

# The strangeness $S = -2$ nuclear physics setup at $\bar{P}$ ANDA: Status and prospects

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*on behalf of the  $\bar{P}$ ANDA Collaboration*

*in collaboration with J. Gerl, I. Kojouharov, E. Friedman*

Helmholtz-Institut Mainz



**HIM**  
HELMHOLTZ  
Helmholtz-Institut Mainz

DPG 2019, Munich ,HK 52.1, 03/21/2019



# Outline

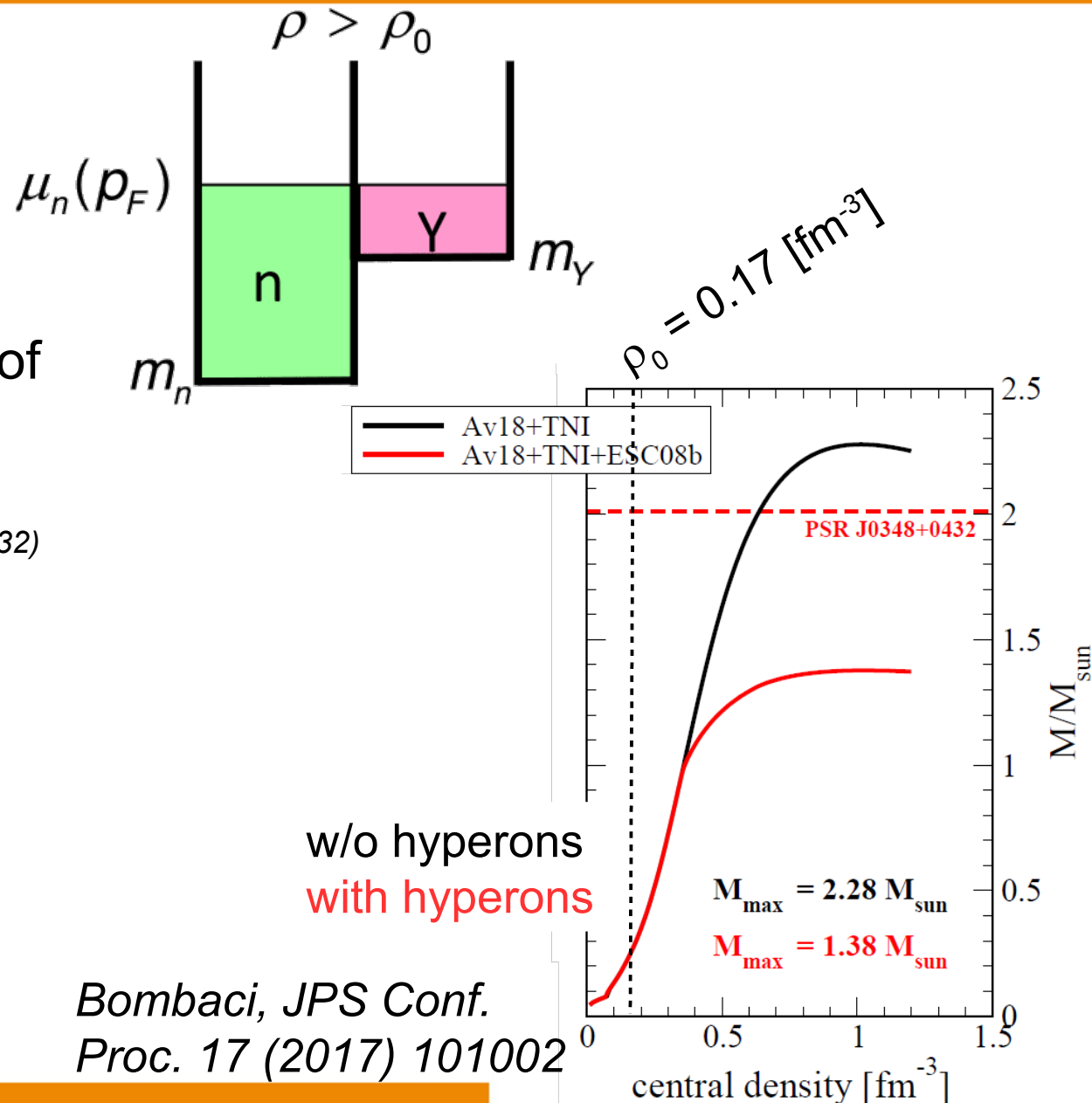
- Strangeness  $S = -2$  program of  $\bar{P}$ ANDA
- Dedicated detector setup of the  $S = -2$  program
- Irradiation test of a germanium detector at COSY

# Strangeness $S = -2$ program

Strangeness  $S = -2$  program of  $\bar{P}$ ANDA

# Motivation

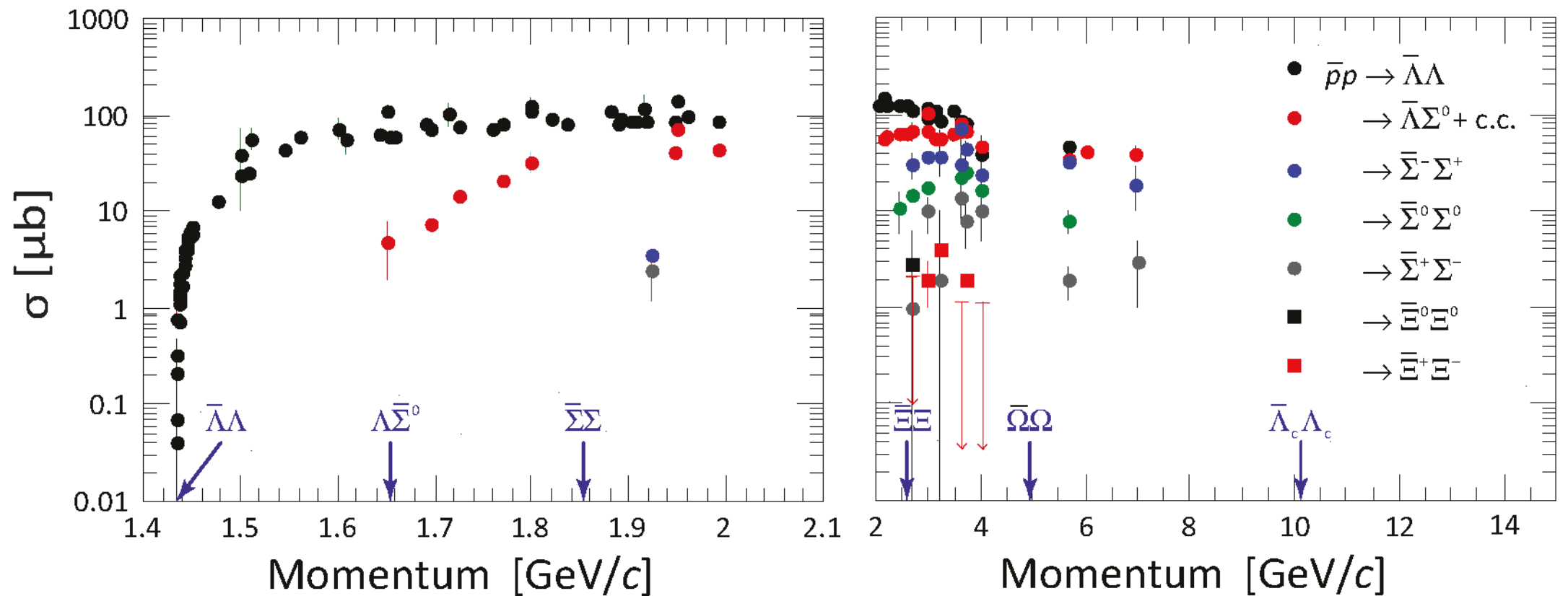
- Neutron stars
  - Hyperons energetically favored at  $\rho_{\text{NS}} > 2-3 \cdot \rho_0$
  - Hyperons soften equation of state  
 -> Too soft for  $m_{\text{NS}} = 2 M_{\odot}$   
 (PSR J0348-0432)



→ **Hyperon puzzle**

→ **Experimental input for hyperon interactions required!**

# PANDA @ HESR as “hyperon factory”



*Panda Collaboration, Physics Performance Report for PANDA*

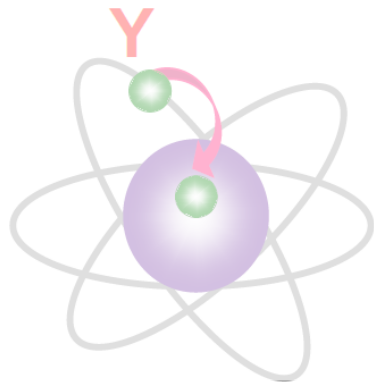
Production rates:  
@ 2 MHz  $\bar{p}p$

$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$   
 $\Xi^-\bar{\Xi}^+$

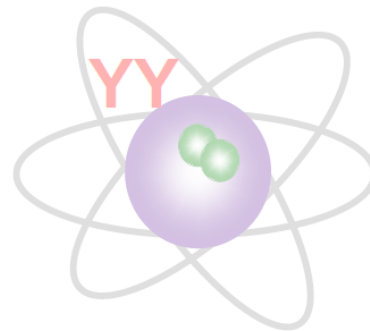
1200 /s  
80 /s

# S = -2 experiments @ $\bar{P}$ ANDA

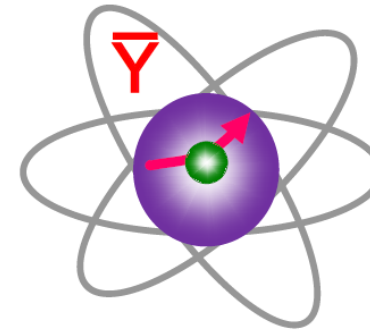
$\Xi^-$  hyperatoms



$\Lambda\Lambda$  hypernuclei



(anti)hyperon propagation



## Physics Topic at $\bar{P}$ ANDA

$\Xi^-$  potential in neutron-rich baryonic matter

Structure of double  $\Lambda\Lambda$  hypernuclei, hyperon mixing

antihyperon potential in cold baryonic matter

## Methodology

Width and shift of atomic levels in  $\Xi^-$   $^{208}\text{Pb}$  atoms

Excited state spectrum of light  $\Lambda\Lambda$  hypernuclei

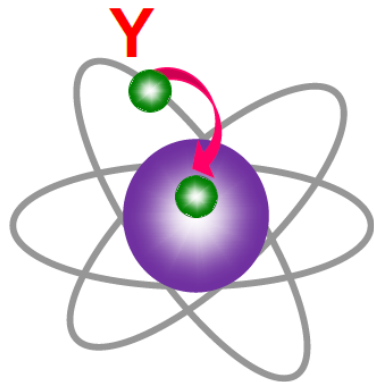
$Y\bar{Y}$  momentum correlations at threshold

*Pochodzalla et al., Nuclear Physics A 954 (2016) 323–340*

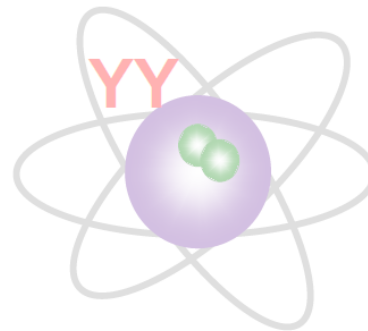
*Sanchez Lorente et al., Physics Letters B 749 (2015), pp. 421-424*

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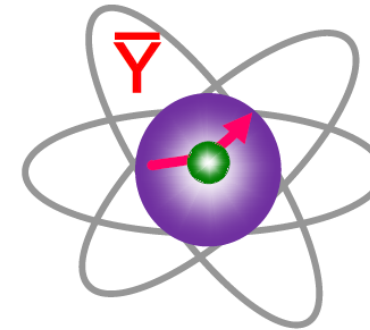
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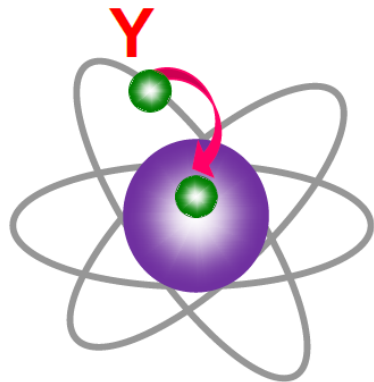
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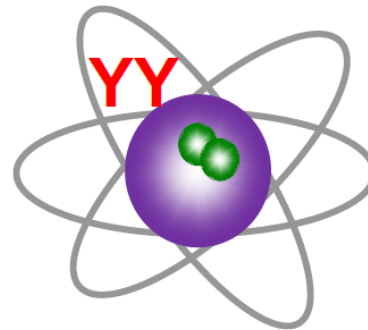
*Sanchez Lorente et al., Physics Letters B 749 (2015), pp. 421-424*

