 90$ cm
- Measurement during beam spill
- Coincidence (Ge + NaI) for triggering on ^{60}Co source



Analysis procedure

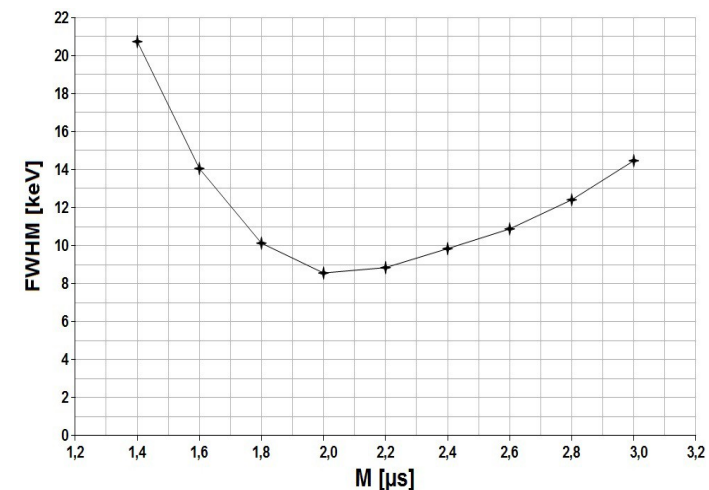
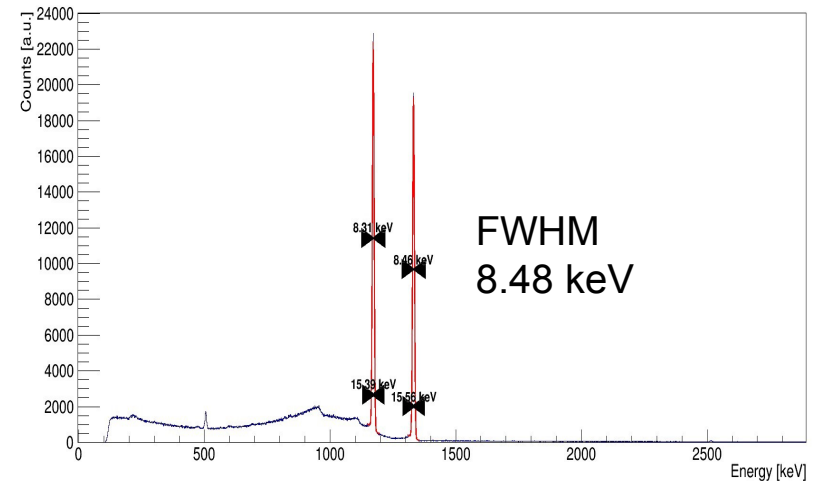