# S = -2 experiments @ $\bar{P}$ ANDA

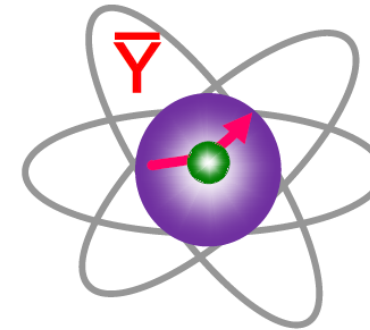
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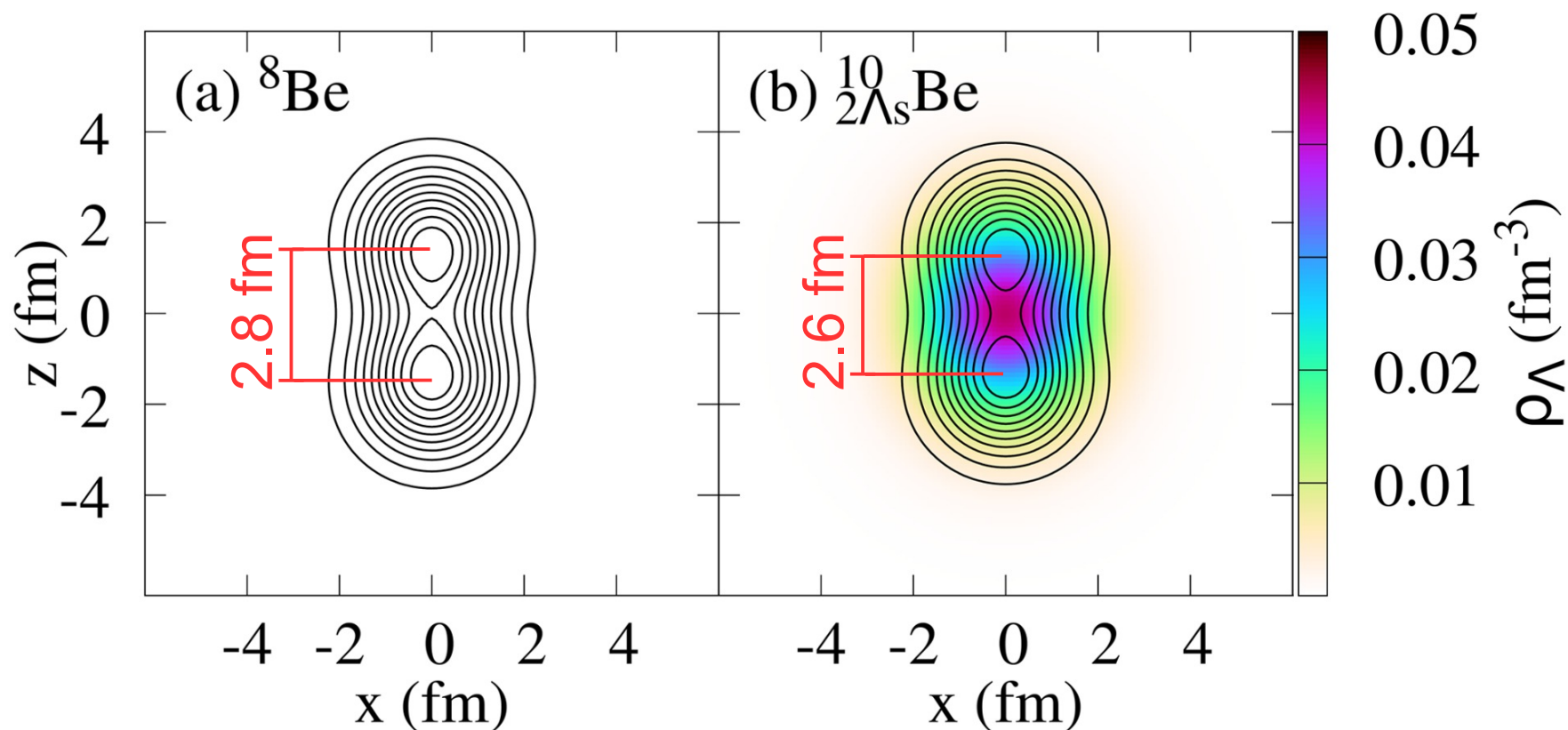
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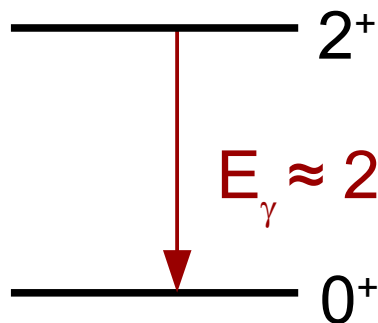
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# $\gamma$ spectroscopy of $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei



${}^{10}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$



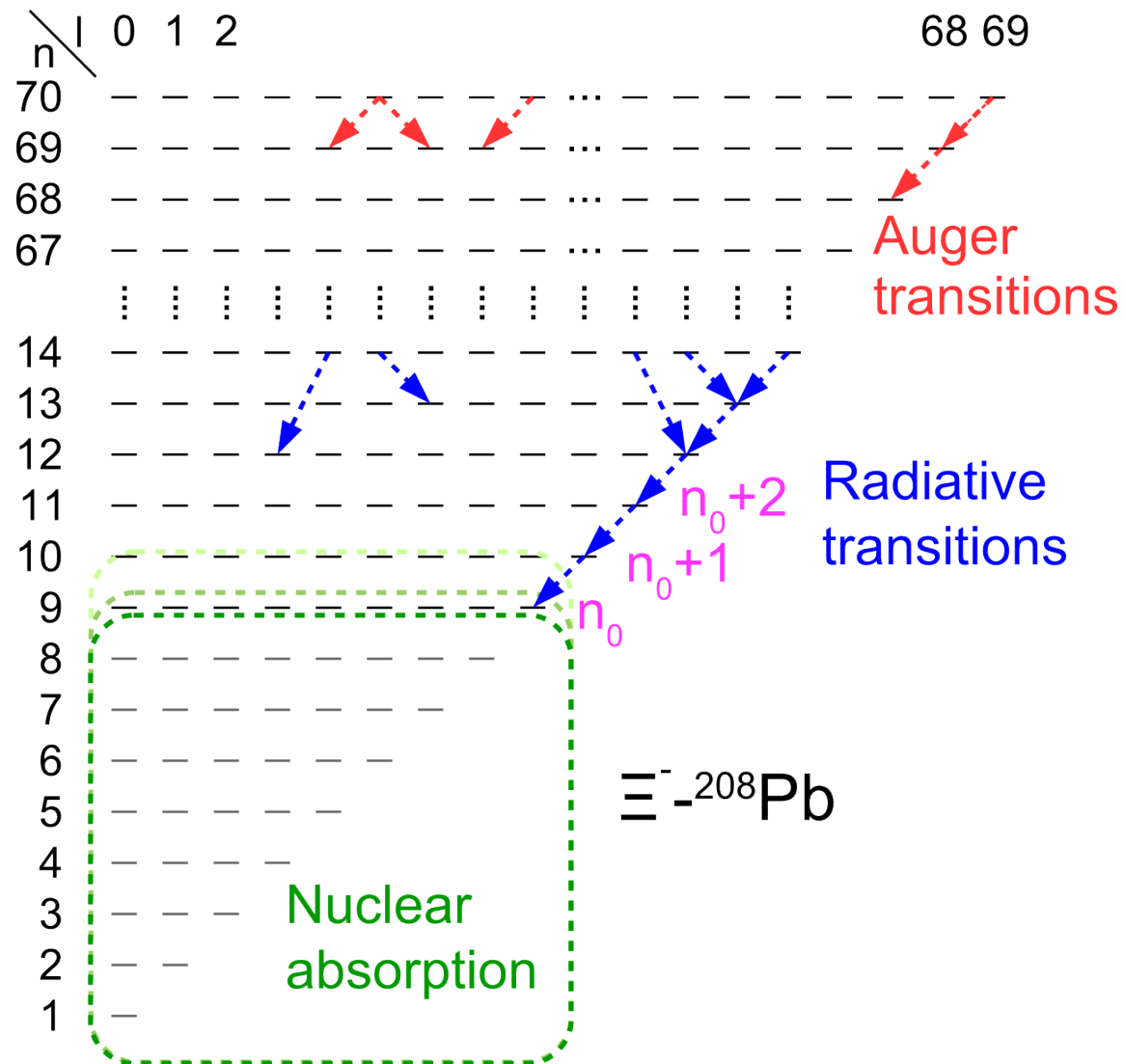
Tanimura, arXiv:1812.07713 [nucl-th].

$$E_J = \hbar^2 \frac{J(J+1)}{2\Theta_{\text{eff}}}$$

(assuming rigid rotator)

# $\Xi^-$ - $^{208}\text{Pb}$ hyperatoms

- $\Xi^-$  -  $^{208}\text{Pb}$ :  $m_{\text{red},\Xi} \approx 2570 \cdot m_{\text{red},e}$ 
  - High initial (n,l) states
  - X-ray energy to keV-MeV  
→ Germanium detectors
  - Radius of states  $r_n \propto \frac{n^2}{m_{\text{red}}}$   
→ Nuclear interaction in neutron rich periphery



Adaptation from T. Aramaki et al *Astroparticle Physics* 49 (2013), pp. 52-62

# Hyperatom experiment - observables

- Observables of nuclear interaction:

- Energy shift of  $\gamma_2$   $\Delta E_{n_0}^{nuc}$

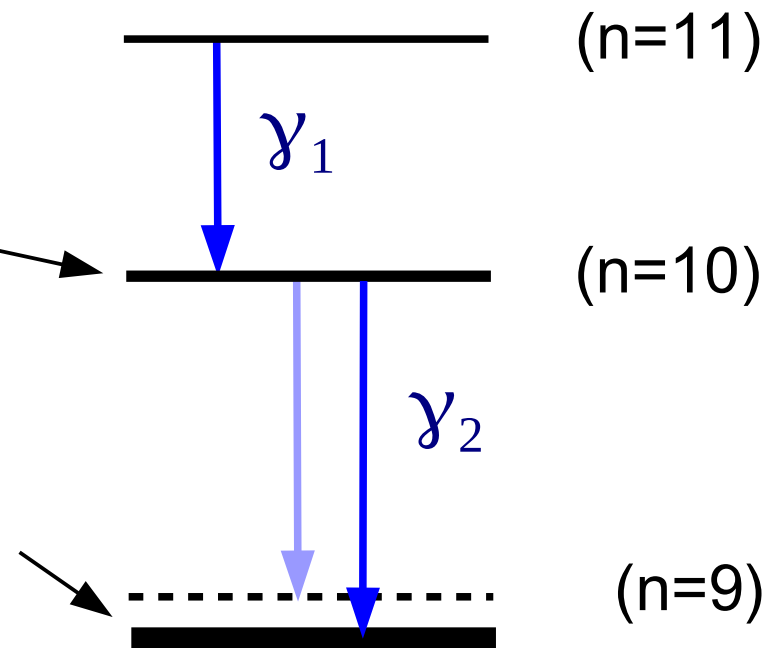
- Width of  $(n_0, l_0)$   $\Gamma_{n_0}^{abs}$

- Yield of  $\gamma_2$   $Y_{\gamma_2}$

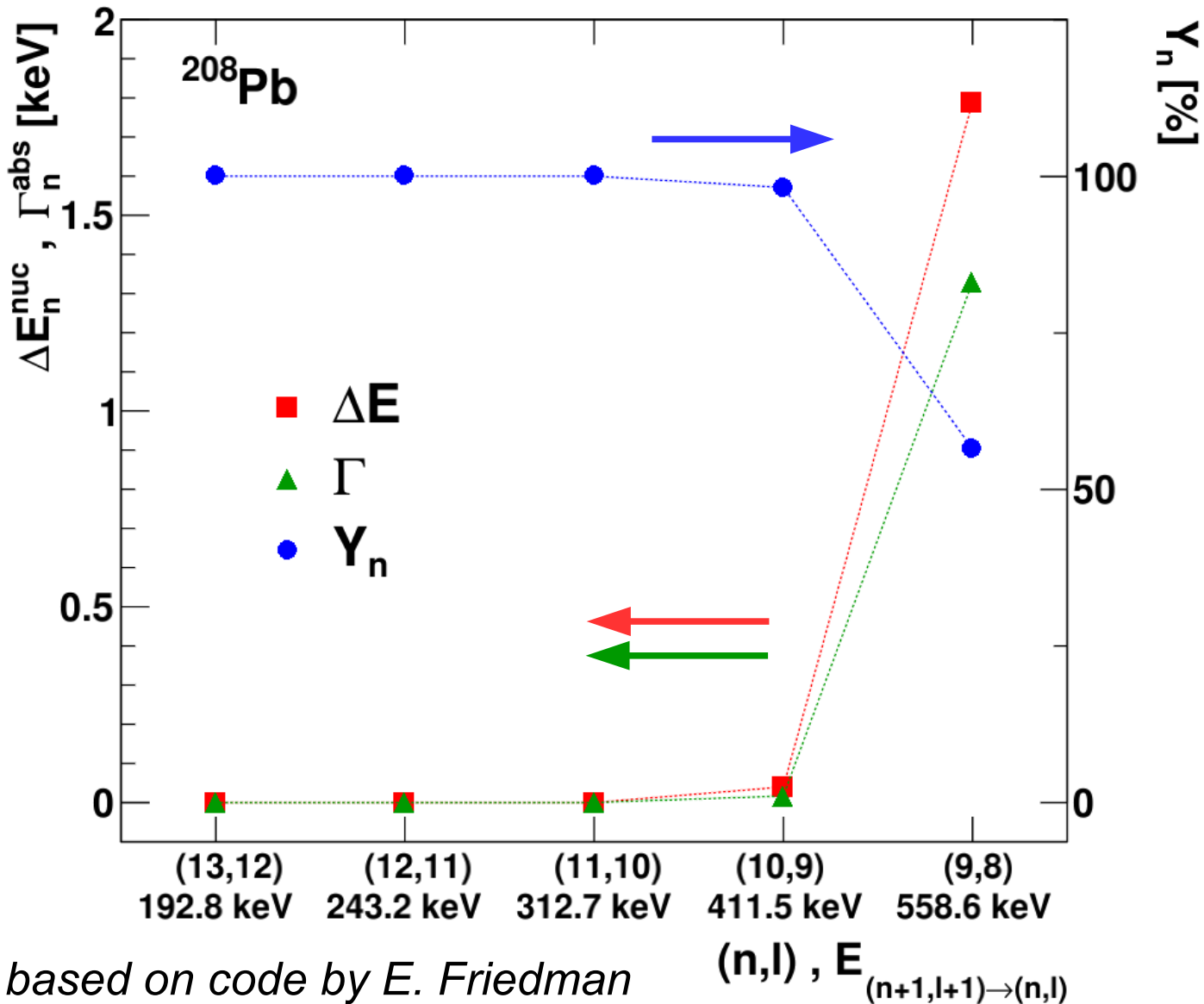
→  $\Gamma_{n_0+1}^{abs}$

Nuclear absorption

Strong shift and width



# $\Xi^-$ - $^{208}\text{Pb}$ observables



(9,8):

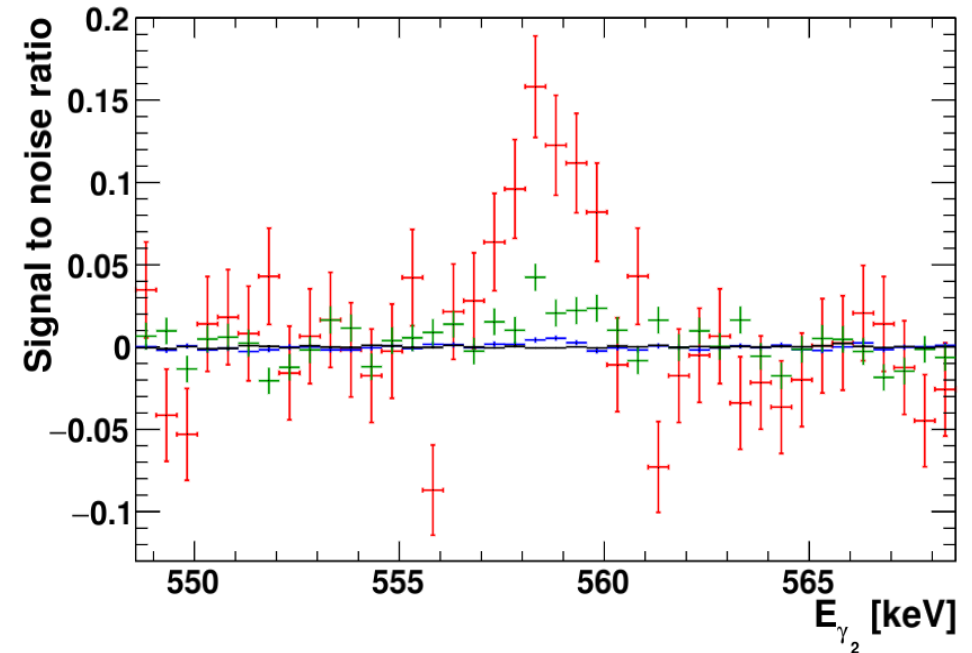
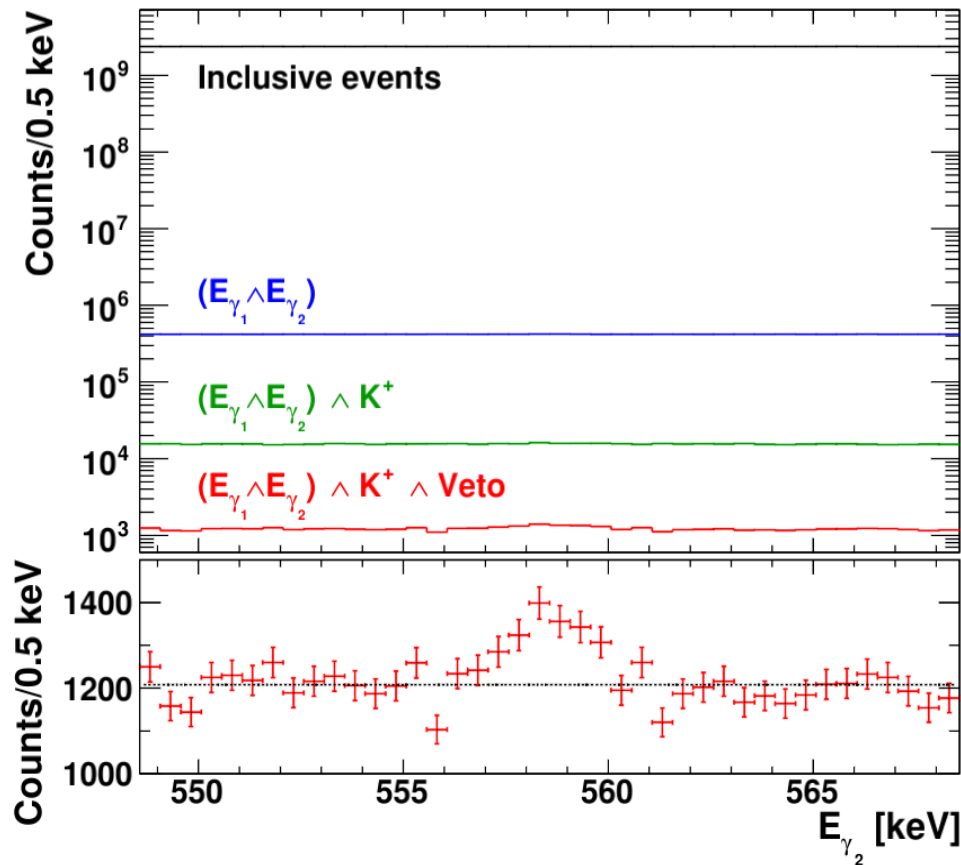
1.83 keV

1.33 keV

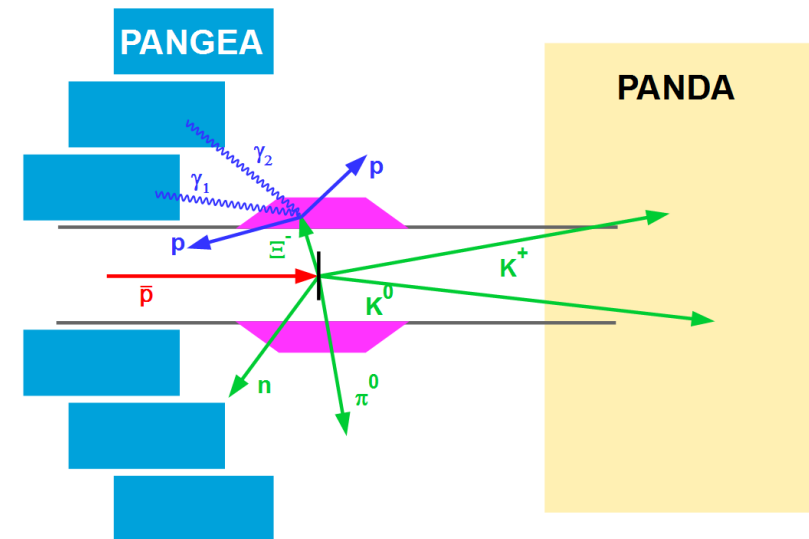
56.5 %

Calculations based on code by E. Friedman

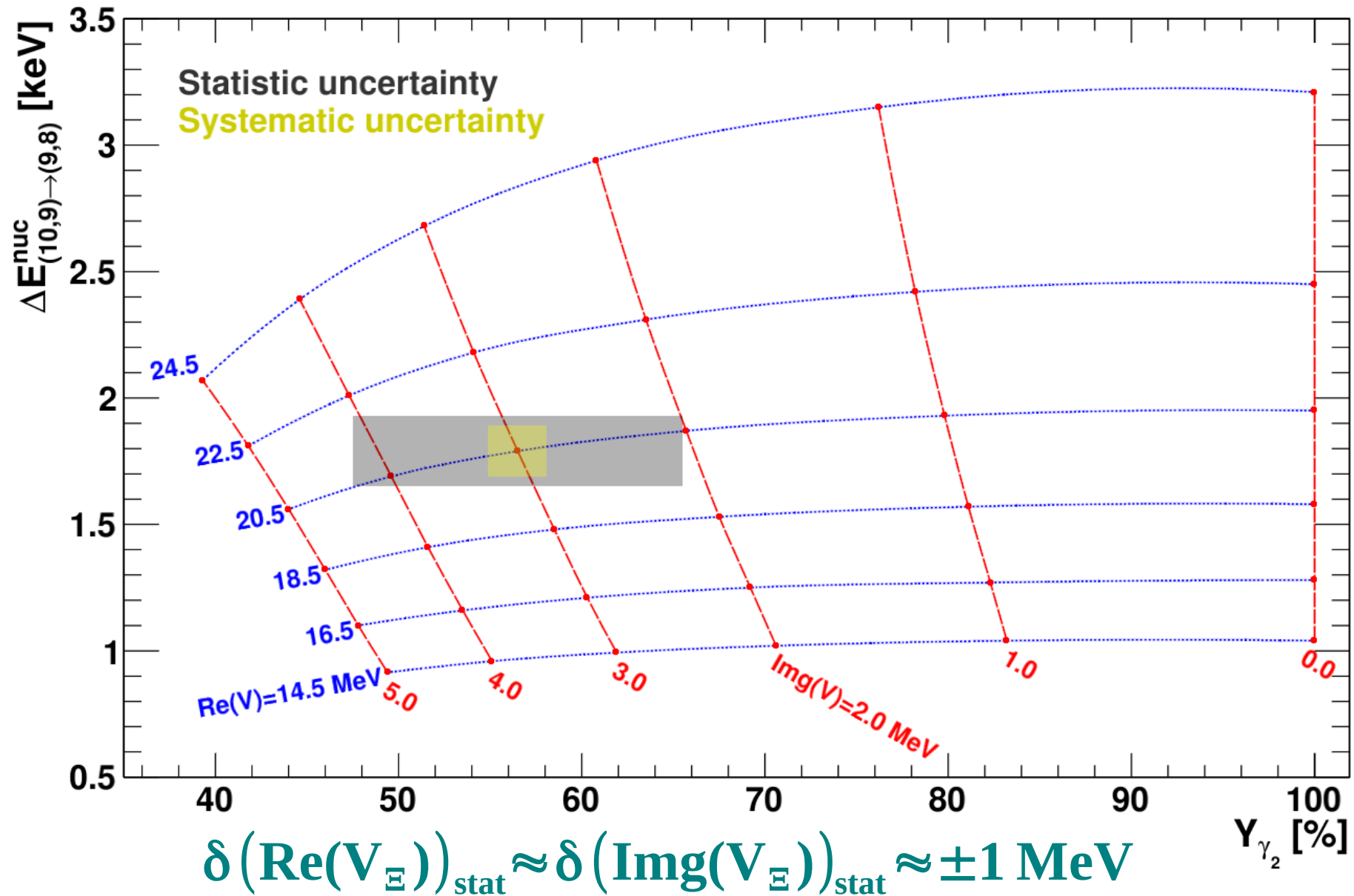
# Hyperatom experiment - event selection