Overview of the analysis steps



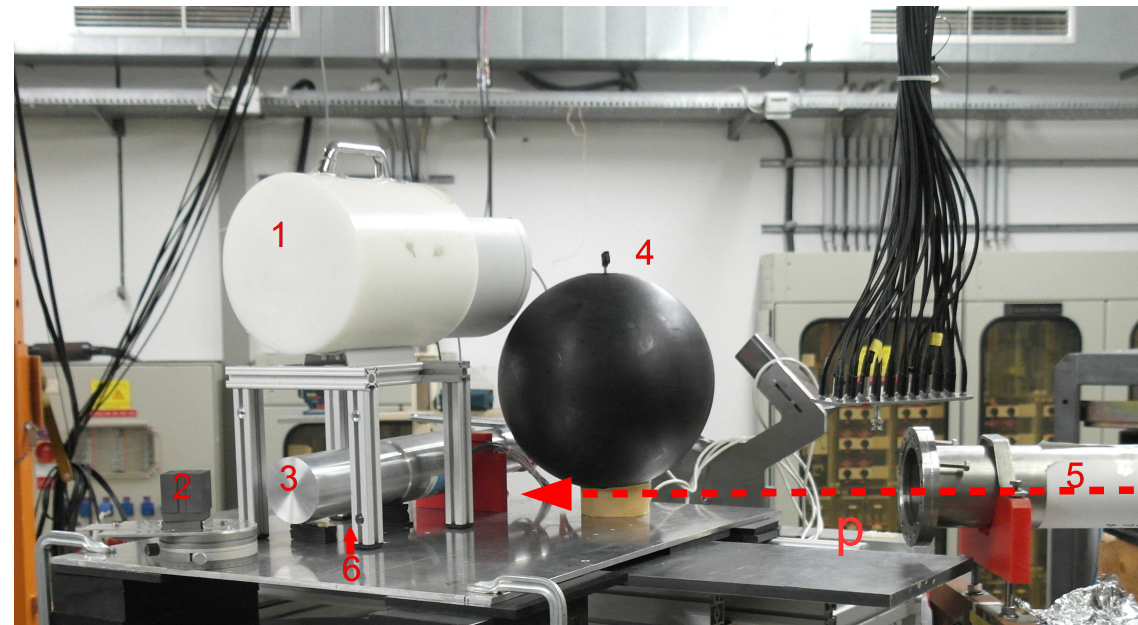
Results of first beam test

- Resolution limited by pick up noise in this test!
- Beam intensity too low to cause detectable radiation damage ($6 \cdot 10^6$ n/cm²)
- Further measurements with beam require actively resetting preamplifier



Irradiation test @ COSY in Jülich

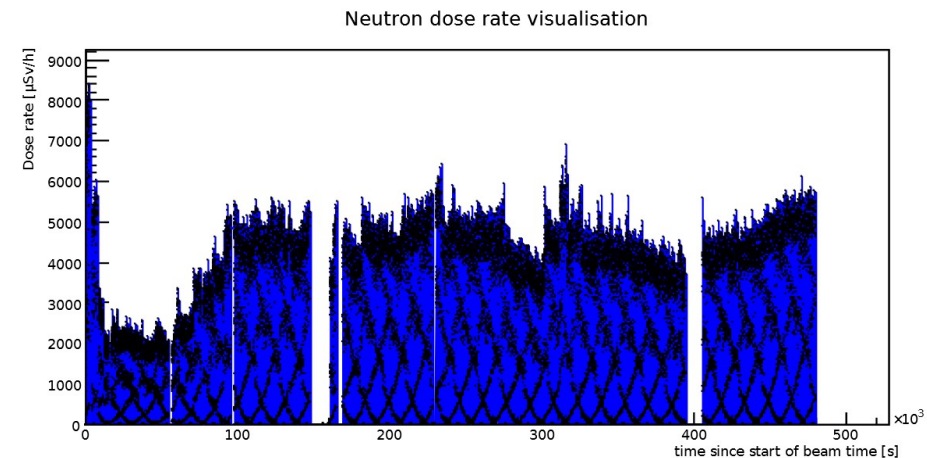
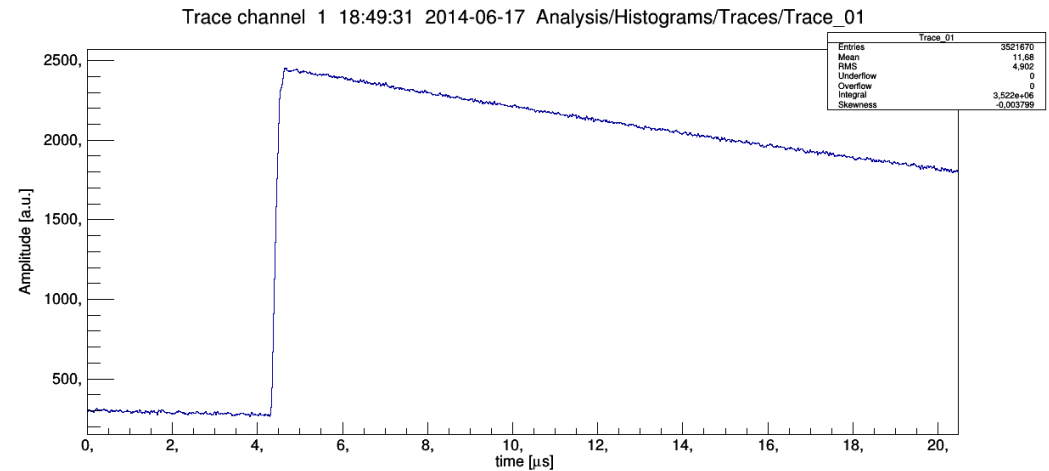
- Beam time in june and july 2014
- Jessica area
- Beam: $8 \cdot 10^8$ p, 6 s beam, 17 s cycle, 2.78 GeV/c
- 5 cm carbon target
- Measurements in 11s spill pause
- Detector @ 120° , 15 cm distance
- Additional neutron detectors



- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 act. n detector | 4 pas. n detector |
| 2 target | 5 beam pipe |
| 3 Germanium | 6 ^{60}Co source |

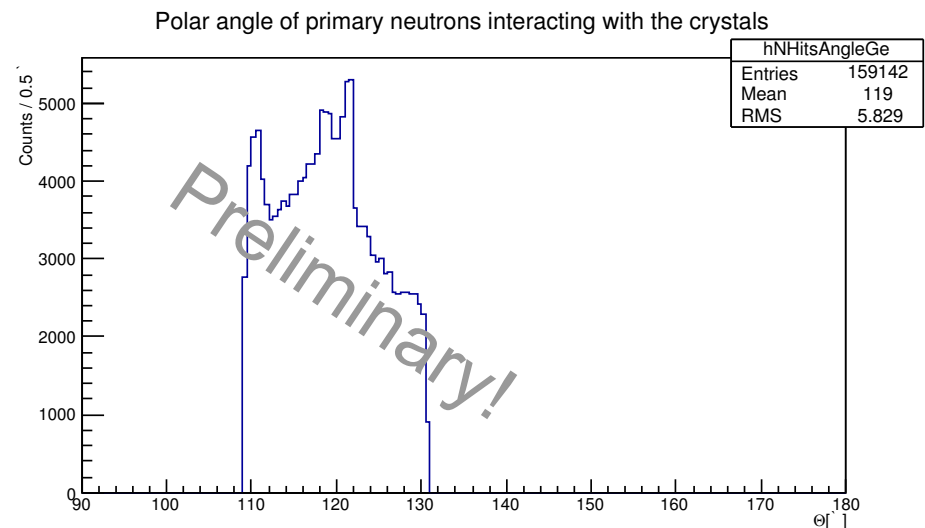
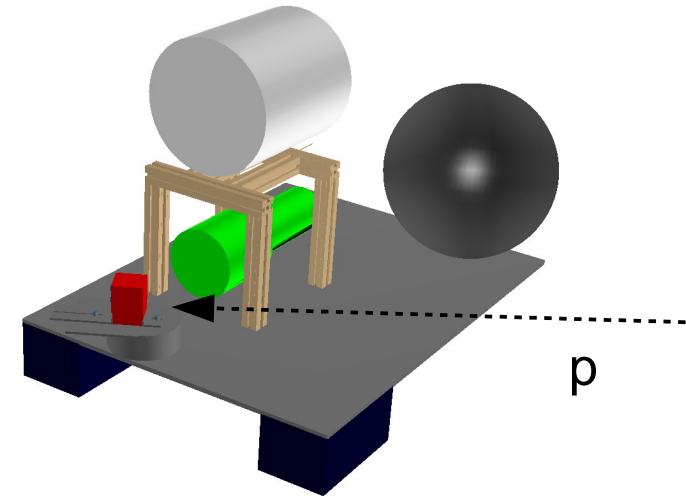
Irradiation test @ COSY in Jülich