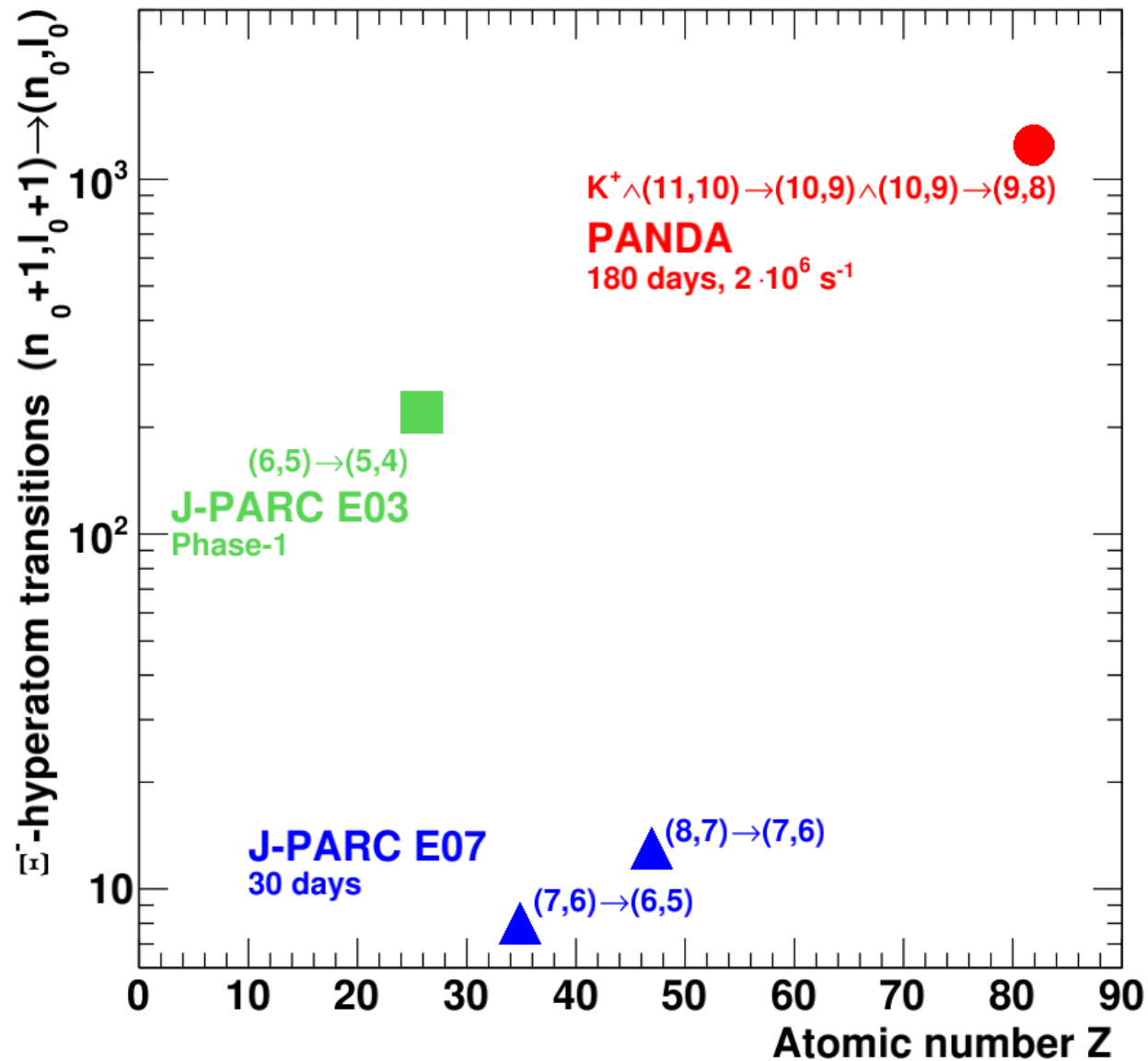
- Signals events after cuts (180 days): 1237
- Signal efficiency: 0.9 %
- Background suppression :  $2 \cdot 10^6$



# Hyperatom experiment - predictions



# Hyperatom experimental landscape



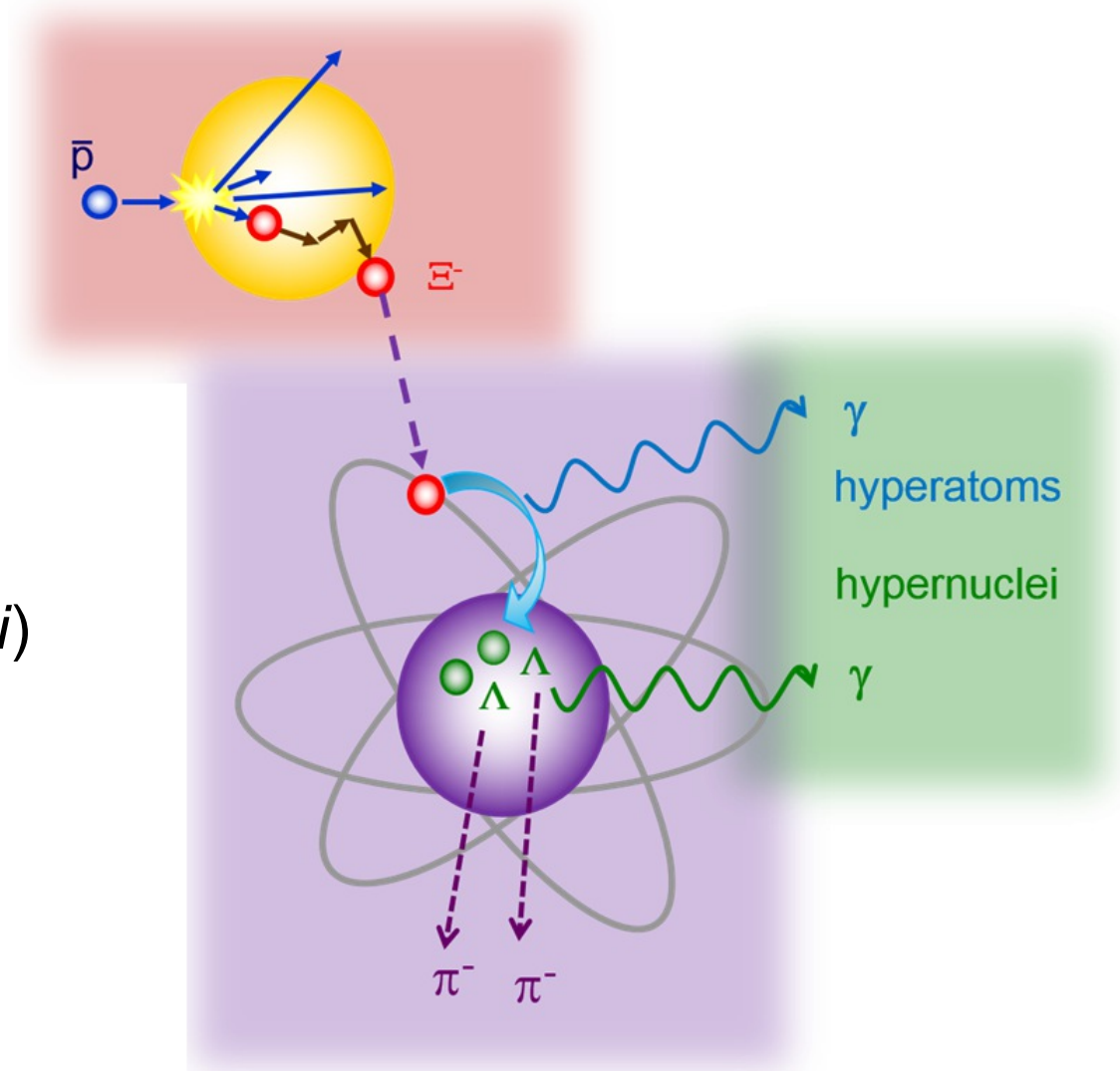
# Dedicated detector setup

Dedicated detector setup  
of the  $S = -2$  program

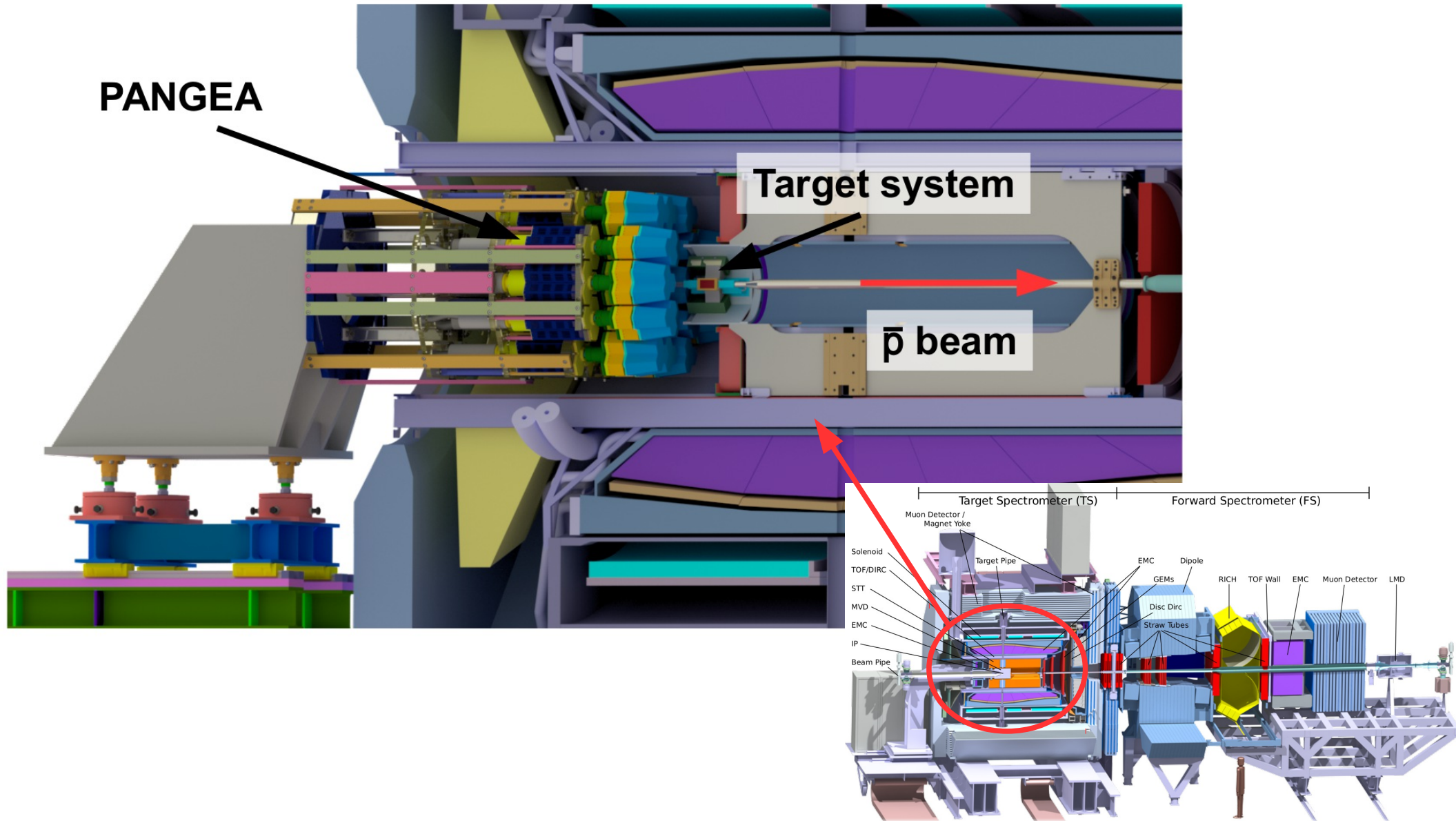


# Hypernuclei/atoms production @ $\bar{P}$ ANDA

- **Primary target**
  - Production of  $\Xi^-$
- **Secondary target**
  - Stopping of  $\Xi^-$
  - Atomic/nuclear conversion
  - Decay  $\pi^-$  tracking (*hypernuclei*)
- **PANGEA**
  - X-Ray /  $\gamma$  spectroscopy

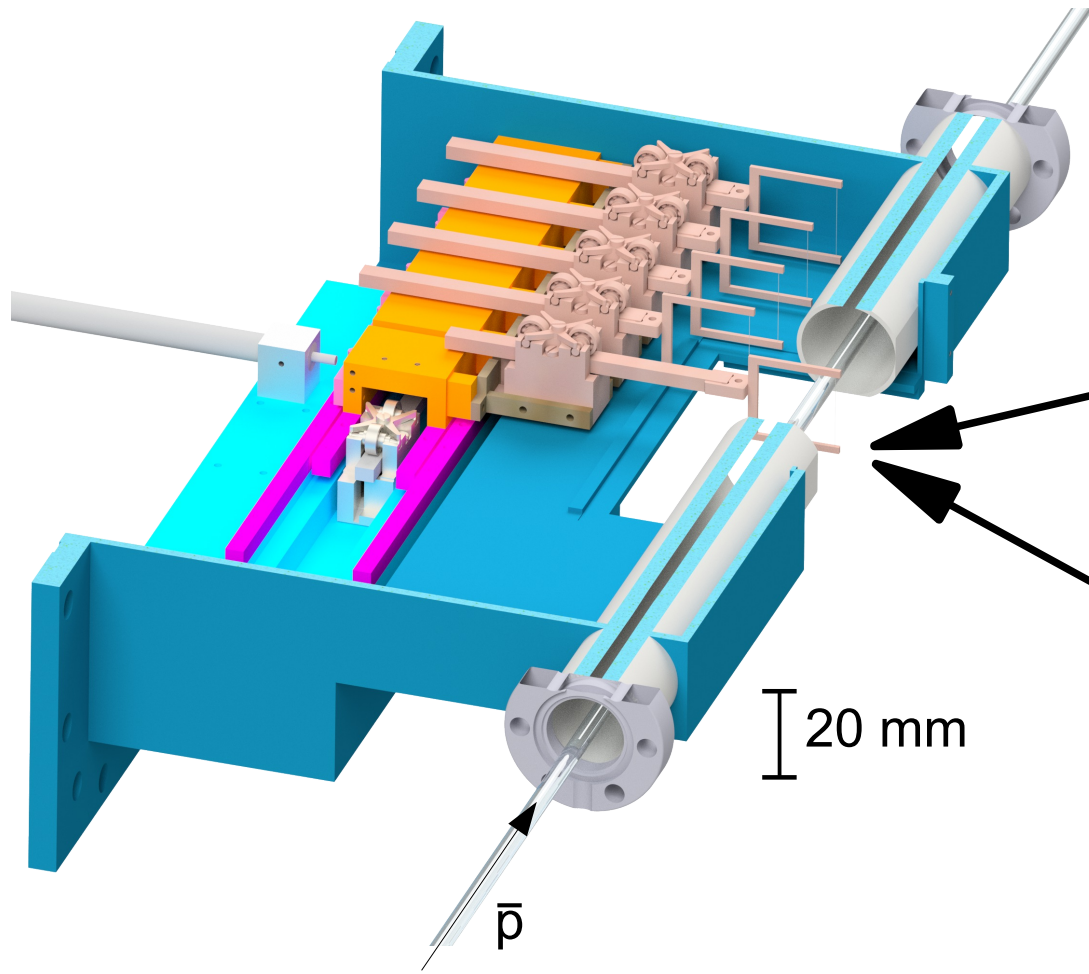


# Modifications of $\bar{P}$ ANDA spectrometer



# Two-stage target system

## Primary target

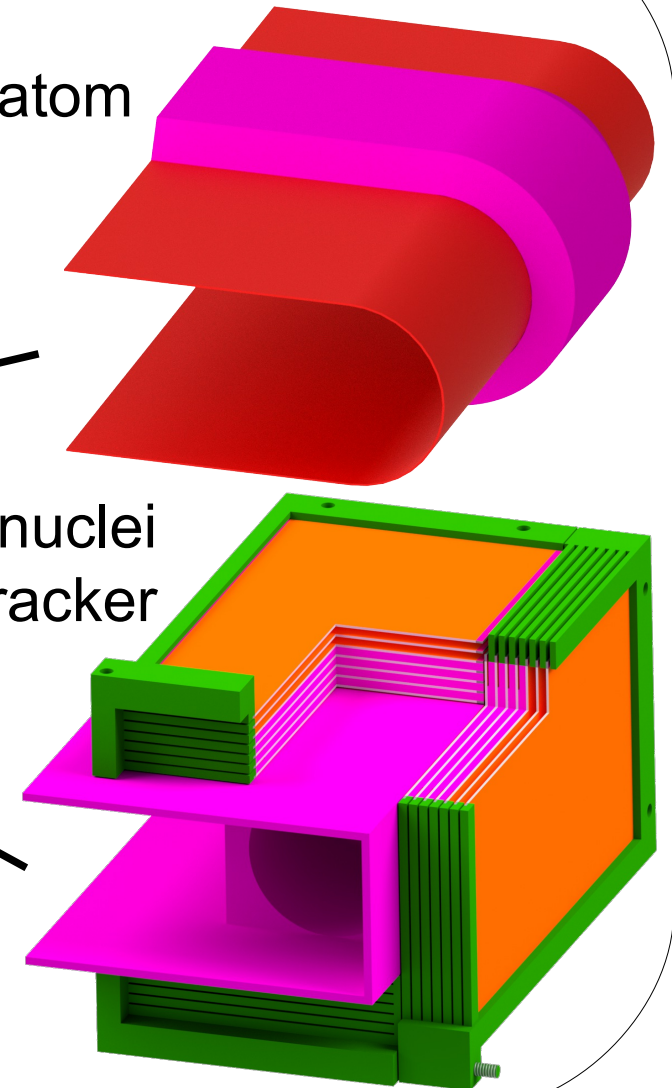


$\bar{p}$  life time determines size

## Secondary target

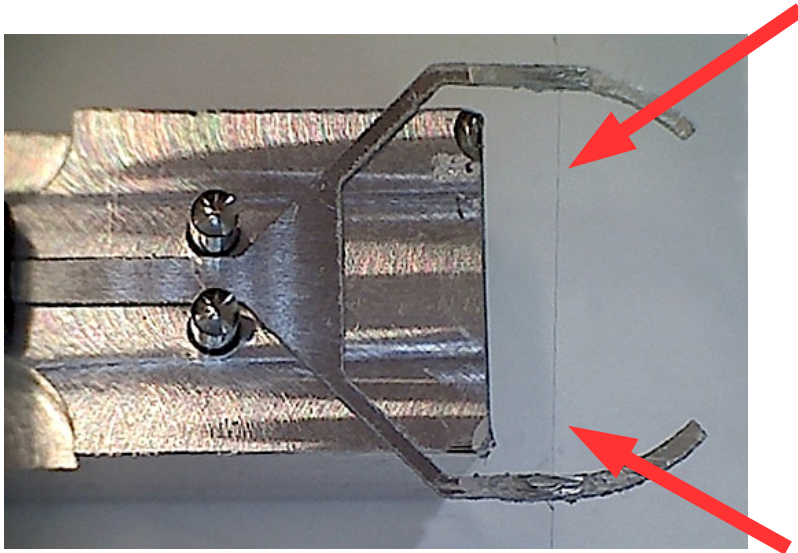
Hyperatom  
 $^{208}\text{Pb}$

Hypernuclei  
 $^{11}\text{B} + \text{Tracker}$

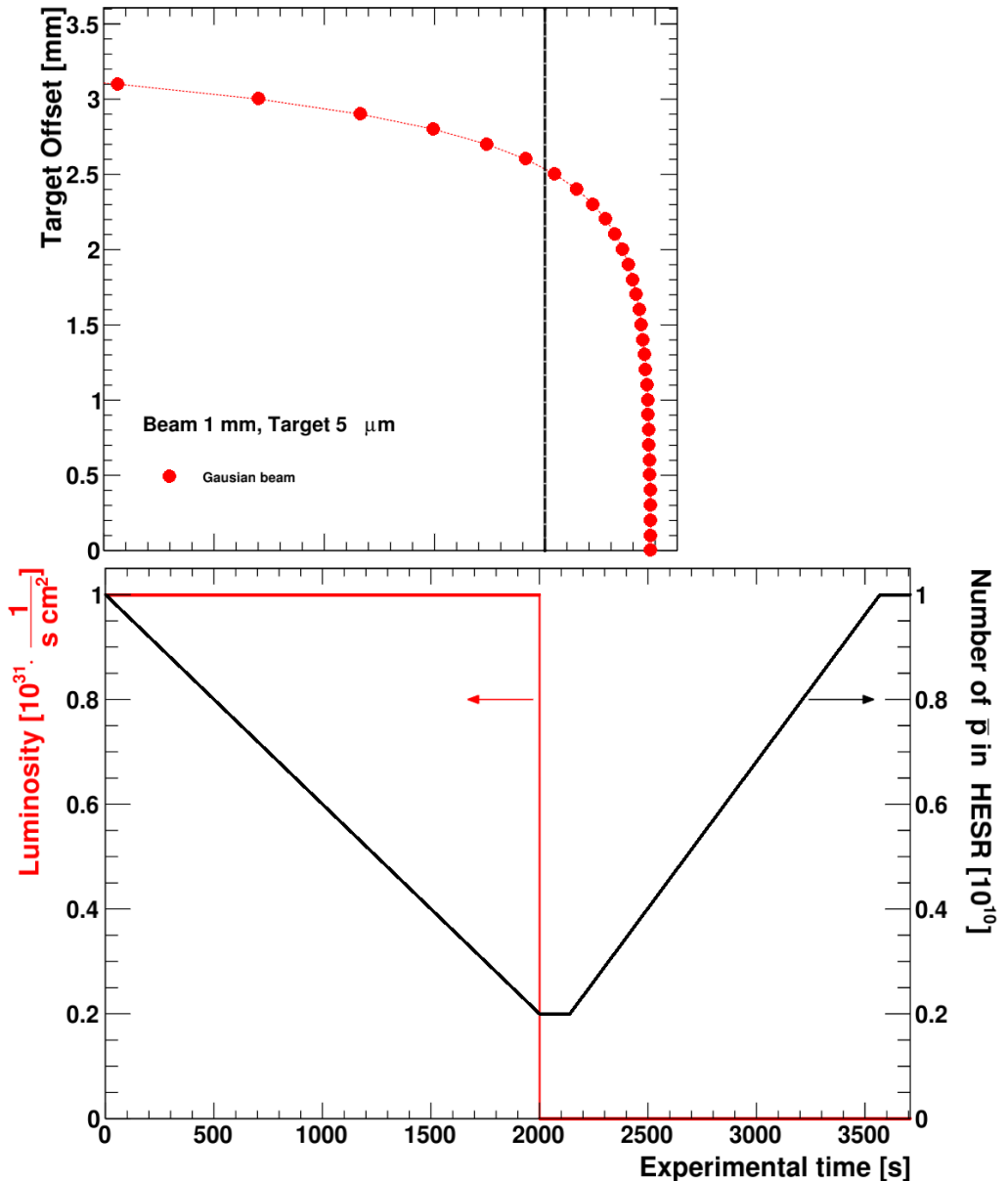


# Primary target system – internal target

- Internal target in storage ring  
→ **carbon filament** ( $r \sim 3 \mu\text{m}$ )