- Better noise conditions due to improved grounding of the setup
- $4 \cdot 10^{13}$ protons accumulated
~50 days \bar{P} ANDA
- Limitation by radiation protection and beam time



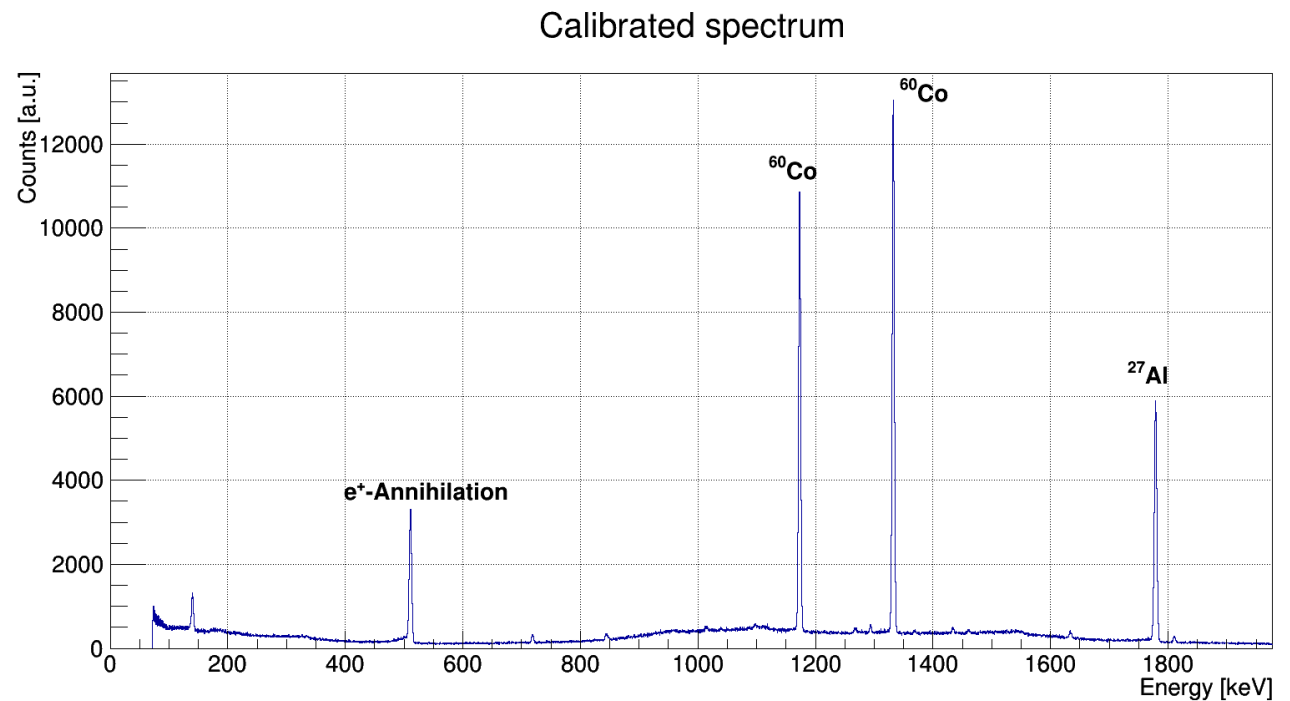
Irradiation test: Simulation

- Geometry of test setup build in PandaRoot
- 10^8 events, $1.6 \cdot 10^5$ n
→ $2.1 \cdot 10^9$ n/cm² total
(~75 days of \bar{P} ANDA)
- More detail in geometry and analysis in progress
- Confirmation via neutron detector measurements foreseen