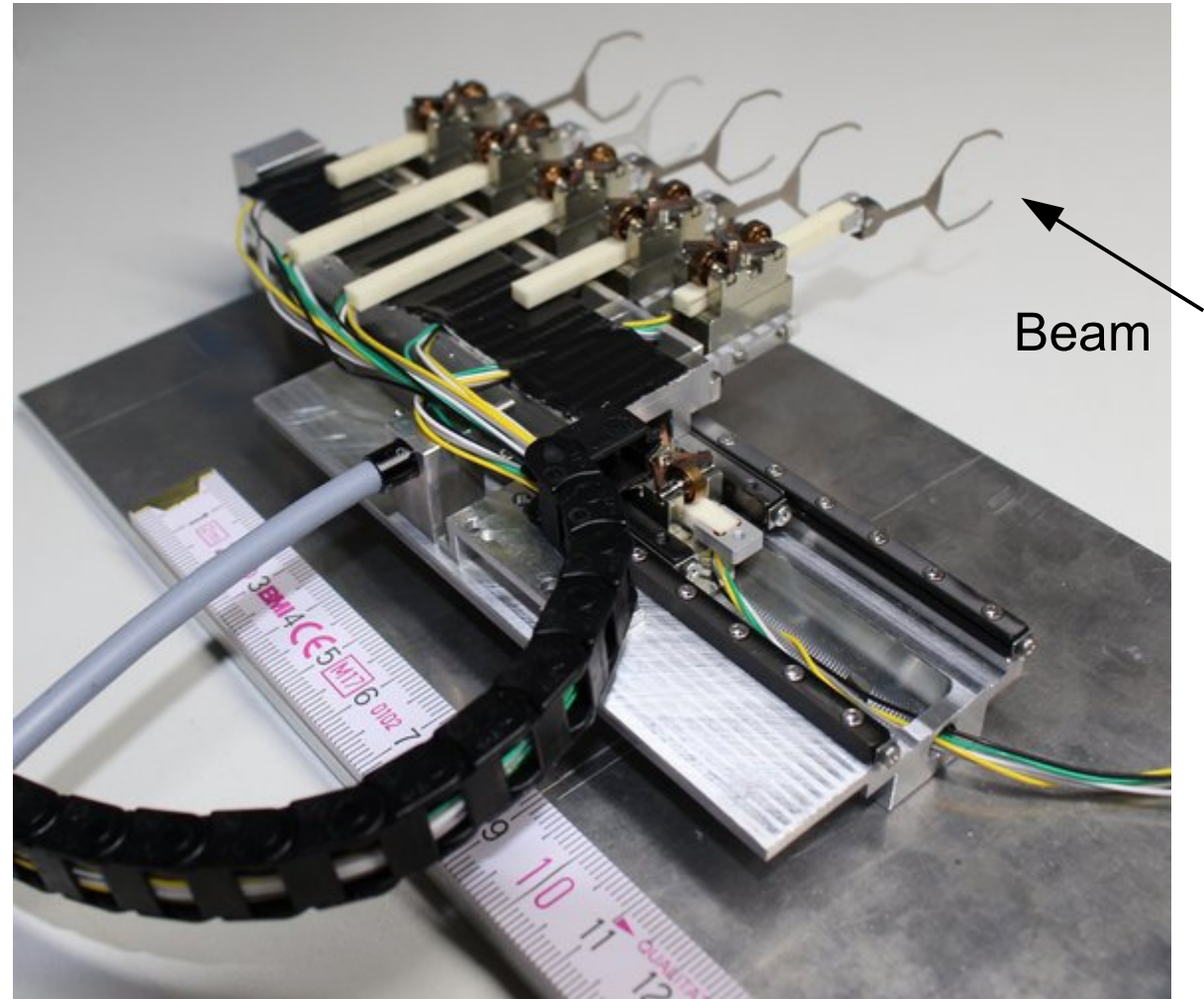


- Constant luminosity by steering of the filament



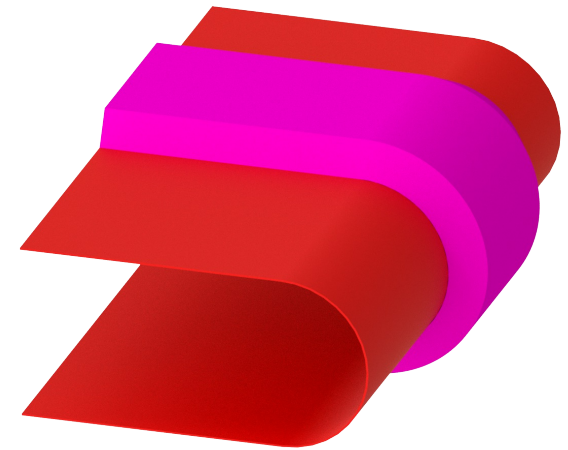
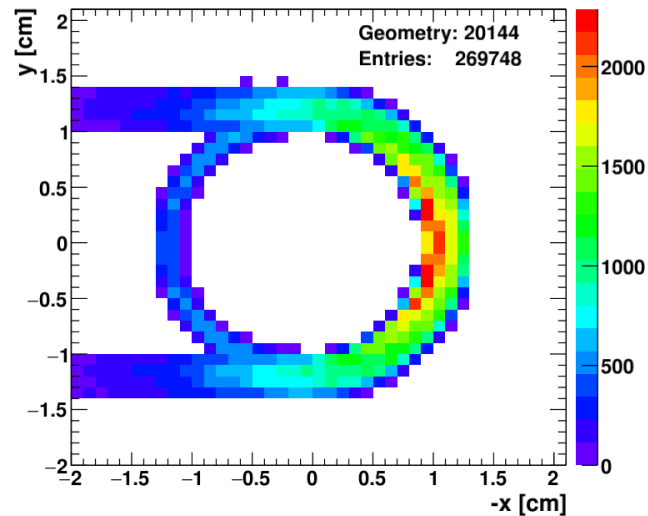
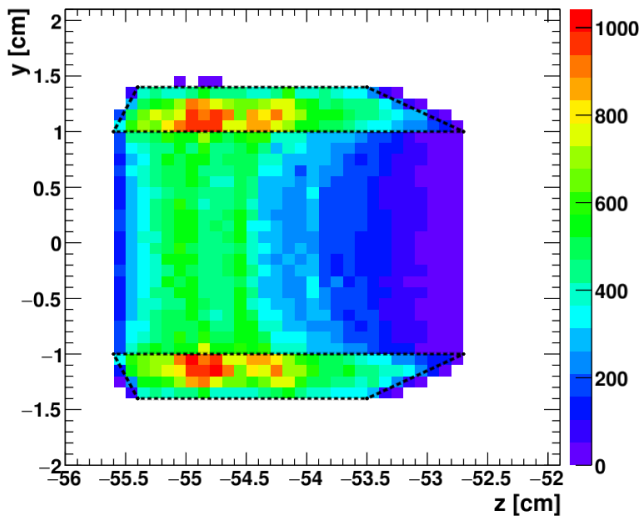
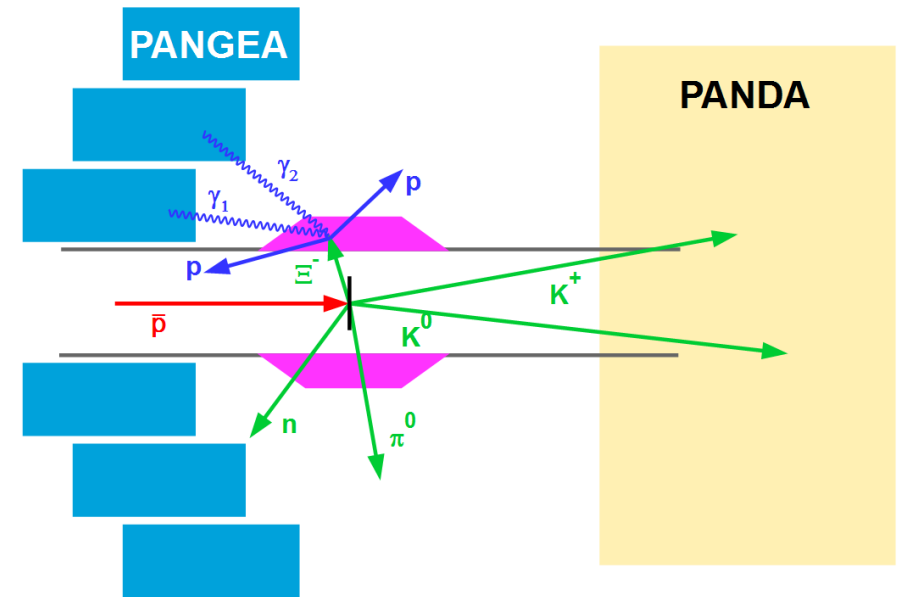
# Prototype of the Primary target system

- No access during beam time  
→ Replaceable targets  
→ **2D moving system**
- Size
- Environment  
→ **Piezo actuators**
- Radiation hard positioning system
  - IR reflections of trapezoidal structure
  - $\sigma_z = 10 \mu\text{m}$



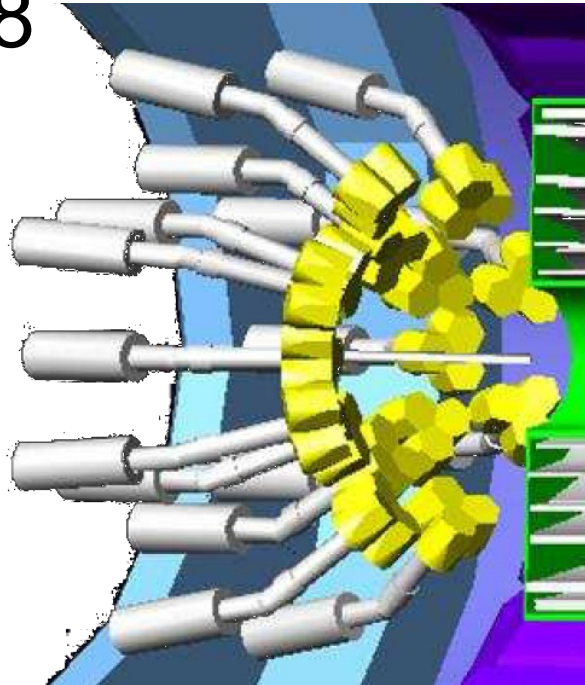
# Secondary target - hyperatom

- Optimization:
  - Max.  $\Xi^-$  stopping
  - Min. X-ray absorption
- Based on events generated in GiBUU transport code



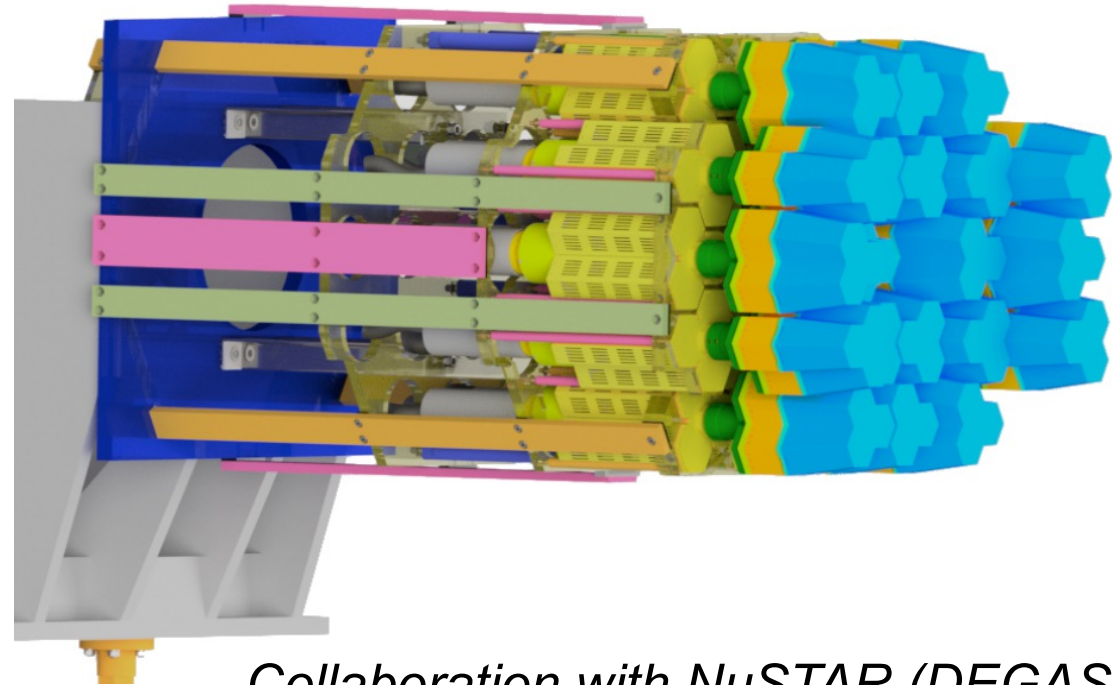
# PAnda GERmanium Array (PANGEA)

2008



Beam

2019

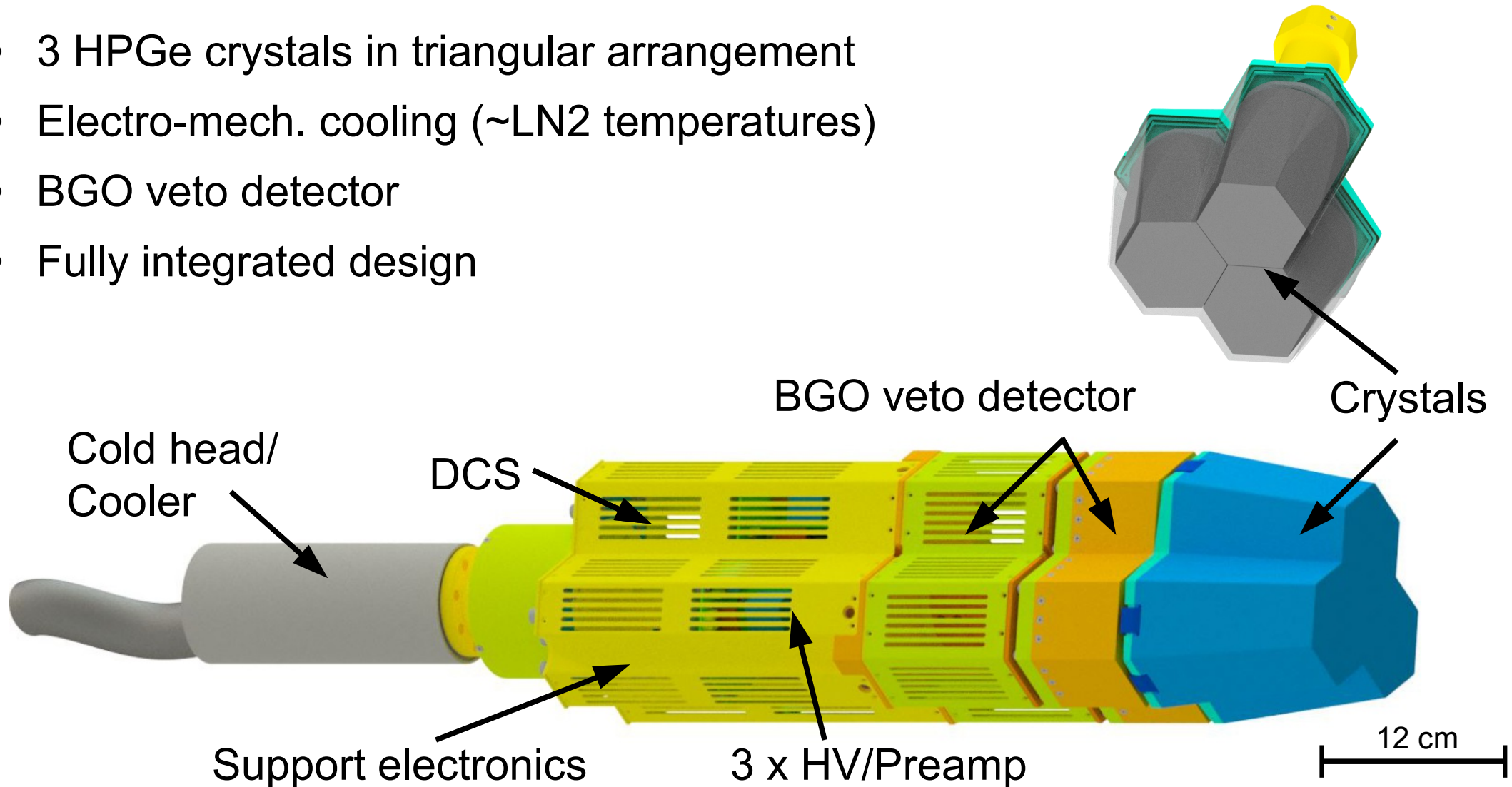


*Collaboration with NuSTAR (DEGAS)*

- Identical detectors
- Additional Crystals (48 → 60)  
→ improved efficiency ( $\sim 4.8\%$  FEP @ 1.332 MeV  $^{60}\text{Co}$ )

# PANGEA - triple detector

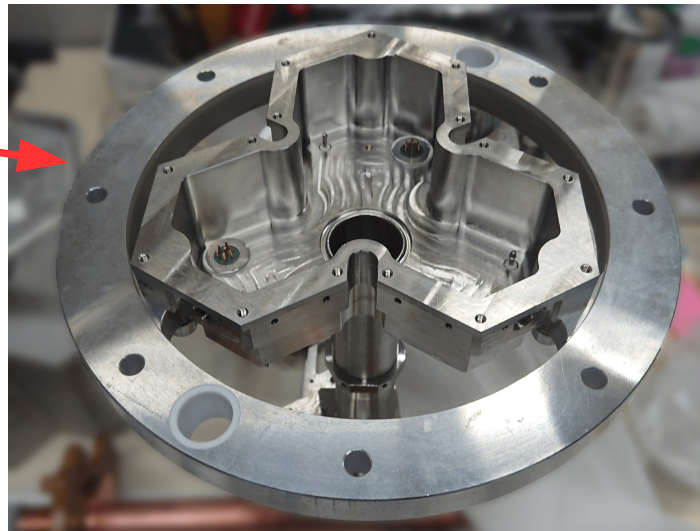
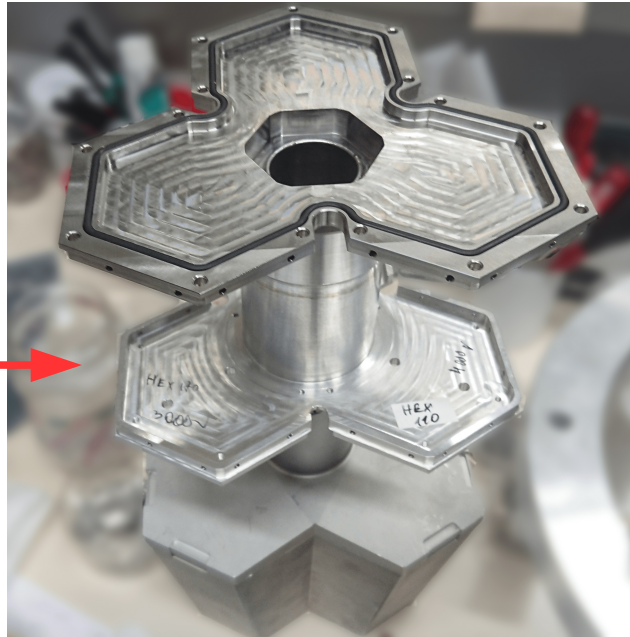
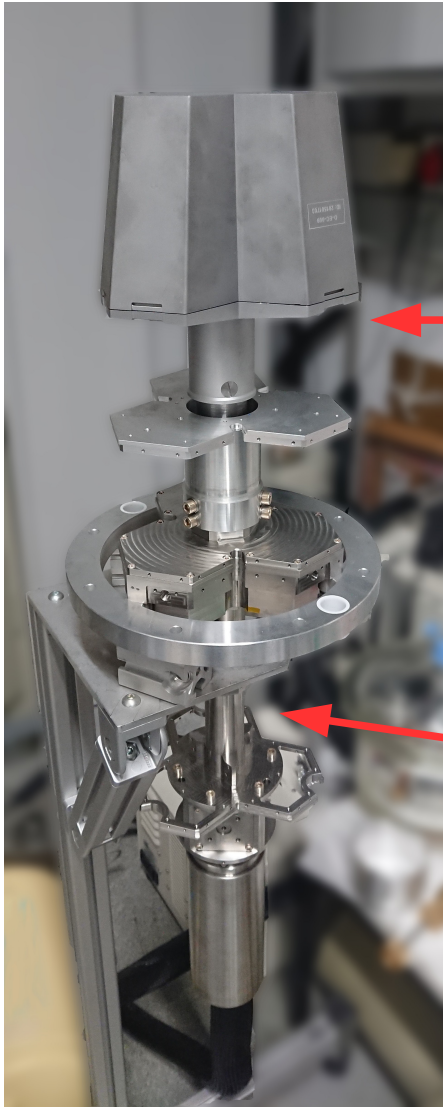
- 3 HPGe crystals in triangular arrangement
- Electro-mech. cooling ( $\sim$ LN2 temperatures)
- BGO veto detector
- Fully integrated design



*Courtesy of I. Kojouharov*



# Triple detector prototype



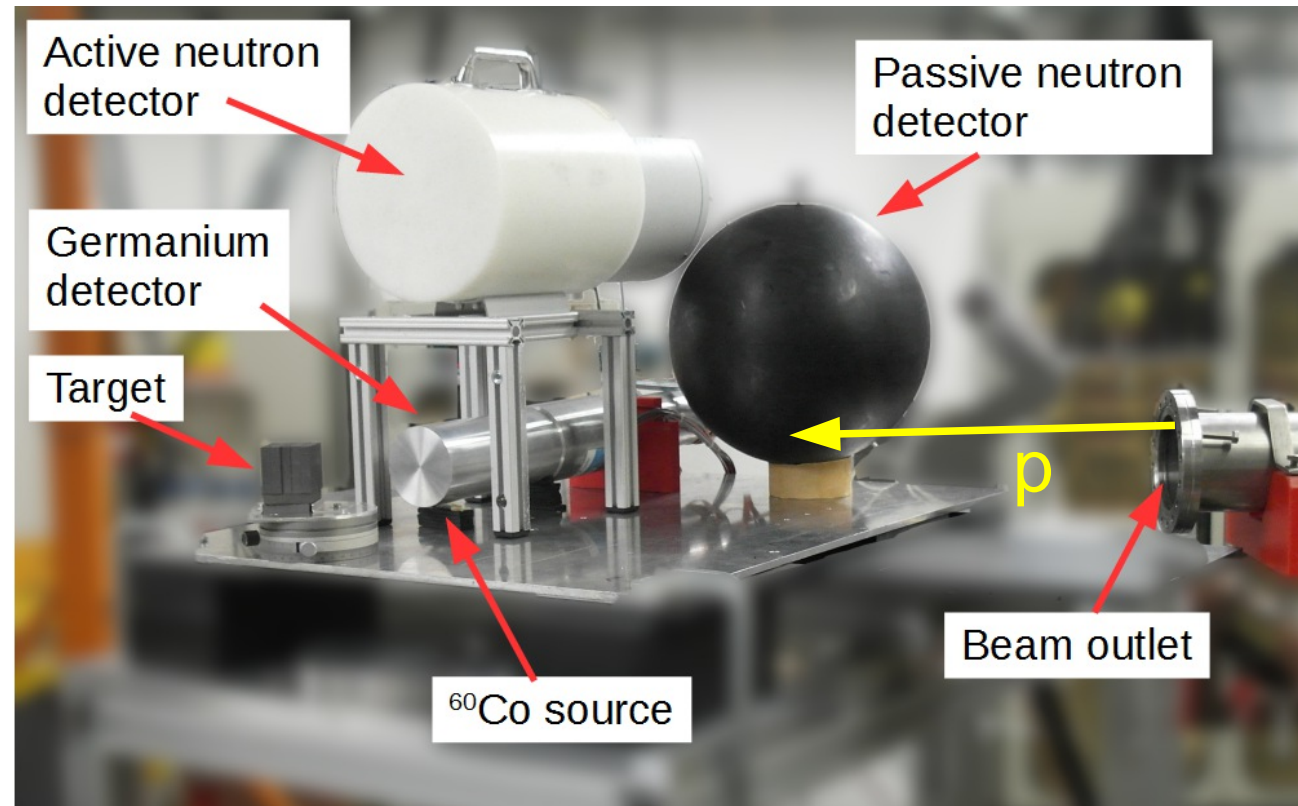
*Courtesy of I. Kojouharov*

# Irradiation test at COSY

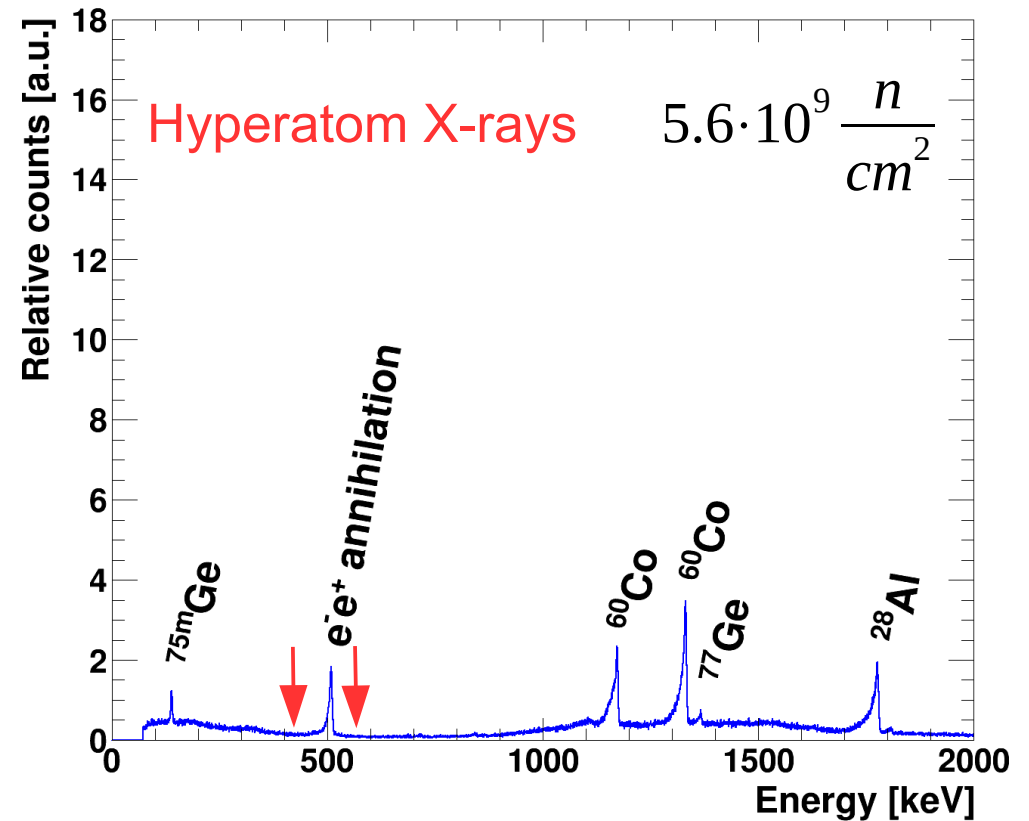
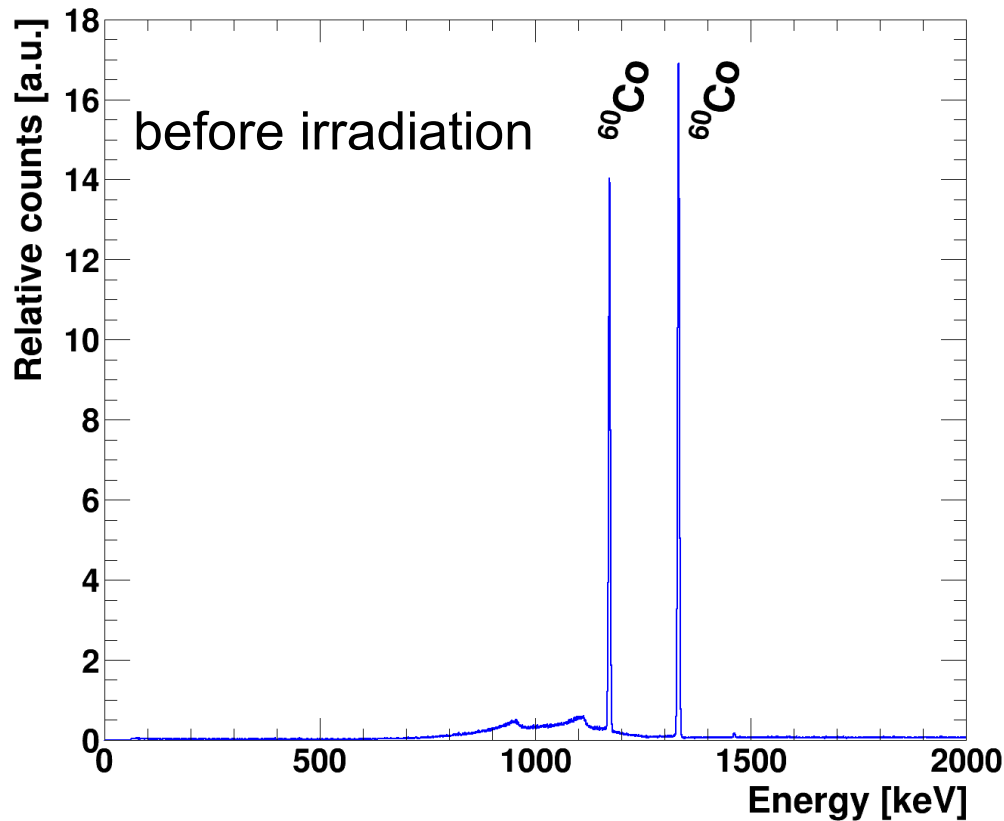
Irradiation test of a  
germanium detector at COSY

# Germanium detector irradiation test

- HPGe crystals susceptible to neutron irradiation
- $\bar{P}$ ANDA (180 days):  
neutron fluence  $\approx 10^{10}$  n/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Irradiation test at COSY
- 5.5 days COSY  
→ 96 days  $\bar{P}$ ANDA