Irradiation test: results

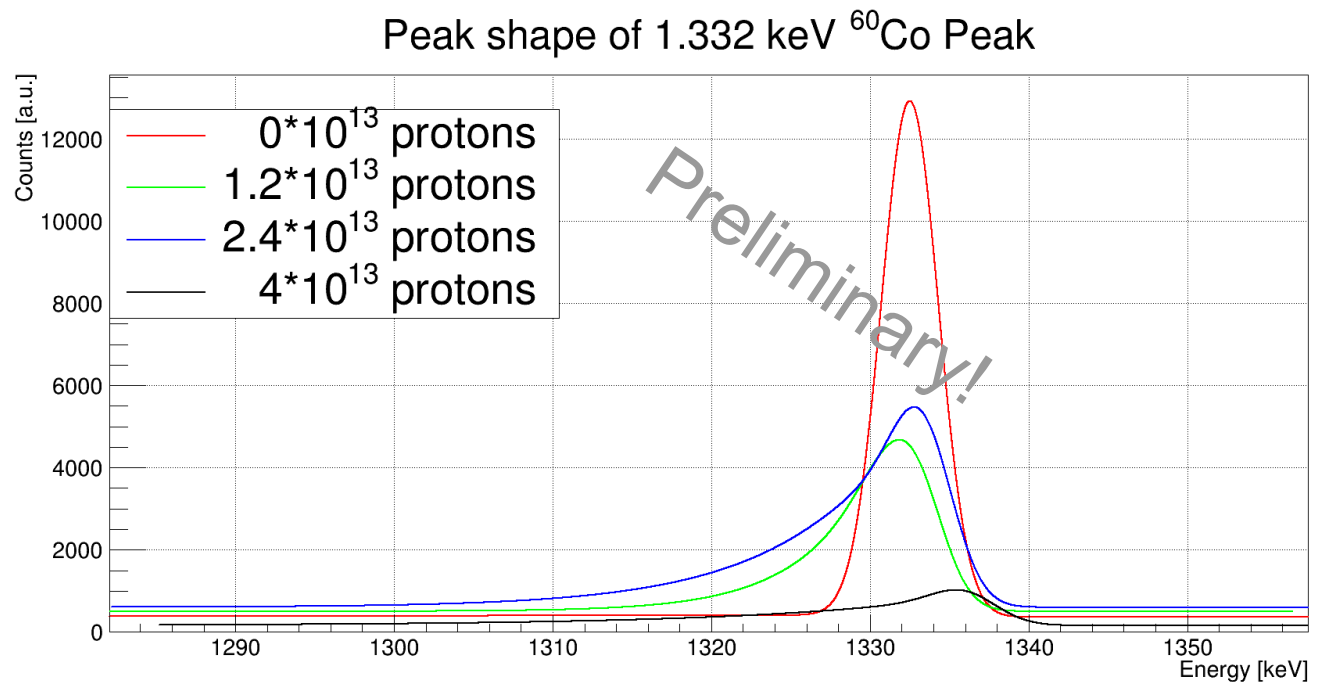
- Spectrum in spill pause
- Activation of surrounding material gives additional lines
- Useful for calibration, but additional background



Irradiation test: results

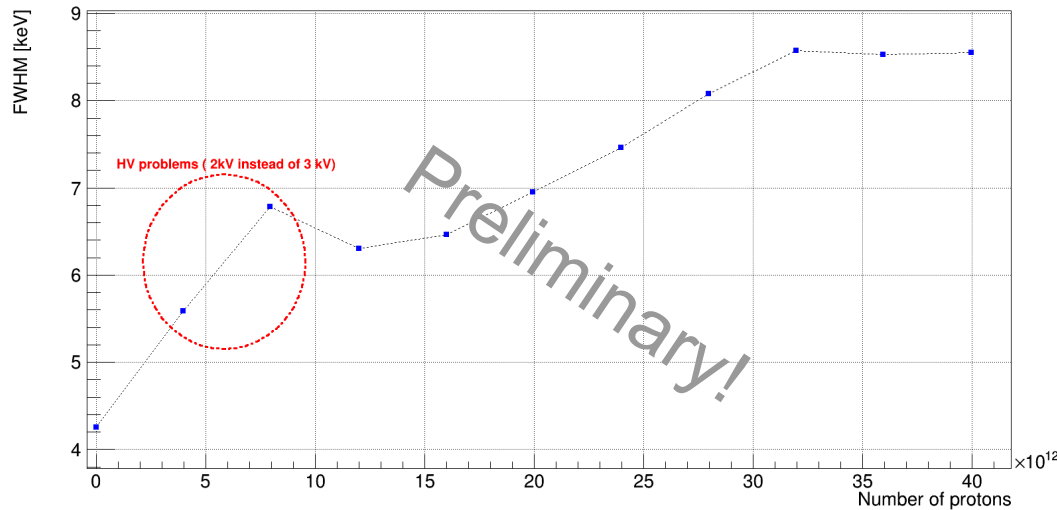
Evolution of line shape:

- Broadening
- Low energy tail
- Position shift due to calibration issues in the analysis



Irradiation test: results

Resolution of 1.332 keV ⁶⁰Co Peak

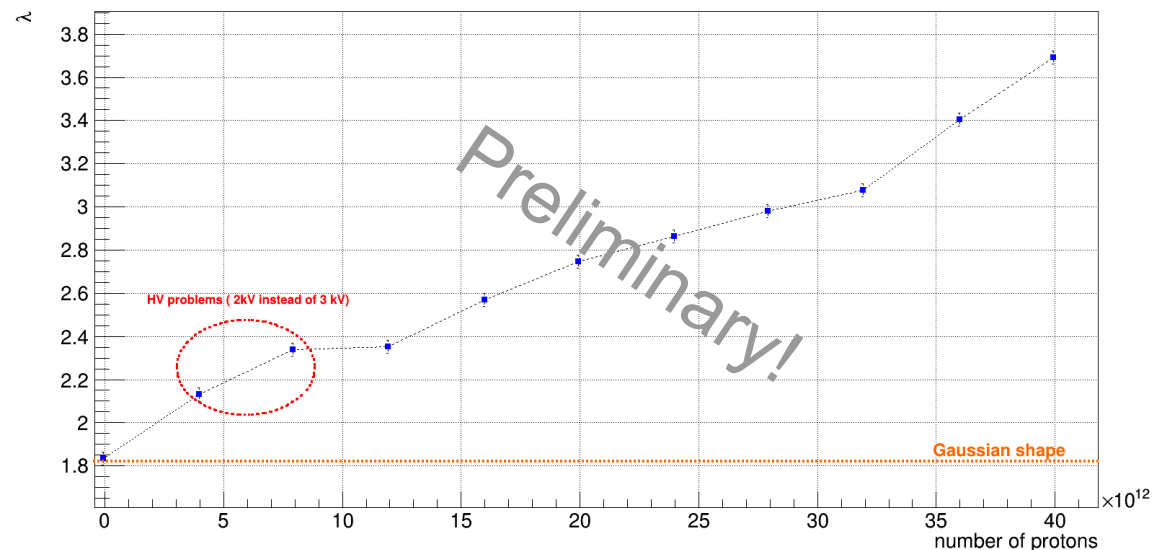


$$\lambda = \frac{\text{Full width at tenth maximum}}{\text{Full width at half maximum}}$$

- Gaussian: $\lambda = 1.82$
- Ratio is steadily growing

- Degradation of resolution
- FWHM seems to flatten at 8.5 keV
- FWHM still much better than shown in simulation!
- No corrections (risetime, variation of window size) applied yet!

Evolution of λ with irradiation



Summary / Outlook

- Some challenges for the germanium array, but a working solution for all of them!
- Good performing single crystal prototype
- Full size triple crystal prototype is ordered and foreseen for the end of 2014 / beginning of 2015
- Actively resetting preamplifier will be implemented
- Irradiation test done to show the feasibility of the Germaniums for \bar{P} ANDA, analysis of beam times in progress
- Next beam test with active resetting preamplifier and \bar{P} ANDA background rate at the end of this year

Thanks for your attention