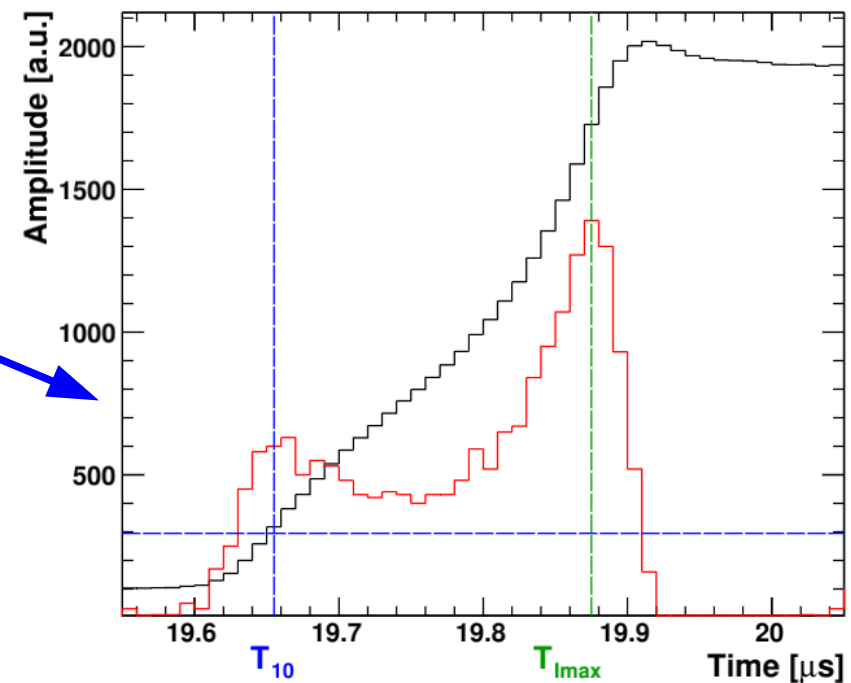
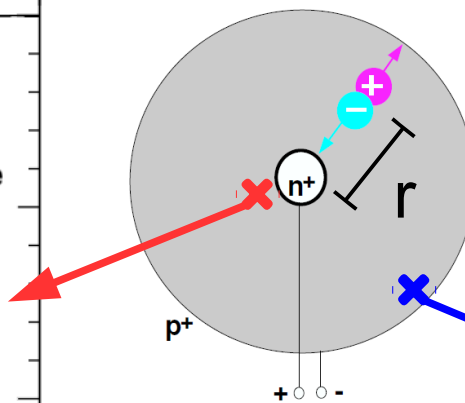
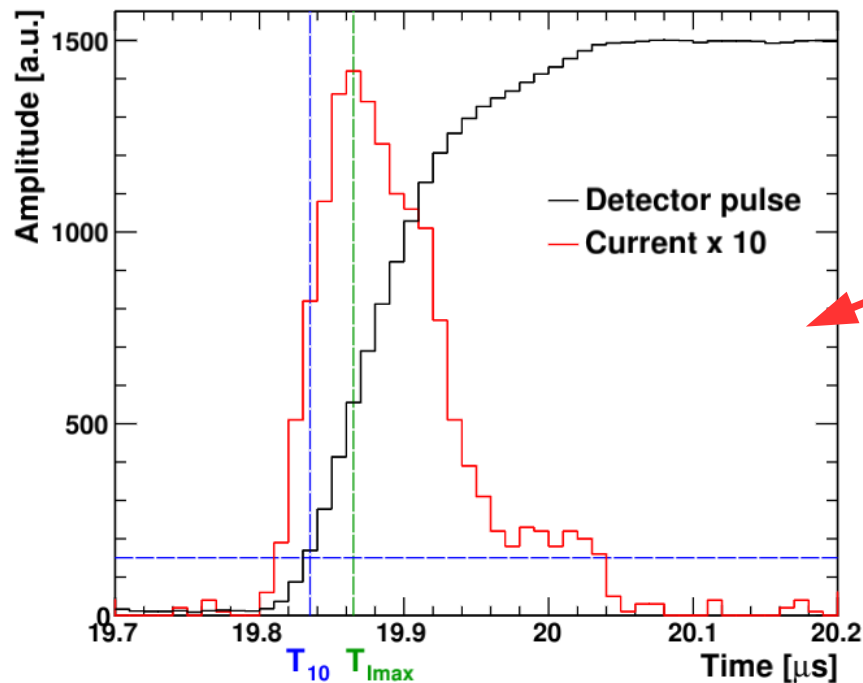
# Irradiation test - $^{60}\text{Co}$ spectrum



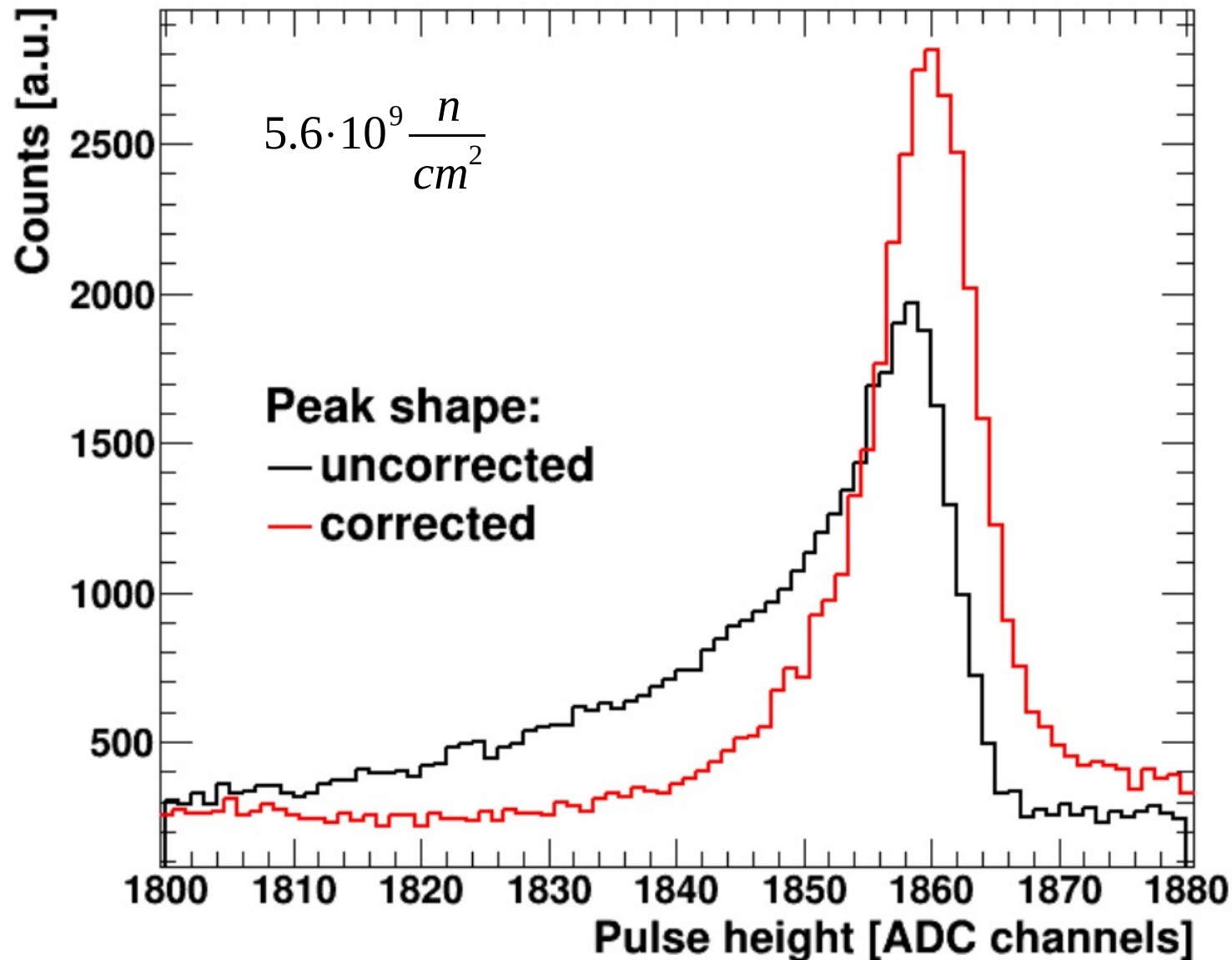
- Additional lines; enhanced compare to  $\bar{\text{P}}\text{ANDA}$
- Line shape changes: Low energy tails, worse resolution
  - Pulse shape analysis (PSA) allows partial recovery

# Radiation damage correction

- Low energy tails due to hole trapping
- Trapping prob. depends on path length of holes
- Analysis of rising edge of detector signal  
→ Radial interaction point

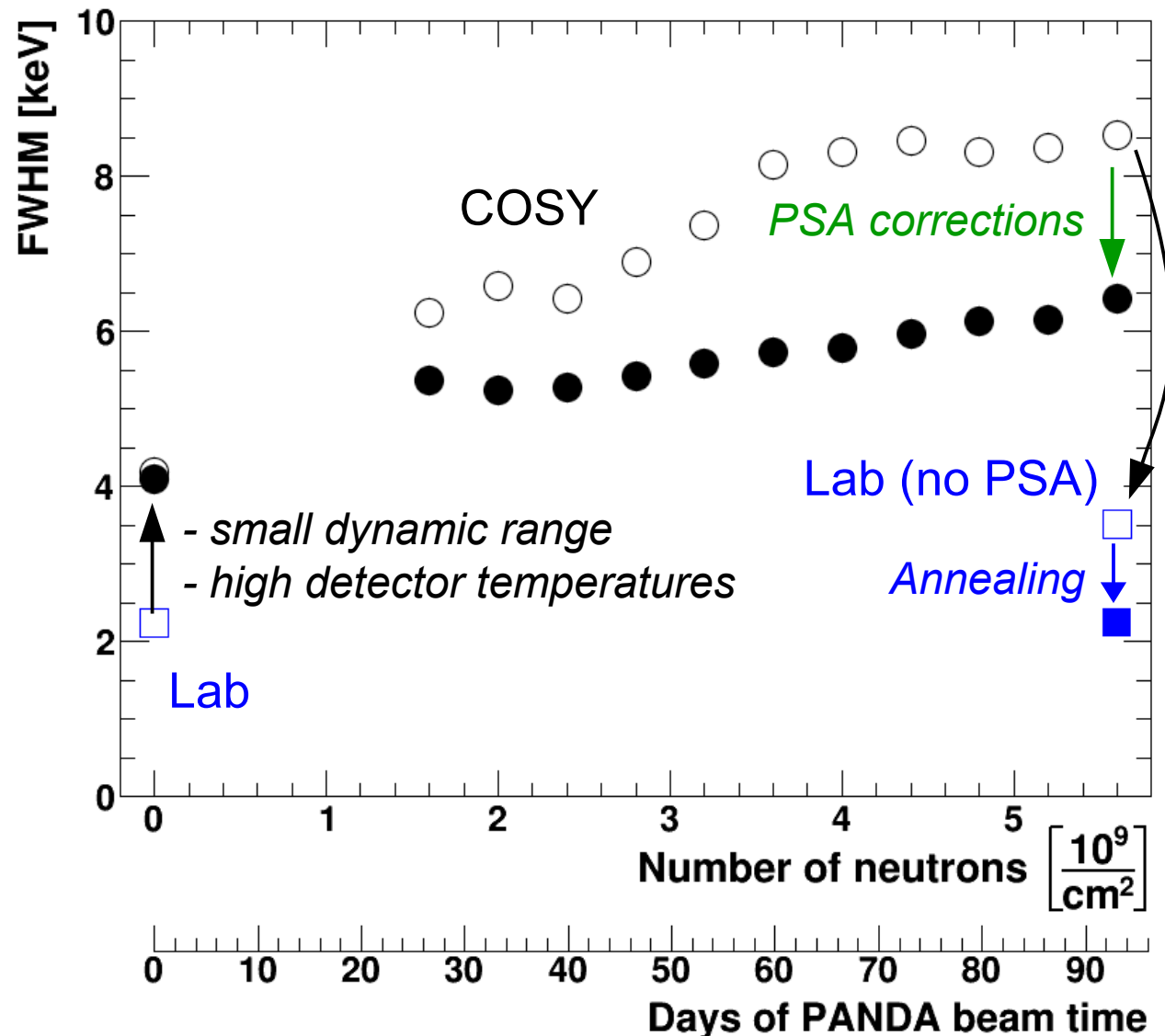


# Corrections: Gaussian shape recovered



# Irradiation test - results

- DAQ and thermal issues decrease performance
- PSA allows partial resolution recovery
- Annealing recovers initial crystal performance  
→ Detector withstands irradiation
- New systematic test:  
TRIGA reactor (2019/20)



# Summary

- $\bar{P}$ ANDA offers multiple ways to study (anti)hyperon interaction
  - (Anti)Hyperon propagation
  - Light  $\Lambda\Lambda$  hypernuclei
  - $\Xi^-$ - $^{208}\text{Pb}$  hyperatoms
- Development of the dedicated setup is far advanced
  - Prototype of primary target available
  - Design of secondary target finished
  - Germanium detector prototype under construction
- Promising irradiation test at COSY
  - PSA allows partial recovery of radiation damage
  - Improved, systematic test planned at TRIGA in 2019/2020